Fairbanks Morse Pump

D5430, D5730, D2430 M, MT, MV, MVS, W, WD Submersible Solids-Handling Pumps UL / CSA Listed*

Installation, Operation & Maintenance Manual

*CSA Listed for frame sizes 210, 250, 320, 360 and 365 only



PUMP/MOTOR IDENTIFICATION

Carefully record all of the following data from your pump/motor nameplate. It will aid in obtaining the correct replacement parts for your pump. In addition to the nameplate, the pump serial number is also stamped on the discharge flange.

Pump:	Serial Number			
	Size	Model #		
	GPM	Head		(feet)
	BHP:	RPM:		
	Pump Weight	(lbs.)		
Motor:	Horsepower			
	Serial Number			
	Motor Frame			
	Full Load Speed			
	Full Load Amps			
	Phase/Hz/Volts	/	/	
	Motor Weight			
	Motor Identification Numb	oer		
Date Plac	ed in Service			

D5430, D5730, D2430 M, MT, MV, MVS, W, WD Submersible Solids-Handling Pumps U.L./C.S.A. Listed*

*C.S.A.Listed for frame sizes 210, 250, 320, 360 and 365 only.

Installation, Operation and Maintenance

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WARRANTY HIGHLIGHTS

- Seller warrants products of its own manufacture against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for: five (5) years, prorated, from date of shipment for permanent Public Works installations; 15 months, prorated, for permanent Industrial installations; and 9 months for portable Construction/Mining installations.
- 2) Accessories and components not manufactured by seller are warranted only to the extent of the original manufacturer's warranty.
- 3) No allowances will be made for repairs or alterations effected without specific written authorization from Seller.
- 4) The equipment as manufactured by Fairbanks Morse Pump is precision machinery. Proper care can give a lifetime of satisfactory service. Warranties of performance are based on the use of original equipment manufactured (OEM) replacement parts. Fairbanks Morse Pump shall assume no responsibility when alterations, non-authorized design modifications and/or non-OEM replacement parts are incorporated.
- 5) This warranty is VOID unless the purchaser provides protective storage, installs and maintains the equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- 6) Under the terms of this warranty, Seller shall not be responsible nor liable for:
 - a) Consequential, collateral or special losses or damages.
 - b) Equipment conditions caused by fair wear and tear, abnormal conditions of use, accident, neglect, or misuse of said equipment.
 - c) In-shop labor charges after the first 12 months from installation.
 - d) Loss or damage resulting from supplying of defective part(s) or improper repairs by unauthorized person(s).
 - e) Damage caused by abrasive materials, chemicals, scale deposits, corrosion, lightning, improper voltage or mishandling.
 - f) Labor charges for installation, removal or reinstallation of equipment.
- 7) The above listed warranty highlights do not constitute our total terms and conditions regarding warranty. For complete warranty information please refer to complete warranty statement herein.

LOSS OR DAMAGE IN TRANSIT

Immediately upon receipt, a complete inspection and accounting against the packing list should be made of all major components, and accompanying boxes or pallets. All material is shipped F.O.B. our factory, or our vendor's shipping point unless optional contractual arrangements are made. Under these terms, any claims for loss or damage in transit should be immediately directed to the delivering freight carrier. Fairbanks Morse will assist the customer in receiving fair compensation, but assumes no responsibility to mediate such claims. This policy includes shipments wherein Fairbanks Morse pays freight costs as part of the sales terms.

If there is any indication of oil leakage from the motor oil chamber, advise the factory immediately and request instructions for proper handling.

5 YEAR WARRANTY

FAIRBANKS MORSE SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS AND MOTORS FOR USE IN MUNICIPAL SEWAGE COLLECTION: PERMANENT INSTALLATION

Fairbanks Morse Pump ("Seller") extends a five (5) year prorated limited warranty from date of shipment on submersible pumps and motors of its own manufacture against defects in materials and workmanship. The Buyer must give written notice of any alleged defect covered by this warranty within a reasonable time after the claim arises which time shall not exceed thirty (30) days. No claim made after the expiration of the warranty shall be valid. Seller does not warrant accessories or components that are not manufactured by Seller. However, to the extent possible, Seller agrees to assign to Buyer its rights under the original manufacturer's warranty, without recourse to Seller.

Guarantees of performance and warranties are based on the use of original equipment, manufactured (OEM) replacement parts. Seller assumes no responsibility or liability if alterations, non-authorized design modifications and/or non-OEM replacement parts are incorporated.

This warranty shall run for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment for pumps and motors, permanently installed, maintained and operated in accordance with the Fairbanks Morse Pump Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manuals in use at the time of sale and as amended from time to time to the extent the Buyer has notice of such amendments. Warranty is void if moisture detectors and thermostats are not properly wired and if electrical cable between motor control panel and motor is spliced.

If requested by Seller, any equipment (or its component parts) must be promptly returned to Seller prior to any attempted repair, or sent to an authorized service station designated by Seller, and Buyer shall prepay all shipping expenses. Seller shall not be liable for any loss or damage to goods in transit, nor will any warranty claim be valid unless the returned goods are received intact and undamaged as a result of shipment. Repaired or replaced material returned to customer will be shipped F.O.B, Seller's factory. Underwriters Laboratories Listed motors must be repaired at a certified UL repair Facility, otherwise the UL Listing is void. Seller will not give Buyer credit for parts or equipment returned to Seller, and will not accept delivery of any such parts or equipment, unless Buyer has obtained Seller's approval in writing.

Repair parts of its own manufacture sold after the original warranty period are warranted for a period of one (1) year from shipment against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service. This warranty applies to the replacement parts, and labor to replace those parts, and is not extended to the product or any other component of the product being repaired.

THIS WARRANTY IS THE SOLE WARRANTY OF FAIRBANKS MORSE PUMP AND FAIRBANKS MORSE PUMP EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND BUYER WAIVES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED, IMPLIED IN LAW OR IMPLIED IN FACT, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not apply to parts that fail due to abuse or normal wear (including, but not limited to impeller, wearing rings, seals and bearings). Under the terms of this warranty, Fairbanks Morse Pump shall not be liable for: (a) consequential, incidental, collateral, special or liquidated losses or damages; (b) equipment conditions caused by normal wear and tear, abnormal conditions of use, improper operation, acts of God, accident, neglect, or misuse of said equipment; (c) the expense of, and loss or damage caused by, repairs or alterations made by anyone other than those authorized by Fairbanks Morse Pump; (d) damage caused by abrasive materials, chemicals, scale deposits, corrosion, lightning, improper voltage, mishandling, or other similar conditions; (e) any loss, damage or expense relating to or resulting from installation, removal or reinstallation of equipment; (f) any expense of shipment of equipment or repaired or replacement parts; or (g) any other loss damage or expense of any nature. The liability of Fairbanks Morse Pump shall in no event exceed the purchase price of the individual unit of equipment paid by the original Buyer.

The Buyer's exclusive remedy under this warranty shall be for Fairbanks Morse Pump to repair on an adjusted basis the parts failing due to defects in materials, workmanship and labor to replace those parts during the warranty period. The Buyer will be invoiced for such repairs at the prorated percentage rate in the table below:

Repair Parts Price Factor

Months After Shipment	Sell Price Factor
0-18*	No Charge
Thru 36	.50
37 - 48	.70
49 - 60	.80

* Or not to exceed 12 months after installation, whichever comes first.

All repairs or service which are not covered by this warranty will be charged in accordance with standard prices in effect. In-shop labor for motor or pump repairs for the first 12 months after installation will be at no charge. After this period, labor charges for repair are the responsibility of the Buyer. Charges for removal, transportation, reinstallation and all associated additional cost, are not covered under warranty. Fairbanks Morse Pump shall have the option, but shall not be obligated, to provide in lieu of repair a replacement for any equipment that is defective.

CONDITION TO WARRANTY WORK: If Buyer is in default (including, but not limited to, the failure of Buyer to maintain a current account with Seller) under the Order or any other agreement between Buyer and Seller, Buyer's rights under the warranty shall be suspended and the original warranty period will not be extended.

PERFORMANCE: Equipment performance is not warranted or guaranteed unless separately agreed to by Seller in accordance with its guarantee policy. Performance curves and other information submitted to Buyer are approximate and no warranty or guarantee shall be deemed to arise as a result of such submittal. All testing shall be done in accordance with Seller's standard policy. KC685/0393 (Revised)

15 MONTH PRORATED WARRANTY

FAIRBANKS MORSE SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS AND MOTORS FOR USE IN INDUSTRIAL: PERMANENT INSTALLATION

Fairbanks Morse Pump ("Seller") warrants Submersible Pumps & Motors of its own manufacture against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for 15 months from the date of shipment. Seller does not warrant accessories or components that are not manufactured by Seller. However, to the extent possible, Seller agrees to assign to Buyer its rights under the original manufacturer's warranty, without recourse to Seller. Buyer must give Seller notice in writing of any alleged defect covered by this warranty (together with all identifying details, including the serial number, the type of equipment, and the date of purchase) within thirty (30) days of the discovery of such defect during the warranty period. No claim made more than 30 days after the expiration of the warranty period shall be valid.

The Buyer's exclusive remedy under this warranty shall be for Seller to repair on an adjusted basis the parts failing due to defects in materials and workmanship during the warranty period. The Buyer will be invoiced for such repairs at the prorated percentage rate in the table below:

Repair Parts Price Factor

Months After Shipment	Sell Price Factor
0 - 7-1/2	No Charge
7-1/2 - 15	.50

Guarantees of performance and warranties are based on the use of original equipment manufactured (OEM) replacement parts. Fairbanks Morse Pump assumes no responsibility or liability if alterations, non-authorized design modifications and/or non-OEM replacement parts are incorporated.

Warranty is void if moisture detectors and thermostats are not properly wired and if electrical cables between motor control panel and motor is spliced.

If requested by Seller, any equipment (or its component parts) must be promptly returned to Seller prior to any attempted repair, or sent to an authorized service station designated by Seller, and Buyer shall prepay all shipping expenses. Seller shall not be liable for any loss or damage to goods in transit, nor will any warranty claim be valid unless the returned goods are received intact and undamaged as a result of shipment. Repaired or replaced material returned to customer will be shipped F.O.B, Seller's factory. Underwriters Laboratories Listed motors must be repaired at a certified UL repair Facility, otherwise the UL Listing is void. Seller will not give Buyer credit for parts or equipment returned to Seller, and will not accept delivery of any such parts or equipment, unless Buyer has obtained Seller's approval in writing.

The warranty extends to repaired or replaced parts of Seller's manufacture for ninety (90) days or for the remainder of the original warranty period applicable to the equipment or parts being repaired or replaced. This warranty applies to the repaired or replaced part and is not extended to the product or any other component of the product being repaired.

Repair parts of its own manufacture sold after the original warranty period are warranted for a period of one (1) year from shipment against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service. This warranty applies to the replacement part only and is not extended to the product or any other component of the product being repaired.

Seller may substitute new equipment or improve part(s) of any equipment judged defective without further liability. All repairs or services performed by Seller, which are not covered by this warranty, will be charged in accordance with Seller's standard prices then in effect.

THIS WARRANTY IS THE SOLE WARRANTY OF SELLER AND SELLER HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND BUYER WAIVES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED, IMPLIED IN LAW OR IMPLIED IN FACT, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Seller's sole obligation under this warranty shall be, at its option, to repair or replace any equipment (or its component parts) which has a defect covered by this warranty, or to refund the purchase price of such equipment or part. Under the terms of this warranty, Seller shall not be liable for (a) consequential, collateral, special or liquidated

losses or damages; (b) equipment conditions caused by normal wear and tear, abnormal conditions of use, accident, neglect, or misuse of said equipment; (c) the expense of, and loss or damage caused by, repairs or alterations made by anyone other than the Seller; (d) damage caused by abrasive materials, chemicals, scale deposits, corrosion, lightning, improper voltage, mishandling, or other similar conditions; (e) any loss, damage, or expense relating to or resulting from installation, removal or reinstallation of equipment; (f) any expense of shipment of equipment or repaired or replacement parts; or (g) any other loss, damage or expense of any nature. The liability of Fairbanks Morse Pump shall in no event exceed the purchase price of the individual unit of equipment paid by the original Buyer.

All repairs or service which are not covered by this warranty will be charged in accordance with standard prices in effect. In-shop labor for motor or pump repairs for the first 7-1/2 months after shipment will be at no charge. In-shop labor for motor or pump repairs between 7-1/2 months and 15 months after shipment will be covered 50% by this warranty. After this period, labor charges for repair are the responsibility of the Buyer.

CONDITION TO WARRANTY WORK: If Buyer is in default (including, but not limited to, the failure of Buyer to maintain a current account with Seller) under the Order or any other agreement between Buyer and Seller, Buyer's rights under the warranty shall be suspended and the original warranty period will not be extended.

PERFORMANCE: Equipment performance is not warranted or guaranteed unless separately agreed to by Seller in accordance with its guarantee policy. Performance curves and other information submitted to Buyer are approximate and no warranty or guarantee shall be deemed to arise as a result of such submittal. All testing shall be done in accordance with Seller's standard policy.

KC885/0393

9 MONTH WARRANTY

FAIRBANKS MORSE SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS AND MOTORS FOR USE IN CONSTRUCTION/MINING: PORTABLE INSTALLATION

Fairbanks Morse Pump ("Seller") warrants Submersible Pumps & Motors of its own manufacture against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for 9 months from the date of shipment. Seller does not warrant accessories or components that are not manufactured by Seller. However, to the extent possible, Seller agrees to assign to Buyer its rights under the original manufacturer's warranty, without recourse to Seller. Buyer must give Seller notice in writing of any alleged defect covered by this warranty (together with all identifying details, including the serial number, the type of equipment, and the date of purchase) within thirty (30) days of the discovery of such defect during the warranty period. No claim made more than 30 days after the expiration of the warranty period shall be valid.

Guarantees of performance and warranties are based on the use of original equipment manufactured (OEM) replacement parts. Seller assumes no responsibility or liability if alterations, non-authorized design modifications and/or non-OEM replacement parts are incorporated.

Warranty is void if moisture detectors and thermostats are not properly wired and if electrical cables between motor control panel and motor is spliced.

If requested by Seller, any equipment (or its component parts) must be promptly returned to Seller prior to any attempted repair, or sent to an authorized service station designated by Seller, and Buyer shall prepay all shipping expenses. Seller shall not be liable for any loss or damage to goods in transit, nor will any warranty claim be valid unless the returned goods are received intact and undamaged as a result of shipment. Repaired or replaced material returned to customer will be shipped F.O.B, Seller's factory. Underwriters Laboratories Listed motors must be repaired at a certified UL repair Facility, otherwise the UL Listing is void. Seller will not give Buyer credit for parts or equipment returned to Seller, and will not accept delivery of any such parts or equipment, unless Buyer has obtained Seller's approval in writing.

The warranty extends to repaired or replaced parts of Seller's manufacture for ninety (90) days or for the remainder of the original warranty period applicable to the equipment or parts being repaired or replaced. This warranty applies to the repaired or replaced part and is not extended to the product or any other component of the product being repaired.

Repair parts of its own manufacture sold after the original warranty period are warranted for a period of one (1) year from shipment against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service. This warranty applies to the replacement part only and is not extended to the product or any other component of the product being repaired.

Seller may substitute new equipment or improve part(s) of any equipment judged defective without further liability. All repairs or services performed by Seller, which are not covered by this warranty, will be charged in accordance with Seller's standard prices then in effect.

THIS WARRANTY IS THE SOLE WARRANTY OF SELLER AND SELLER HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND BUYER WAIVES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED, IMPLIED IN LAW OR IMPLIED IN FACT, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Seller's sole obligation under this warranty shall be, at its option, to repair or replace any equipment (or its component parts) which has a defect covered by this warranty, or to refund the purchase price of such equipment or part. Under the terms of this warranty, Seller shall not be liable for (a) consequential, collateral, special or liquidated losses or damages; (b) equipment conditions caused by normal wear and tear, abnormal conditions of use, accident, neglect, or misuse of said equipment; (c) the expense of, and loss or damage caused by, repairs or alterations made by anyone other than the Seller; (d) damage caused by abrasive materials, chemicals, scale deposits, corrosion, lightning, improper voltage, mishandling, or other similar conditions; (e) any loss, damage, or expense relating to or resulting from installation, removal or reinstallation of equipment; (f) any expense of shipment of equipment or replacement parts; or (g) any other loss, damage or expense of any nature. The liability of Fairbanks Morse Pump Corporation shall in no event exceed the purchase price of the individual unit of equipment paid by the original Buyer.

All repairs or service which are not covered by this warranty will be charged in accordance with standard prices in effect. In-shop labor for motor or pump repairs for the first 9 months after shipment will be at no charge. After this period, labor charges for repair are the responsibility of the Buyer. by this warranty. After this period, labor charges for repair are the responsibility of the Buyer.

CONDITION TO WARRANTY WORK: If Buyer is in default (including, but not limited to, the failure of Buyer to maintain a current account with Seller) under the Order or any other agreement between Buyer and Seller, Buyer's rights under the warranty shall be suspended and the original warranty period will not be extended.

PERFORMANCE: Equipment performance is not warranted or guaranteed unless separately agreed to by Seller in accordance with its guarantee policy. Performance curves and other information submitted to Buyer are approximate and no warranty or guarantee shall be deemed to arise as a result of such submittal. All testing shall be done in accordance with Seller's standard policy.

KC985/0393

INTRODUCTION

Congratulations! You are the new owner of the finest pump commercially available. If you give it the proper care as outlined and recommended by this manual, it will provide you with reliable service and long life.

IMPORTANT

• Read this complete manual and manuals for all component equipment before assembly or installation is started. It contains information which is the result of engineering and research efforts. It is designed to supply adequate instructions for the installation, operation and maintenance of your pump. Failure or neglect to properly install, operate or maintain your pump may result in personal injury, property damage or unnecessary damage to the pump.

This manual applies to the pump installation, operation and maintenance. They are intended to be general and not specific. If your operating conditions ever change, always refer to the factory for reapplication. Always refer to the manuals provided by manufacturers of the accessory equipment for their separate instructions.

This manual contains installation, operation and maintenance instructions for Fairbanks Morse Pump UL and CSA Listed submersible pumps and motors. Instructions for non-UL or non-CSA listed submersible pumps and motors may be obtained by contacting the factory.

Variations exist in both the equipment used with these pumps and in the particular installation of the pump and driver. Therefore, specific operating instructions are not within the scope of this manual. The manual contains general rules for installation, operation and maintenance of the pump. If there are questions regarding the pump or its application which are not covered in this manual, please contact the factory as follows:

Fairbanks Morse Pump 3601 Fairbanks Avenue Kansas City, Kansas 66106 Phone 913/371-5000, Fax 913/748-4025

To obtain additional data on hydraulics and pump selection and operation, we suggest you purchase both of the following reference books:

- 1. The Fairbanks Morse "Hydraulic Handbook" available from the Kansas City factory.
- 2. "Hydraulic Institute Standards" from the Hydraulic Institute, 9 Sylvan Way, Parsippany, NJ 07054-3802.

SUBMERSIBLE PUMP/MOTOR PRESTART-UP AND START-UP CHECKLIST

Contractor_____

Pump Serial Number_

Project Name	mber				
Date of Shipment	Motor Serial Nu	mber			
Procedure		Yes	No	N/A	Comments
1. Shipment					
Was there any damage in transit? (If so, has freight	t claim been filed?)	С			
Were all items received?		Ξ			
2. Storage					
Has equipment been protected from the elements?					
Was equipment subject to flooding?		Ξ			
3. Installation (All)					
Is grouting under base or elbow properly compacted	1?				
Is grouting of the non-shrink type?		_			
Have proper anchor bolts been used?		3			
Have the bolts been properly tightened?		J			
If motor is furnished with a water jacket and piped to),			
what are flow & pressure readings?G	PM,PSI.			0	
Installation (M or MV Pull-Up)		_	_		
Is fit between pull-up adapter and elbow correct?					
Are guide rails plumb and straight?	.				
Is power and control cable protected from possible of Installation (W)	damage?			ū	
Has discharge been checked for pipe strain? Installation (W/D)		0			
Have both suction & discharge been checked for pi	be strain?				
4. Rotation					
Has the rotation of the drives been checked for corr	ect rotation?			0	
Are moisture detectors wired into controls?				Ξ	
Are thermostats wired into controls?				5	
Is motor wired to a continuous meggaring device?					
Do controls have proper disconnect protection?				5	
Are heater coils correctly sized and installed proper	ly?			3	
Are controls wired with an alarm that will promptly n	otify personnel				
if a problem develops?					
6. System					
Has the system been checked to insure that it is fre	e of foreign matter	-	_		
which could be damaging to the pump?					······································
Is liquid available to the pump?					
Has assurance been obtained from responsible par					
is secure and that the routing of flow has been e is correct?					
Are liquid levels properly set?			0		
7. Start-Up		0	U	u	
Has flow been established? Flow rate:	GPM		0		
Have gauge readings been taken? Suction pressur					<u></u>
Discharge press			0		
Is excessive vibration present?	· · · ·		0		
What is recorded line voltage? volt	s	0	0		<u></u>
What is notor amp draw on each leg? 1.) 2			0		
8. Safety Have all safety labels been			0		
•		_	2		
Name		Date_ Date			

<u>SAFETY</u>

Safety should be of utmost importance when in close proximity of this pumping equipment. Before attempting to operate this equipment, you should read this manual in its entirety, taking special notice of all CAUTIONS, WARNINGS and/or DANGER notifications. These warnings apply to pumps supplied by Fairbanks Morse. Refer to manuals supplied by the manufacturer of accessory items for additional warnings before operating this equipment. The words DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION have different connotations and are generally defined as follows:

• DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

• WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in serious injury.

• CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or may indicate that improper practices will result in equipment malfunction or failure. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

IMPORTANT

• Another notation will appear throughout this manual. IMPORTANT indicates the highlight or accent of specific information.

The installation, use and operation of this type of equipment is affected by various Federal, State and Local Laws, Underwriters Laboratories (UL) and the regulations concerning OSHA. Compliance with such laws relating to the proper installation and safe operation of this type of equipment is the responsibility of the equipment Owner and all necessary steps should be taken by the Owner to assure compliance with such laws before operating the equipment.

The Motor supplied on this order is UL and for frame sizes 210, 220, 250, 320, 360 and 365 is CSA Listed for Hazardous Locations Class 1, Division 1, Group C and D, when used with normal line current. When the motor is built with inverter duty insulation, the pump may be used in variable frequency drive applications.



• Do not attempt to service the pump until the electrical power has been disconnected and it has been verified that the pump cannot start. Because many installations utilize automatic starting equipment, the pump unit may start at any time without warning. Proper precautions should be taken to avoid injury as a result of automatic starting of the equipment.



• This product has been designed specifically for operation in water or sewage. Do not use with other liquids without first consulting the factory.

• Do not attempt to try to clean the pump with bare hands. The pumped material may contain items that may present health hazards such as needles, and other sharp objects. Always wear heavy puncture resistant gloves.



- Before attempting to service this pump:
 - 1. Familiarize yourself with this manual.
 - 2. Disconnect or lock out the power source to insure the pump will not start. Confirm power source disconnect with appropriate electrical test equipment.
 - 3. Close the discharge valve, and if present, the suction valve.

After the pump has been installed, make certain that the pump and all piping connections are tight and are properly supported prior to start-up and operation.

• Certain procedures in disassembly and assembly require parts be heated to high temperatures. Heat resistant gloves must be worn when handling heated parts. Heated parts can cause severe personal injury.

• This manual contains general instructions for installation and operation of Explosion-Proof Submersible Pumps. Since pumping station designs and selected electrical controls will vary significantly between various installations, only general wiring diagrams for the motor and controls are shown in this manual.

STORAGE OF PUMPS

IMPORTANT

 If the equipment is not to be immediately installed and operated, THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS SHOULD BE ADHERED TO AS A MINIMUM.

Consider a unit in storage when:

- 1. It has been delivered to the jobsite and is awaiting installation.
- 2. It has been installed but operation is delayed pending completion of plant construction.
- 3. There are long (30 days or more) periods between operation cycles.
- 4. The plant (or facility) is shut down.

NOTE: Improper storage could result in product failures or restoration not covered by warranty.

If the pumps and motors are not immediately installed and operated, vertically store them in a clean, dry, well-ventilated area, free from vibration, moisture, and rapid or wide variations in temperature. Rotate the motor shaft by hand several revolutions every 4 weeks to ensure the bearing and seal components are coated with oil for protection against corrosion.

• Keep ends of power and control cables clean and dry, do not submerge in water or sewage. Doing so will result in permanent damage.

GENERAL

The Model D5430, D5730 and D2430 pumps consist of several components. The following is a list of those major parts (or component assemblies) and a brief description of their design and function.

Impellers All Models 5430, 5730, 2430

The impeller is a balanced solids-handling type made of close-grained cast iron. The impeller is a one piece, single suction, enclosed radial flow design with well-rounded leading vanes and then tapered toward the trailing edge for a circular flow pattern. The waterways through the impeller have extremely smooth contours, devoid of sharp corners, so as to minimize rags, stringy or fibrous material from catching or clogging. The impeller is balanced and secured to the shaft by means of a bolt and key. The arrangement is such that the impeller cannot be loosened from torque in either forward or reverse rotation.

Volute/Sliding Bracket (Pull-Up) (D5430, D5730, D2430 M, MT, MV, MVS)

The volute is matched to the impeller and made of close-grained cast iron. The volute is of one-piece constant velocity, equalizing pressure design with smooth fluid passage large enough to pass any size solid that can pass through the impeller and shall include a flanged discharge connection.

The sliding bracket assembly is a part of the pumping unit, constructed so that when lowered onto the discharge base/elbow, the knifing action of the vertical metal-to-metal seal provides a self-cleaning, solids-handling, UL listed, non-sparking assembly.

Guide Rail Brackets (Pull-Up) (D5430, D5730, D2430 M, MT, MV, MVS)

An upper guide bracket is supplied to support and align the guide rails (supplied by others). When specified, an intermediate guide bracket is supplied for additional support.

Discharge Base (Pull-Up)

A rigid discharge base-elbow, designed to support the total weight of the pumping unit, is provided. The base is to be bolted to the foundation with appropriate anchor bolts in full contact with grout. The 90 degree elbow having a 125 lb. ANSI flange discharges vertically (MVS discharges horizontally).

Fits and Hardware

The volute and fronthead are manufactured with concentric shoulder fits to assure accurate alignment. All bolts, nuts and capscrews are stainless steel and are of the hex-headed type.

<u>Motor</u>

The Fairbanks Morse Explosion-Proof Submersible Motors are UL Listed for use in Class 1, Division 1, Group C and D hazardous locations in air or submerged in water or sewage, and are suitable for application in gases, where vapor or gas ignition temperatures are higher than the operating temperatures shown on the motor nameplate. The motors have a rated maximum operating skin temperature of 160 degrees C.

Motors up to and including 50 HP are designed for standard use with either 230V or 460V three phase service depending on the nameplate rating. Standard motors larger than 50 HP are 460V only. On special order other voltages are available. All motor ratings are noted on the motor nameplate, and are based on operating in a 40 degree C ambient temperature. Insulation may be Class F, Class H or inverter duty as noted on the motor nameplate.

The standard motors have duty ratings for any one of three operating conditions: continuous duty in air, continuous duty submerged, and short time duty in air (one-hour duty in air for 210 frame motors, and 15 minutes for 250 and larger frame motors). For a more detailed discussion of these conditions, see the section on "Operation." The 250 Frame and larger motors have an optional water jacket construction, and are then rated for continuous operation in air.

The motor is mounted directly on the pump volute, and the pump impeller is installed on the motor shaft. For those motors with the optional water jackets, cooling water is provided continuously by the circulator, without any external piping or connections. (Optional external water source cooling is available.) All motor housing joints are equipped with long rabbet fits and O-ring seals. The housing and the water jacket are made of close grain cast iron. The motor shaft and all external nuts and bolts are stainless steel.

Motors have single row, upper radial ball bearing. The 210 frame uses a single row, lower thrust ball bearing. The 220 frame uses a single row roller ball radial and thrust bearing. The 250 through 490 frame motors incorporate double row, lower thrust ball bearings. All bearings are grease lubricated for life (except 210 and 220 frames which are oil lubricated.)

The motor shaft is sealed with two mechanical seals, mounted in a tandem arrangement, and with an oil chamber between them. The inner seal has a carbon rotating face and a ceramic stationary face (optional seal faces are available for the inner seal). The outer seal has a reaction bonded silicone carbide stationary face and a tungsten carbide rotating face. The o-rings for both the inner seal and outer seal stationary faces are viton.

Since all mechanical seals must seep moisture to provide lubrication to the sealing faces, two moisture detector probes have been installed in the seal chamber. This system monitors the quantity of water in the oil chamber. When a mixture of 25 to 30% of water to oil is reached, the moisture controller will signal that it is time to change the oil. O-ring sealed fill and drain plugs are included for ease of changing oil in the oil chamber.

Thermostats in the motor windings are standard, and protect the motor from excessive winding temperatures. Power and control cables are epoxy-potted into the cover to prevent moisture from intruding into the motor. For additional protection of maintenance and operation personnel, it is highly recommended that the motor power circuitry have ground fault interruption capabilities.

Non-Clog: The term non-clog is commonly applied to centrifugal pumps designed for the municipal sewage market. Pumps referred to as non-clog are specially designed to accommodate the pumping of solids by providing larger than normal passage ways through the impeller and volute, minimizing the number of impeller vanes and volute cut-waters. In addition, the leading edges of the impeller vanes and the volute cutwater are well rounded to promote the shedding of long fibrous material. These features make non-clog pumps more resistant to plugging from the accumulation of solids in the pump than a pump of conventional design. However, no pump can ever be described as being completely resistant to clogging.

When the content of the pumpage includes large amounts of fibrous solids which cannot be removed prior to the pump, the sump design should be of the nature to allow the pumps to be run at near full speed, drawing down the sump and cycling the pumps on and off as required. This is particularly true during low flow periods when solids tend to settle out and accumulate at the bottom of the sump and in the suction piping. Low speed and low velocity pumping can even cause plugging in a vertical leg of the discharge piping. Reduced pump speed and low suction velocities must be avoided to reduce the tendency to clog. The sump and suction piping design should be of the "self-cleaning" design to avoid the accumulation of solids at these locations.

INSTALLATION

<u>General</u>

 Carefully read all sections of this manual and all other instruction manuals supplied by manufacturers of other equipment supplied with this pump.

Upon receipt of this shipment, unpack and inspect the pump/driver assembly and individual parts to ensure none are missing or damaged. Carefully inspect all boxes and packing material for loose parts to ensure none are missing or damaged. Carefully inspect all boxes and packing material for loose parts before discarding them. Report immediately to the factory, and the transportation company involved, any missing parts or damage incurred during shipment, and file your "damaged and/or lost in shipment" claim with the carrier immediately.

Piping



All piping connections must be made with the pipe in a rigid supported state, and without the need to apply vertical or side pressure to obtain alignment of the piping with pump flange.

For all "W" and "WD" style units, all piping should be independently supported so that neither mechanical nor hydraulic pipe strain exists.

Discharge Piping

Discharge pipe should be as direct as possible with a minimum of valves to reduce pipe friction losses. A check valve and closing valve should be installed in the discharge line. The check valve, between the pump and closing valve, prevents reverse rotation in the event of power failure. The closing valves are used to isolate the pump for repairs.

Suction Piping

Suction pipe on "WD" pumps must be air tight and sloped upward to the pump flange to avoid air pockets which will impair satisfactory pump operation.

Installation 5430, 5730 and 2430 M, MT, MV or MVS

- A. Install the top guide bracket. Plumb the guide rails from the top guide bracket to locate the pump discharge base/elbow and assure proper alignment of the guide rails. Failure to do so will result in the pump discharge not properly seating against the discharge elbow, and could cause binding of the pump as it is raised and lowered in the sump.
- B. Lower the base elbow (76) onto the anchor bolts.
- C. Level the base elbow using metal shims or metal wedges spaced close enough to give uniform support and stability. When level and perpendicular, tighten the anchor bolt nuts snugly, but not too firmly.
- D. After leveling, the base elbow is to be grouted in place with a good quality non-shrinking grout. Leveling devices are to be removed or backed off and the pump base elbow tightened solidly against the grout bed. All pockets and/or holes left by removal of leveling devices are to be filled with grout.
- E. Install the discharge piping tightening all bolts and check for pipe strain.
- F. Install the guide rails (460), provided by others, (2" or 3" galvanized or stainless steel pipe) to the base elbow. If the guide rails are less than 20 feet in length, proceed to step H.
- G. If the guide rails are over 20 feet in length, an intermediate guide bracket is used. Install the "u"-bolt around the discharge pipe near the top of the lower section of guide rail, and hand tighten the bolts to the bracket. Slip the rubber bushings down inside the guide rails and tighten with the spreader bolts. Tighten the "u"-bolt nuts securing the bracket to the discharge pipe. Lower the top rails onto the intermediate guide bracket.
- H. Install the top guide bracket over the guide rails inserting the rubber bushings into the guide rails and tighten with the spreader bolts. Shim between the back of the top guide bracket and the well curb to obtain strain-free vertical positioning of the guide rails.
- I. Tighten the bolts of the retainer bracket support to the well curb.
- J. Attach one end of a suitable lifting cable or chain to the metal motor bail with the other end attached to a suitable lift or hoist.
- Note: If the Optional Sure Pick Lifting System is to be used, refer to that section in this manual.

- Prior to lifting the unit, check to ensure all hooks, cables, chains and hoists are of adequate strength and size. Refer to Pump Data Section of this manual for approximate pump weights.
- Lifting mechanism capability should NOT exceed two times the weight of the pump to avoid damage. (Refer to Technical Data tables.)
- Lifting mechanism sheave shall have a diameter large enough so as to not crimp or severely bend the lifting cable. Small diameter or angle type sheaves could cause cable failure.
- Do not lift by the power or control cable. Damage will result.
- K. With an adequate hoist, lower the pump onto the guide rails and into the wet pit. The location of the hoist should be in a position so that the centerline of the pump pull up bracket guide is within 1/2" of the centerline of the guide rails.
- L. The pump is self-connecting to the base elbow. No bolting or other fastening is required. Check to ensure there is proper seating between the pump discharge flange and the base elbow flange. If not, raise the pump partially back up the guide rails and again lower onto the base below.
- M. Install the controls per the control manufacturer's recommendations.
- N. Wire the motor protection devices.

The 210 through 400 frame motors are supplied with one 4-lead power cable. 440 and larger frame motors are supplied with two 4-lead power cables. On the 250 through 400 frame motors that have the RTD bearing detector, the control wire has 7 wires. Control cable on standard motors is 5-lead. On 440 frames and larger, the control cable is 8-lead. Lead color codes and terminal connections are outlined in the following tables:

Power Cable Terminal Connections (1)							
	Lead Color Code						
Frame	Black	White	Red	Orange	Green		
210 through 400	ТЗ	Т1	Т2		Ground		
440 thru 495	T3, T5	T1, T6	T2, T4		Ground		

Control Cable Terminal Connections (2)									
Control				L	ead Co	lor Coc	le		
Device	Frame	Black	Blue	White	White/ Black		Red/ Black	Orng	Grn
	210	DIACK	Dide	VVIIILE	Diack	Neu	Diack	Ong	Gili
Thermo-	Thru 400	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
stats	440/445		N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
	490/495	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
Moisture	210 Thru 400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W2	N/A	W1	Grd
Detector	440/445	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W1	N/A	W2	Grd
	490/495	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W2	N/A	W1	Grd
Optional Bearing	250 Thru 365	N/A	R3	N/A	R2	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
RTD	440/445	N/A	R1	N/A	R2	N/A	R3	N/A	Grd
	490/495	N/A	R1	N/A	R2	N/A	R3	N/A	Grd

(1) Power leads connect the motor to the power supply.

(2) Control leads connect thermostats, moisture detectors and optional thrust bearing RTD controls.



The cable cannot be spliced.

Figure #3 in the drawing section of this manual shows the simplified schematic wiring diagram for 210 and 220 frame motors. Figures #4 and #5 show the simplified schematic wiring diagram for 250, 320, and 360/365 frame motors. Figures #6 and #7 show the simplified schematic wiring diagrams for 440 and larger frame motors which are wye start, and when reduce voltage started and delta run. The thermostats should be wired in series with the stop button. Provision for manual reset of the motor after the thermostats trip is required. The thermostats themselves will reset automatically after the motor windings cool down.

• All electric controls and motor starting equipment must be located outside the hazardous area unless they are approved for hazardous locations.

• The disconnect switch must be opened and locked out before any work is done on the motor-pump unit. Failure to take this precaution can result in serious injury or death. The current through the thermostat shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

ALTERNATING CURRENT						
	Continuous	In Rush				
Volts	Amperes	Amperes				
110-120	3.0	30.0				
220-240	1.5	15.0				
440-480	0.75	7.5				
550-600	0.60	6.0				

IMPORTANT

• Thermostats must be connected in the circuit and must be operative. Running the motor with inoperative thermostats will void the warranty. Thermostat contact rating 120-600 VAC, 360 VA maximum.

NOTE: Thermostats are not designed for locked rotor protection during cold starts. Panel should be wired so that quick trip heaters will take the motor off-line under this condition.

Fig. #8 included in the drawing section of this manual shows a typical wiring diagram for the moisture detectors for cable lengths of 125 feet or less. The detectors can be wired to shutdown the motor or to activate an indicator or alarm device, or to do both. (Sample moisture detection controllers are located in the drawing section of this manual.) A compatible controller must be connected to properly protect the motor. A controller rated for 500 volts A/C with a triggering resistance across the probes of 25,000 Ohm's is required.

IMPORTANT

- Moisture detectors must be connected and functional. Operation of the pump without operative moisture detectors will void the motor warranty.
- O. The direction of rotation should be checked before the pump is put in operation. Raise the pump back out of the wetwell and carefully lay it horizontally. The correct rotation of the pump is indicated by an arrow cast on the volute. While looking into the pump suction, "bump" start the motor to observe rotation.

• Do not put hands or any item in the volute suction to determine direction of rotation, as doing so will cause serious personal injury.

Bump start is generally accomplished on three-phase motors by engaging and immediately disengaging the power switch. It is seldom necessary to engage the power source for more than one second to determine motor rotation.

Note the direction of impeller rotation. It the impeller rotates opposite the arrow on the pump volute, reverse any two of the three power leads and motor rotation will be reversed. (On the 440 and larger frame motors, two "sets" of power leads must be reversed.)

Both motor mechanical seals are lubricated and cooled by the oil in the oil chamber. Oil chamber is filled at the factory prior to shipment.

Installation 5430, 5730, 2430 W

- A. Attach one end of a suitable lifting cable or chain to the metal motor bale or lifting harness with the other end attached to a suitable lift or hoist.
- Note: If the Optional Sure Pick Lifting System is to be used, refer to that section in this manual.



- Prior to lifting the unit, check to ensure all hooks, cables, chains and hoists are of adequate strength and size. Refer to the Pump Data Section of this manual for approximate pump weights.
- Lifting mechanism capability should NOT exceed two times the weight of the pump.
- Lifting mechanism sheave shall have a diameter large enough so as to not crimp or severely bend the lifting cable. Small diameter or angle type sheaves could cause cable failure.
- Do not lift by the power or control cable. Damage will result.
- B. With an adequate hoist, lower the pump into the wet pit.
- C. Connect the discharge piping tightening all bolts and eliminate any pipe strain.
- D. Install the controls per the control manufacturer's recommendations.
- E. Wire the motor and motor protection devices.

The 210 through 400 frame motors are supplied with one 4-lead power cable. 440 and larger frame motors are supplied with two 4-lead power cables. On the 250 through 400 frame motors that have the RTD bearing detector, the control wire has 7 wires. Control cable on standard motors is 5-lead. If the optional thrust bearing RTD is supplied, the control cable is 8-lead. Lead color codes and terminal connections are outlined in the following tables:

Power Cable Terminal Connections (1)						
Lead Color Code						
Frame	Black	White	Red	Orange	Green	
210 through 400	ТЗ	T1	T2		Ground	
440 thru 495	T3, T5	T1, T6	T2, T4		Ground	

210 Thru	Black	Blue	L. White	ead Co White/		le Red/		
210 Thru		Blue	White			Red/		
Thru				Black	Red	Black	Orng	Grn
400	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
440/445	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
210 210 Thru 400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	W2	N/A	W1	Grd Grd
440/445	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	W1 W2	N/A N/A	W2 W1	Grd Grd
250 Thru 365	N/A	R3	N/A	R2	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
440/445	N/A	R1	N/A	R2	N/A	R3	N/A	Grd Grd
4	400 40/445 90/495 210 Thru 400 40/445 90/495 250 Thru 365	400 40/445 P2 90/495 P2 210 Thru N/A 400 40/445 N/A 90/495 N/A 250 Thru N/A 365 40/445 N/A	400 N/A 40/445 P2 N/A 90/495 P2 N/A 210 N/A N/A 40/445 N/A N/A 400 N/A N/A 40/445 N/A N/A 90/495 N/A N/A 90/495 N/A N/A 90/495 N/A N/A 250 Thru N/A 365 40/445 N/A	400 N/A P1 40/445 P2 N/A P1 90/495 P2 N/A P1 210 N/A N/A P1 210 N/A N/A N/A 400 N/A N/A N/A 400 N/A N/A N/A 400 N/A N/A N/A 40/445 N/A N/A N/A 90/495 N/A N/A N/A 250 Thru N/A R3 N/A 365 - - - - 40/445 N/A R1 N/A -	400	400	400	400

(1) Power leads connect the motor to the power supply.

(2) Control leads connect thermostats, moisture detectors and optional thrust bearing RTD controls.



The cable cannot be spliced.

Figure #3 in the drawing section of this manual shows the simplified schematic wiring diagram for 210 and 220 frame motors. Figures #4 and #5 show the simplified schematic wiring diagram for 250, 320 and 360/365 frame motors. Figures #6 and #7 show the simplified schematic wiring diagrams for 440 and larger frame motors which are wye start, and when reduce voltage started and delta run. The thermostats should be wired in series with the stop button. Provision for manual reset of the motor after the thermostats trip is recommended. The thermostats themselves will reset automatically after the motor windings cool down.

• All electric controls and motor starting equipment must be located outside the hazardous area unless they are approved for hazardous locations.



• The disconnect switch must be opened and locked out before any work is done on the motor-pump unit. Failure to take this precaution can result in serious injury or death.

The current through the thermostat shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

ALTERNATING CURRENT					
Continuous In Rush					
Volts	Volts Amperes				
110-120	3.0	30.0			
220-240	1.5	15.0			
440-480	0.75	7.5			
550-600	0.60	6.0			

IMPORTANT

• Thermostats must be connected in the circuit and must be operative. Running the motor with inoperative thermostats will void the warranty. Thermostat contact rating 120-600 VAC, 360 VA maximum.

Fig. #8 included in the drawing section of this manual shows a typical wiring diagram for the moisture detectors for cable lengths of 125 feet or less. The detectors can be wired to shutdown the motor or to activate an indicator or alarm device, or to do both. (Sample moisture detection controllers are located in the drawing section of this manual.) A compatible controller must be connected to properly protect the motor. A controller rated for 500 volts A/C with a triggering resistance across the probes of 25,000 Ohm's is required.

IMPORTANT

- Moisture detectors must be connected and functional. Operation of the pump without operative moisture detectors will void the motor warranty.
- F. The direction of rotation should be checked before the pump is put in operation. Raise the pump back out of the wetwell and carefully lay it horizontally. The correct rotation of the pump is indicated by an arrow cast on the volute. While looking into the pump section, "bump" start the motor to observe rotation.



 Do not put hands or any item in the volute suction to determine direction of rotation, as doing so will cause serious personal injury.

Bump start is generally accomplished on three-phase motors by engaging and immediately disengaging the power switch. It is seldom necessary to engage the power source for more than one second to determine motor rotation.

Note the direction of impeller rotation. It the impeller rotates opposite the arrow on the pump volute, reverse any two of the three power leads and motor rotation will be reversed. (On 440 frame motors two "sets" of power leads must be reversed.)

Both motor mechanical seals are lubricated and cooled by the oil in the oil chamber. Oil chamber is filled at the factory prior to shipment.

Installation 5430, 5730 and 2430 WD

- A. The pump should be installed as near the wet well as possible so that a short direct suction pipe can be used to keep suction losses at a minimum. Total net position suction head available (NPSHA), which includes suction lift and pipe friction losses, must be greater than the net positive suction head required (NPSHR) by the pump. Discharge piping should be direct and with as few elbows and fittings as possible.
- B. Pump should be located in an area that will permit periodic inspection and maintenance. Head and access room should be provided.
- C. Lower the unit onto the foundation and position the base so the anchor bolts are aligned in the middle of the holes in the base.

- Prior to lifting the unit, check to ensure all hooks, cables, chains and hoists are of adequate strength and size. Refer to Pump Data Section of this manual for approximate pump weights.
- Do not lift by the power or control cable. Damage will result.
- D. Set the base on metal shims or metal wedges placed directly under the part of the base carrying the greatest weight, and spaced close enough to give uniform support and stability.

Adjust the metal shims or wedges until level or vertical as appropriate. Make sure that all shims or wedges fit firmly between the foundation and the base.

If leveling nuts are installed on the anchor bolts and are used for alignment, follow the same procedure as with shims or wedges. Support the base with additional shims or wedges if necessary. Make sure that all nuts and shims are in firm contact with the base. Tighten the foundation bolts snugly, but not too firmly.

E. The unit should be grouted using a high grade non-shrinking grout. The base is designed to be completely filled with grout.



• Damaging vibration may result if the baseplate is not solidly in contact with the grout bed.

Do not fill the pipe sleeves with grout. If leveling nuts are used, make sure they are not imbedded in grout. Provide access in the grout to the leveling nuts so that they can be backed off after the grout has cured.

Allow the grout to fully cure before backing off the leveling nuts (if used) or removal or shims, and firmly tightening the foundation bolts.



- All piping connections must be made with the pipe in a rigid support state, and without the need to apply vertical or side pressure to obtain alignment of the piping with pump flange.
- F. All piping should be independently supported near the pump so that pipe strain will not be transmitted to the pump casing. The weight of the piping and of the contained liquid must be considered in support design. Suction and discharge piping should be one or two sizes larger than the pump flange sizes, especially where the piping is of considerable length. Any flexible joints installed in the piping must be equipped with tie rods to absorb piping axial thrust.

Suction pipe must be air tight and sloped upward to the pump flange to avoid air pockets which will impair satisfactory pump operation. The discharge pipe should be as direct as possible with a minimum of valves to reduce pipe friction losses.

A check valve and closing valve should be installed in the discharge line. The check valve, between the pump and closing valve, prevents reverse rotation in the event of power failure. Closing valves are used for priming and to isolate the pump for repairs. The pump must never be throttled by the use of a valve in the suction line.

G. In addition to the primary piping connections, your pump may require connections to the water jacket (if external water source is used), and suction and discharge pressure gauges. All of these connections should now be made.

IMPORTANT

- These auxiliary pipe lines must be kept clean for satisfactory pump operation and pump life.
- H. Wire the motor protection devices.

The 210 through 400 frame motors are supplied with one 4-lead power cable. 440 and larger frame motors are supplied with two 4-lead power cables. On the 250 through 400 frame motors that have the RTD bearing detector, the control wire has 7 wires. Control cable on standard motors is 5-lead. If the optional thrust bearing RTD is supplied, the control cable is 8-lead. Lead color codes and terminal connections are outlined in the following tables:

P	Power Cable Terminal Connections (1)				
	Lead Color Code				
Frame	Black	White	Red	Orange	Green
210 through 400	Т3	T1	Т2		Ground
440 thru 495	T3, T5	T1, T6	T2, T4		Ground

	Control Cable Terminal Connections (2)								
Control			Lead Color Code						
Device	Frame	Black	Blue	White	White/ Black	Red	Red/ Black	Orng	Grn
Thermo-	210 Thru 400	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
stats	440/445	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
	490/495	P2	N/A	P1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
Moisture	210 Thru 400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W2	N/A	W1	Grd
Detector	440/445	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W1	N/A	W2	Grd
	490/495	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W2	N/A	W1	Grd
Optional Bearing	250 Thru 365	N/A	R3	N/A	R2	N/A	N/A	N/A	Grd
RTD	440/445	N/A	R1	N/A	R2	N/A	R3	N/A	Grd
	490/495	N/A	R1	N/A	R2	N/A	R3	N/A	Grd

(1) Power leads connect the motor to the power supply.

(2) Control leads connect thermostats, moisture detectors and optional thrust bearing RTD controls.



• The cable cannot be spliced.

Figure #3 in the drawing section of this manual shows the simplified schematic wiring diagram for 210 and 220 frame motors. Figures #4 and #5 show the simplified schematic wiring diagram for 250, 320 and 360/365 frame motors. Figures #6 and #7 show the simplified schematic wiring diagrams for 440 and larger frame motors which are wye start, and when reduce voltage started and delta run. The thermostats should be wired in series with the stop button. Provision for manual reset of the motor after the thermostats trip is recommended. The thermostats themselves will reset automatically after the motor windings cool down.



All electric controls and motor starting equipment must be located outside the hazardous area unless they
are approved for hazardous locations.

• The disconnect switch must be opened and locked out before any work is done on the motor-pump unit. Failure to take this precaution can result in serious injury or death.

The current through the thermostat shall not exceed the limits below:

ALTE	ALTERNATING CURRENT			
	Continuous	In Rush		
Volts	Amperes	Amperes		
110-120	3.0	30.0		
220-240	1.5	15.0		
440-480	0.75	7.5		
550-600	0.60	6.0		

IMPORTANT

• Thermostats must be connected in the circuit and must be operative. Running the motor with inoperative thermostats will void the warranty. Thermostat contact rating 120-600VAC, 360 VA maximum.

Fig. #8 included in the drawing section of this manual shows a typical wiring diagram for the moisture detectors for cable lengths of 125 feet or less. The detectors can be wired to shutdown the motor or to activate an indicator or alarm device, or to do both. (Sample moisture detection controllers are located in the drawing section of this manual.) A compatible controller must be connected to properly protect the motor. A controller rated for 500 volts A/C with a triggering resistance across the probes of 25,000 Ohm's is required.

IMPORTANT

- Moisture detectors must be connected and functional. Operation of the pump without operative moisture detectors will void the warranty.
- I. The direction of rotation should be checked before the pump is put in operation. Remove the volute handhold cover (or suction elbow cleanout cover.) The correct rotation of the pump is indicated by an arrow cast on the volute. While looking into the cleanout opening, "bump" start the motor to observe rotation.

• Do not put hands or any item in cleanout to determine direction of rotation. To do so will cause serious personal injury.

Bump start is generally accomplished on three-phase motors by engaging and immediately disengaging the power switch. It is seldom necessary to engage the power source for more than one second to determine motor rotation.

Note the direction of impeller rotation. If the impeller rotates opposite the arrow on the pump volute, reverse any two of the three power leads and motor rotation will be reversed. (On 440 frame motors two "sets" of power leads must be reversed.)

Both motor mechanical seals are lubricated and cooled by the oil in the oil chamber. Oil chamber is filled at the factory prior to shipment.

OPERATION

General

This section contains general rules for operation. Because variations may exist in a particular installation between the pumps, the drivers and the accessory equipment, specific operating instructions are not within the scope of this manual.

- Before starting or operating the pump, read this entire manual and the control manufacturer's instructions for
 proper operating of the system, especially complying with the following instructions:
- 1. Duty Cycles:

5430, 5730, 2430 M, MT, MV or MVS

It is important that the motor be operated within the limits of its rating. Carefully note the "Duty" block on the motor nameplate. One of the following three ratings will be on the motor nameplate:

a) If the Duty cycle reads "Cont. Submerged," it is required that the motor be continuously submerged.

- b) If the Duty cycle reads "Continuous in Air," it may be run non-submerged at its rated load. "Continuous in Air" units can also run submerged at its rated load.
- c) A Duty cycle of "Short Time in Air 15 Min." requires the following:

The capacity of the pump should be selected to be greater than the maximum flow into the wet well. Under maximum flow conditions, the pump must draw-down the sump from the top of the motor, Level A, to the bottom flange on the motor, Level B, within 15 minutes. See Fig. #1.

d) A Duty cycle of "Short Time in Air 1 Hour" requires the following (210 and 220 frame only):

The capacity of the pump should be selected to be greater than the maximum flow into the wet well. Under maximum flow conditions, the pump should draw-down the sump from the top of the motor, Level A, to the bottom flange on the motor, Level B, within 1 hour. See Fig. #1.

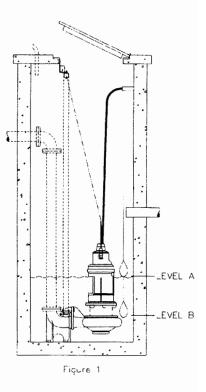
The power frequency shall not vary by more than +/-5%, and the voltage by more than +/-10% of the nameplate data. Voltage deviation from the nameplate ratings will have an effect on pump speed and, therefore, on pump performance. The pump will deliver the rated head and capacity only when running at the rated speed.

Note: Voltage should not vary from phase to phase by more than 2% without derating the motor's horsepower rating. Damage may occur to the motor if operated with more variation.



Proper voltage is required or permanent damage to the motor may occur. Check to ensure input voltage is the same as the motor rated voltage.

NOTE: Pumps should not be operated for extended periods of time (no more than 2-3 days) with the moisture indicator light on.



5430, 5730, 2430 W

It is important that the motor be operated within the limits of its rating. Carefully note the "Duty" block on the motor nameplate. One of the following three ratings will be on the motor nameplate:

a) If the Duty cycle reads "Cont. Submerged", it is required that the motor be continuously submerged.

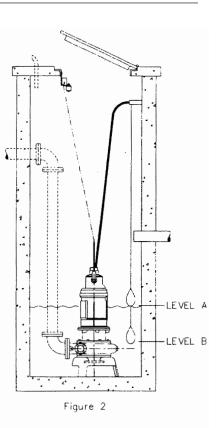
- b) If the Duty cycle reads "Continuous in Air", it may be run non-submerged at its rated load. "Continuous in Air" units can also run submerged at its rated load.
- c) A Duty cycle of "Short Time in Air 15 Min." requires the following:

Under maximum flow conditions, the pump must draw-down the sump from the top of the motor, Level A, to the bottom flange of the motor, Level B, within 15 minutes (see Fig. #2.)

d) A Duty cycle of "Short Time in Air 1 Hour" requires the following (210 and 220 frameonly):

The capacity of the pump should be selected to be greater than the maximum flow into the wet well. Under maximum flow conditions, the pump should draw-down the sump from the top of the motor, Level A, to the bottom flange on the motor, Level B, within 1 hour. See Fig. #1.

The power frequency shall not vary by more than +/-5%, and the voltage by more than +/-10% of the nameplate data. Voltage deviation from the nameplate ratings will have an effect on the pump speed and, therefore, on pump performance. The pump will deliver the rated head and capacity only when running at the rated speed.



Note: Voltage should not vary from phase to phase by more than 2% without derating the motor's horsepower rating. Damage may occur to the motor if operated with more variation.

 Proper voltage is required or permanent damage to the motor may occur. Check to ensure input voltage is the same as the motor rated voltage.

5430, 5730, 2430 WD

It is important that the motor be operated within the limits of its rating. Carefully note the "Duty" block on the motor nameplate. One of the following two ratings will be on the motor nameplate:

- a) If the Duty cycle reads "Continuous in Air," it may be run non-submerged at it s rated load. "Continuous in Air" units can also run submerged at its rated load.
- b) If the Duty cycle reads "Continuous in Air, Jacketed," it may be run non-submerged at its rated load.

The power frequency shall not vary by more than +/-10%, and the voltage by more than +/-10% of the nameplate data. Voltage deviation from the nameplate ratings will have an effect on pump speed and, therefore, on pump performance. The pump will deliver the rated head and capacity only when running at the rated speed.

Note: Voltage should not vary from phase to phase by more than 2% without derating the motor's horsepower rating. Damage may occur to the motor if operated with more variation.

 Proper voltage is required or permanent damage to the motor may occur. Check to ensure input voltage is the same as the motor rated voltage.

ALL PUMPS:

2. Make sure the moisture detection system is operational at all times. Note that all mechanical seals must seep to provide lubrication to the rotating faces. This is trapped in the oil chamber between the inner and outer seals. During the initial run-in period, new seals may seep enough to cause the moisture alarm to go off. This is normal, change the oil and put the unit back into service.

- 3. Make sure both the suction (if required) and discharge valves are open.
- 4. Observe all caution, warning and danger tags that may be attached to the equipment.
- 5. Never run the pump longer than 15 minutes without liquid in the volute as close running fits within the pump are lubricated by the liquid. This condition may result in pump seizure, and/or seal damage.
- 6. Because of tight internal clearances these pumps should not run against a closed valve, unless approved by the factory.

Starting the Pump

5430, 5730, 2430 M, MT, MV, MVS or W

- A. Be sure the pump is submerged properly and that the liquid level exceeds the minimum operating level recommended.
- B. Refer to the motor nameplate for operation limits before proceeding.
- C. The pump requires no special procedures or adjustments before starting, except to check for rotation. The control system should be set to ensure no more than 10 across the line starts per hour on the 210 through the 365 frame motors, and 1 across the line start per hour on the 400 frame and larger motors.



- Under no circumstances should any flammable liquids be pumped.
- D. Start the unit.
- E. Immediately after the pump has been started, check the following:
 - 1) Observe the unit for any unusual noise or vibration.
 - 2) The voltage should be within +/- 10% of the rated nameplate voltage across each phase. There should be no more than 2% variation between the average voltage and each leg.
 - 3) The amp reading of each phase should be less than the rated nameplate amps.
 - 4) Observe the unit for proper pressure and flow output.
 - 5) Continue to observe the unit's operation for at least the next four hours.
- F. For any problems, consult the "Troubleshooting" section of this manual.

5430, 5730, 2430 WD

- A. The pump must be primed to initial start up and the prime must be maintained through subsequent start-stop cycles. The priming procedure is different for positive and negative suction head systems and the following procedures should be followed:
- 1. Positive suction head:
 - a. open vent on the highest point on the pump casing.
 - b. open all suction valves.
 - c. allow the liquid to flow from the vent hole until all air bubbles are vented, then close the vent.
- 2. Negative suction head:
 - a. install an ejector or vacuum pump on the vent on the highest point on the pump casing.
 - b. open the suction valve.
 - c. start ejector or vacuum pump.
 - allow liquid to flow until a continuous flow is exhausted from the ejector, then close the valve to the vent.
- B. Refer to the motor nameplate for operation limits before proceeding.

C. The motor requires no special procedures or adjustments before starting, except to check for rotation. The control system should be set to ensure no more than 10 across the line starts per hour on the 210 through 365 frame motors, and 1 across the line start per hour on the 400 frame and larger motors.



- Under no circumstances should any flammable liquids be pumped.
- D. For motors with water jackets that utilize an external water source, ensure water is flowing to the water jacket. Refer to the Technical Data section for cooling water flow requirements.
- E. After the pump is primed and the external cooling water is running, if required, start the unit.
- F. Immediately after the unit has started, check the following:
 - 1) Observe the unit for any unusual noise or vibration.
 - 2) The voltage should be within +/- 10% of the rated nameplate voltage across each phase. There should be no more than 2% variation between the average voltage and each leg.
 - 3) The amp reading of each phase should be less than the rated nameplate amps.
 - 4) Observe the unit for proper pressure and flow output.
- 5) Continue to observe the unit's operation for at least the next four hours.
- G. For any problems, consult the "Troubleshooting" section of this manual.

Stopping the Pump

Pump stations are usually designed to have the pumps started and stopped automatically. Since this is a function of station design, the operators should be familiar with the systems operating parameters. The general procedure to shut down the pump is as follows:

- A. Disconnect the electrical motor.
- B. If the pump is to be removed for repair, close the suction and discharge valves.

Seasonal Operating Instructions

If the pump is located in an area that is subject to below freezing temperatures and will not be operated enough to prevent freezing, it should be drained to prevent damage to the casing caused by freezing. Particular attention should be made to jacketed units using an external water source.

Emergency Procedures

Many installations are equipped with emergency shut off switches near the pump location. These locations should be plainly marked and be readily accessible at all times.

The control panel (if used) may be equipped with an emergency start/stop button or switch.

IMPORTANT

• The operator or persons working around the equipment should be familiar with locations of emergency startup and shut-off points.

TROUBLESHOOTING

If you have followed the installation and start up procedures outlined in this manual, your pump should provide reliable service and long life. However, if operating problems occur, significant time and expense can be saved it you use the following checklist to eliminate the most common causes of those problems.

Insufficient Pressure or Flow			
Cause	Remedy		
1. Wrong direction of rotation.	Reverse any two motor lead connections. Check O&M manual.		
2 Impeller running clearance too great.	Reset impeller clearance per O&M manual.		
3 Speed too low.	Check driver voltage and electrical source.		
4 Impeller passage partially plugged.	Clean impeller passages.		
5 Insufficient net positive suction head.	Raise wet well level.		
6 Air in liquid. De-aerate liquid. Increase submergence to prevent vo			
7. Impeller damaged.	Check and repair or replace.		
8 Impeller diameter too small.	Replace impeller with larger diameter. Check driver HP.		
The following for "WD" Models only.			
9 Suction lift too high.	Reduce suction line losses.		
10 Insufficient suction line submergence.	Increase submergence.		
 Air leaks into suction piping or gaskets. 	Check flange connections for proper seal. Tighten connections.		

Excessive Power Consumption			
Cause Remedy			
1. Pump too much liquid.	Change system. Reduce pump speed. Trim impeller.		
2. Speed too high.	Check driver speed and voltage.		
3. Improper line voltage or frequency.	Check driver voltage. Change power source or driver.		
4. Incorrect diameter impeller.	Determine correct impeller diameter and replace or trim		
	impeller.		
5. Shaft bent.	Replace shaft.		
6. Specific gravity or viscosity of liquid	Reduce pump capacity.		
pumped is too high.			

Vibration or Noise		
Cause	Remedy	
1. Pipe strain.	Improperly supported or aligned. Check pipe supports adjust or realign.	
2. Wrong rotation.	Reverse any two motor lead connections. Check O&M manual.	
 Pumps too much liquid and exceeds NPSHR. 	Increase system head. Reduce pump speed. Trim impeller.	
4. Shaft bent.	Replace shaft.	
5. Pump running at shut-off position.	Open discharge valve. Check for obstructions.	
6. Air in liquid.	Increase submergence.	
7. Impeller passages plugged.	Clean impeller passages.	

Overheating		
Symptom	Remedy	
1. Shaft bent.	Replace shaft.	
2. Insufficient submergence.	Increase submergence.	
3. Rotating element binds.	Determine cause and correct.	
 Water cooling line plugged. (External water source only.) 	Clean cooling water line. Provide clean source of liquid.	
5. Water jacket passageways restricted.	Clean water jacket.	
6. Excessive load.	Increase system head. Check for mechanical interference.	
7. Excessive cycles.	Change level controls, change system.	
Excessively high or low voltage.	Correct voltage source.	

Liquid Level Above High Limit		
Cause	Remedy	
1. Excessive flow to wet well.	Reduce influent. Increase pump capacity.	
 Solids collecting around the pump suction reducing pump capacity. 	Remove solids accumulation.	
3. Controls improperly set on the high level.	Reset controls.	
4. Improper sump design.	Correct sump design.	
 Pump has been inoperative temporarily and excess water has accumulated in wet well. 	Operate pump to reduce level. (If a higher than normal water level has existed and was not witnessed, it can easily be detected by examining the sump for a scum line above the normal high level limit.)	

MAINTENANCE

General

- A. With proper application of the pump/motor unit and proper installation of all the protective devices, no periodic maintenance of the equipment is necessary.
- B. Should the moisture detector indicate intrusion of moisture, the pump should be shut-down as soon as possible. Oil should be drained from the motor by removing the oil cavity inspection plug. With the motor in position with the inspection plug hole at the top, refill the seal chamber with oil (refer to the oil capacity table on page 38 of this manual) and place the unit back in service. (In some cases, the seal faces require time to seal properly and some water may have passed by the seal faces into the seal oil chamber causing an alarm to signal.)

Note that all mechanical seals must seep to provide lubrication to the rotating faces. This is trapped in the oil chamber between the inner and outer seals. During the initial run-in period, new seals may seep enough to cause the moisture alarm to go off. This is normal, change the oil and put the unit back into service.

- C. Should a malfunction be indicated by the motor protection devices or observed in the operation of the pump, the pump should be removed and serviced and the cause of the problem corrected. Refer to the **REPAIR PARTS** section of this manual for instructions on ordering.
- D. Motor overheating may be caused by an accumulation of foreign material collecting on the outside of the motor housing. For non-jacketed motors, the outside of the motor housing should be cleaned. In the case of jacketed motors, it may also be necessary to wash the internal and external surfaces of the cooling jacket and the stand pipe tube (71D) per the following instructions.

The water jacket is supplied with two taps, one labeled "in" and the second "out." Before removing the jacket for cleaning, try cleaning out the cooling cavity by flushing water through the "out" tap and out the "in" tap. Reinstall the unit and test for overheating by running the unit.

Pump Disassembly

• Read this entire disassembly procedure and refer to the sectional drawings in this manual before starting.

A. Prepare the pump for disassembly according to the following procedures:

1. Disconnect and lock out the power to the motor.

• Check with appropriate electrical test equipment to ensure the motor cannot be accidentally started.

- 2. Remove the pump and motor from the sump.
- 3. If pump/motor inspection, maintenance or repair must be performed at another location, disconnect the motor leads at the controller.
- B. Remove the capscrews holding the motor to the volute.
 - 1. Remove the motor and impeller assembly from the volute.
 - 2. Store the motor in a clean, dry place if no motor repair is required.
- C. Remove the impeller capscrew (9) and impeller washer (9A). Because the impeller capscrew (9) is installed with Loctite, it may be necessary to heat the capscrew to break the bond. Excessive heating may damage the lower seal.

- To prevent possible serious personal injury, heat resistant gloves must be worn when handling heated parts.
- D. Remove the impeller (1) and the impeller key (102) from the motor shaft.
 - 1. The impeller (1) has a straight bore fit, with a close tolerance. It may be necessary to use a wheel puller or similar device.
 - Note the location and number of shims placed between the impeller hub (or circulator if provided) and the shaft shoulder.

IMPORTANT

• Care should be taken not to damage the impeller when using a puller or similar device. Attach the puller or other equipment at the impeller vane area only, do not use the impeller shroud.

IMPORTANT

- Do not try to remove the shaft from the motor or disassemble any part of the motor.
- E. If the impeller or fronthead wear rings require replacement, or if the pump is to be retrofitted for wear rings, refer to the **WEAR RINGS** section of this manual. Always use genuine **Fairbanks Morse** parts.

Note: It is not necessary to remove the volute (30) from the fronthead (33) unless those items require service.

F. If the fronthead (33) must be removed, remove the capscrews and remove from the volute (30). Remove the cleanout over (202) and gasket (203), if provided.

Motor Disassembly

The motor requires no periodic service, with the exception of changing the mechanical seal oil every 4000 hours of operation, not to exceed one year. Motor bearings are lubricated for life.

• UL Listing requirements do not permit disassembly or repairs of the motor by the owner, except for the replacement of the outer seal or the cable assembly. Motors must be returned to the factory or an authorized Fairbanks Morse UL Listed Qualified Service Center.

A. Cover/Cable Removal

- 1. With the motor in a vertical position remove the cover capscrews, loosening slowly to allow any pressure to escape.
- 2. Break the seal between the cover and the housing.
- 3. Lift cover, turn over, and secure to housing with one cover capscrew.
- 4. Remove the terminal board nuts and lead wires.

B. Lower Mechanical Seal Removal

- 1. Drain oil from seal chamber through the inspection plug (34G), and properly dispose of oil.
- 2. Remove the rotary seal body clamp by removing the two locking screws.
- 3. Remove the rotating portion of the seal.
- 4. Remove the gland capscrews (31A).
- 5. Remove the gland (31).
- 6. Remove the stationary portion of seal from the gland.
- C. Water Jacket Removal

On the 250 frame motors, first remove the Water Jacket Retaining Ring (71A) by spreading it with a blunt screwdriver. On 320 and larger frame motors, remove the jacket capscrews (71F) and retainers (71E). Match-mark the water jacket and motor. Remove the jacket by tapping on the lugs at the bottom end of the jacket. Flush the outside of the motor. Remove both O-Rings (71B) and (71C) and clean the O-Ring grooves. Check and clean the cooling water inlet and outlet passages from any obstructions. Pay particular attention to cleaning of the stand pipe tubes (71D). If necessary, remove the motor from the volute to inspect and clean the Water Circulator (39), and the water channels in the back of it. Flush and clean the water jacket.

For reassembly, proceed in the reverse order. Installation of new O-Rings (71B) and (71C) is recommended after each disassembly. Realign the water jacket and motor to the match-mark(s), by rotation of the jacket in a counter-clockwise direction.

 Never attempt to disassemble the motor without first allowing it to cool down. Residual heat in the motor windings can cause high temperatures and pressures within the motor. Escaping hot gas or oil may cause serious personal injury.

Motor Assembly



- Read this entire assembly procedure before starting.
- A. Outer Mechanical Seal and Gland Installation
 - 1. Inspect the shaft.
 - 2. Buff out all nicks that could cut the seal elastomer.

IMPORTANT

- Caution must exercised while buffing to avoid creating flat spots on the shaft under the elastomer. Wipe the shaft clean with a soft cloth. Keep the material out of the oil cavity.
 - 3. Clean the machined surfaces.
 - 4. Clean the oil cavity.

- 5. Install the gland O-ring (31B) on the gland (31).
- 6. Run a small bead of 515 Loctite® Form-a-Gasket around the face of the lower bearing housing (34).
- 7. Install the gland (31) and install the gland capscrews (31A).
- 8. Lubricate the viton O-ring on the stationary seal face with a water based rubber lubricant (P-80 or equal) and install it in the gland. Be sure the correct side (polished side) is facing up. Extreme care is to be taken not to damage the stationary seal face, and when installed, it is level and perpendicular to the shaft. It is recommended to measure down to at least three points on the seal face, at 120 degrees from each other. These dimensions should not vary more than 0.003".
- 9. Lubricate the inner diameter of the elastomer body of the rotating seal with a water based rubber lubricant (P-80 or equal).
- 10. Install the rotating portion of the seal. Be sure not to damage the seal when it passes over the step on the shaft. Take care as the seal body is sliding down the shaft. Try to keep the seal straight (not cocked) to the shaft and the ridge inside the seal body will seat in the groove in the shaft.
- 11. Install the retaining clamp, secure with the two locking screws.
- 12. Through the fill port on the side of the housing, fill the oil cavity with the recommended amount of oil according to the table on page 38 of this manual. Replace plug.
- B. Cover Cable Assembly
 - 1. Install the cover O-Ring (32A) onto the cover.
 - Connect the control and power cable lead wires to the terminal board as shown on the drawings in the Auxiliary Diagrams section of this manual.
 - 3. Run a small bead of 525 Loctite® Form-a-Gasket around the motor housing (90) or to the top motor housing (on 320 and 360 frames) to seal it to the cover.
 - 4. Place the cover onto the motor housing or top motor housing and bolt up.

Pump Assembly



• Read this entire assembly procedure before starting.

The following step-by-step instructions for assembly of the pump are essentially the reverse order of the instructions for disassembly.

A. Prepare the pump for assembly according to the following procedures:

- 1. Thoroughly clean all parts to remove all oil, grease and any foreign material.
- 2. Inspect all parts including the motor shaft for wear or damage and replace if required.
- 3. Gaskets should not be reused and should always be replaced.
- B. If the impeller or fronthead wear rings are being replaced, or if the pump is to be retrofitted for wear rings, refer to the **Wear Rings** section of this manual. Always use **Fairbanks Morse** parts.

- C. Thoroughly clean the impeller bore, the end of the shaft, the shaft and keyway.
 - 1. Inspect and measure the impeller bore, the shaft fit diameter, the key and the keyway for wear.

Note: Measure in several locations along the length of the fit.

- 2. If wear is noticed and the clearance between the shaft and the impeller (1) exceeds 0.003" anywhere along the length of the impeller bore, contact the factory for instructions for rework or replacement of the components.
- 3. Install the impeller key (102) in the motor shaft. Replace the shaft shims and if provided the circulator. Slide the impeller (1) in place, making sure it butts firmly against the shaft shims or circulator.
- 4. With the impeller washer (9A) in place, install the impeller capscrew (9) and tighten securely. (Refer to the Technical Data section for torquing values.)
- D. If the volute (30) and fronthead (33) have been removed proceed as follows:
 - 1. Use new cleanout cover gaskets (203) and install the cleanout cover (202), if provided.
 - 2. Install a new volute gasket (156) and install the fronthead (33) on the volute (30) and secure with capscrews.
- E. Install the motor with impeller in the volute (30) and securely tighten the capscrews holding the motor to the volute (30).
- F. Check the impeller/fronthead clearance as follows:
 - 1. Measure the clearance between the impeller face and the suction head and record this value.
 - 2. If the clearance is not between the values shown below, remove the impeller and shim between the impeller hub and shaft until the proper clearance is obtained.

Pump	Nominal Clearance
2" thru 5" D5431-D5434	.010020
4" D5435	.0075015
6" and 8" D5433-D5435	.015025
10" D5435	.020030
5" thru 8" D5436	.020030
All D5700 Series	.030040
All D2400 Series	.025035

- G. After the proper clearance has been obtained remove the impeller capscrew.
 - 1. Apply 3 or 4 drops of Loctite® No. 609 to the capscrew threads.
 - 2. With the impeller washer (9A) in place, install the capscrew (9) and torque to the valves shown in the Technical Data section of this manual.

IMPORTANT

 This capscrew torque value is for SAE grade 8 steel capscrews only. If other material is used, consult with the Fairbanks Morse engineering department for proper torque values.

H. Install the motor/impeller assembly in the volute and tighten the capscrews.

Note: Allow the Loctite® to cure before starting the pump.

- I. The pump assembly is complete.
- J. Return the unit to the sump and resume operation.

Wear Rings

Replacing Existing Wear Rings

If the pump is equipped with wear rings and replacement is required, refer to Wear Ring Removal below.

If this pump is to be fitted with wear rings, and was not originally so equipped, contact the factory for correct dimensions.

• Machine work should be done by a qualified machinist experienced in similar machining work.

- To prevent possible serious personal injury, heat resistant gloves must be worn when handling heated parts.
- To prevent possible serious personal injury, protective eye glasses should be worn while working on this equipment.

Wear Ring Removal

If the wear ring requires replacement it can be removed by heating it to 350-400°F to break the Loctite® bond.

Wear Ring Installation

If the wear rings are to be replaced they should be replaced with genuine Fairbanks Morse wear rings. Install the wear rings as follows:

A. Apply a bead of Loctite® No. 290 completely around the middle of the impeller wear ring (17) and fronthead wear ring (16) fit, and press the wear rings into place.

IMPORTANT

- To ensure proper bonding, thoroughly clean all mating parts with solvent to remove all grease, oil, dirt, etc.
- To avoid distortion and ensure proper installation, be careful to press the wear rings evenly and completely
 in place. They should be firmly butted against the corresponding impeller or fronthead shoulder at the
 bottom of the wear ring fit.

Maintenance History

Date	Maintenance Performed	Parts Used	Part Nos.
		-	

Maintenance Notes:

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REPAIR PARTS

Ordering Parts

When ordering parts, give the pump serial number, figure number, and a complete description and item number of each part. Refer to the drawing and parts list located in this manual. You may order parts from your local Fairbanks Morse distributor. Consult your local telephone yellow pages under "pumps" for the office nearest you.

You may also order parts directly from the factory as follows:

Fairbanks Morse Pump 3601 Fairbanks Avenue Kansas City, KS 66106 913/371-5000 Fax 800/848-3696

Returning Parts

All materials or parts returned to the factory must have prior approval and a "Returned Goods Tag," listing the material to be returned and the reasons for the return. All material to be returned should be carefully packed to avoid damage in route from rough handling or exposure to weather. Contact the factory for shipping instructions. All material is to be returned freight prepaid.

Fairbanks Morse makes improvements on its products from time to time, and reserves the right to furnish improved parts for repairs. A part that is received and is not identical in appearance, or has a different symbol from the original part, may be interchangeable. Examine the part carefully before contacting your Fairbanks Morse representative. The parts should never be returned to the factory without first obtaining proper authorization from your Fairbanks Morse representative.

SERVICE

Warranty Service

For Warranty Service contact the factory at:

Fairbanks Morse Pump 3601 Fairbanks Avenue Kansas City, KS 66106 913/371-5000 Fax 877/417-1777

Service After Warranty

For service after warranty on this pump, or any other pumping equipment, contact:

Pump Services Group - 1-800-648-PUMP

Or write:

Pump Services Group Fairbanks Morse Pump 3601 Fairbanks Avenue Kansas City, KS 66106 913/371-5000 Fax 913/371-0515

Pump Size/Model	Motor Frame	Approx Weight	Impeller Capscrew Torque Values (Foot-Pounds)	Pump Size/Model	Motor Frame	Approx Weight	Impeller Capscrew Torque Values (Foot-Pounds)
4" D5431	210	625	60	5" DE 400	250	1925	60
2" D5432	210	630	60	5" D5436	320	2475	200
3" D5432	210	650	60		250	1925	60
	210	670	60	5" D5436 MV	320	2475	200
4" D5432 MV	250	700	60		360	2700	300
4" DE 400	210	660	60		360	2700	300
4" D5432	250	690	60	6" D5436L	250	2025	60
0" DE (00	210	950	60		320	2575	200
3" D5433	250	1180	60		360	2825	300
4" DE 422	210	770	60	8" D5436	440	5150	300
4" D5433	250	1200	60	0 D0430	360	2775	300
	320	1500	200		440	5700	300
4" DE422 MV/	210	750	60	8" D5436 MV	360	2725	300
4" D5433 MV	250	1180	60	0 D0400 WV	440	5670	300
	320	1480	200	12" 2434	360	RTF	
5" DE 400	210	925	60	12 2434	365	RTF	
5" D5433	250	1350	60		400	RTF	
	320	1650	200	10" 0405	440	RTF	
01 0 5 400	250	1400	60	12" 2435	360	RTF	
6" D5433	320	1700	200		365	RTF	
	250	1375	60		400	RTF	
6" D5433 MV	320	1675	200		440	RTF	
	250	1750	60	12" 2436	360	RTF	
4" D5434	320	2060	200		364	RTF	
	360	2060	300		400	RTF	
	250	1890	60	16" 2434	440	RTF	
5" D5434	320	2170	200	16" 2435	440	RTF	
	250	1975	60		440	RTF	
6" D5434	320	2290	200	16" 2436	440	RTF	
	250	1950	60		250	2200	
6" D5434 MV	320	2260	200	12" 5731	320	3440	
	250	2050	60		360	3200	
8" D5434 S	320	2430	200	14" 5731	320	3275	
	250	2025	60		360	3755	
8" D5434 SMV	320	2410	200		364	3755	·····
	250	2100	60		400	6710	
8" D5434 L	320	2480	200	12" 5731 MV	440	6710	
	250	2075	60		250	2875	
8" D5434 LMV	320	2460	200		320	3440	
	210	1450	60		360	3920	
4" D5435	250	1850	60		320	4210	
	320	2150	200		360	4690	
	210	1425	60	14" 5731 MV	365	4750	
4" D5435 MV	250	1825	60		400	7145	
	320	2125	200		440	7145	
	320	2690	200	16" 5731 MV	440	RTF	
8" D5435	360	2890	300	20" 5731 MV	440	RTF	
	440	5700	300	14" 5732 MV	490	RTF	
	320	2630	200	14" 5732 W	490	RTF	
8" D5435 MV	320	2860	300	14" 5733 MV	490	RTF	·····
0 00400 000	440	5670	300	20" 5731 MV	490	RTF	<u></u>
	360	2960	300	24" 5731 MV	490	RTF	
10" D5435	440	5900	300	24 3/31 1010	-30		
	360	2930	300				
10" D5435 MV	300	5870	300				

P> A "P" A

Moisture Detection Cavity Oil Capacities

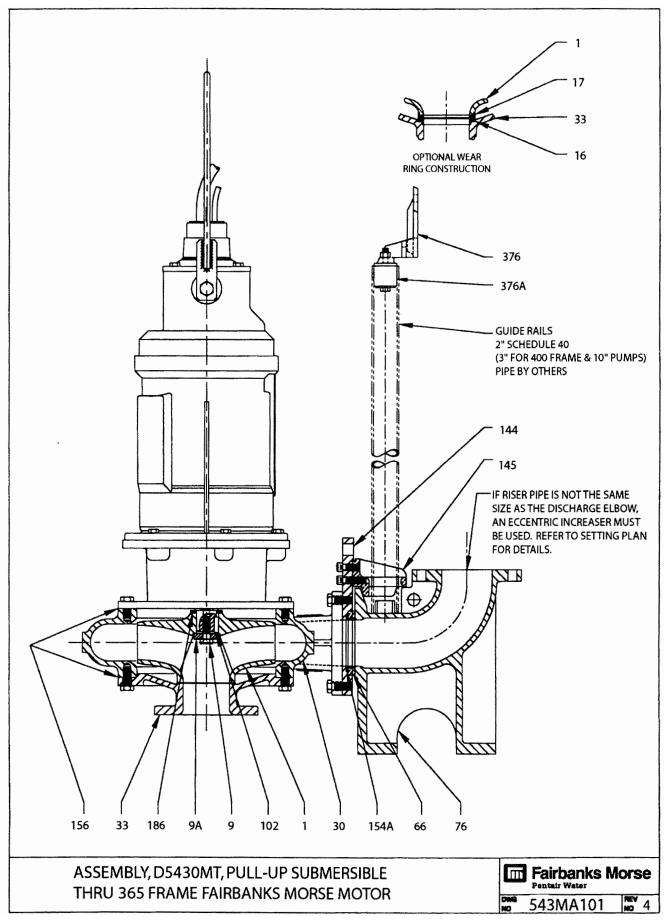
Frame Size	One Port Capacity	Two or Three Port Capacity
210	19 oz.	28 oz.
250	22 oz.	38 oz.
320	52 oz.	74 oz.
360	48 oz.	71 oz.
365	N/A	71 oz.
400	N/A	71 oz.
440	N/A	62 oz.
490	N/A	174 oz.

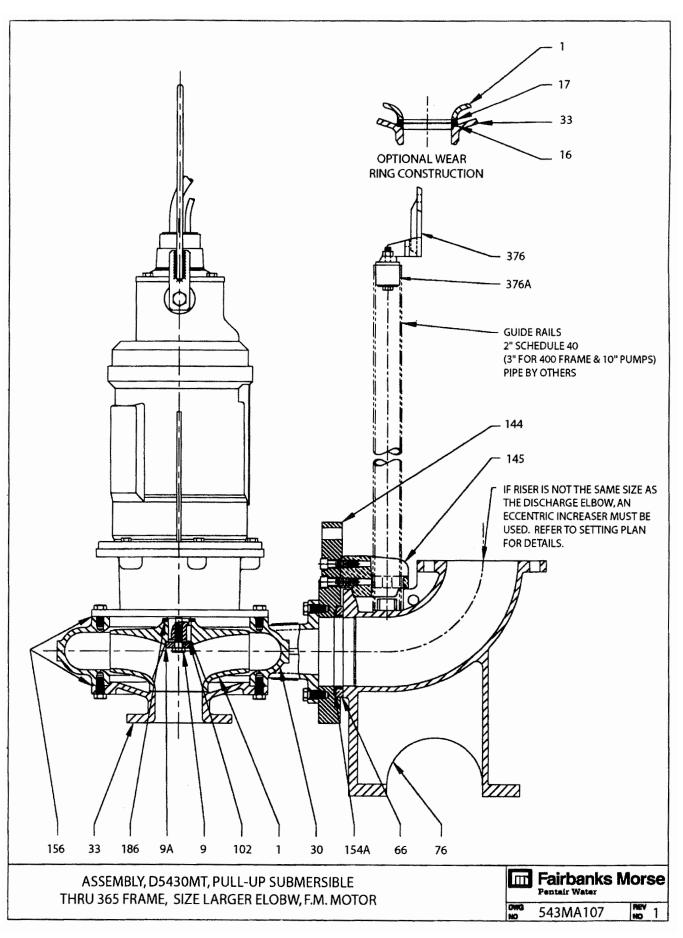
External Cooling Water Requirements

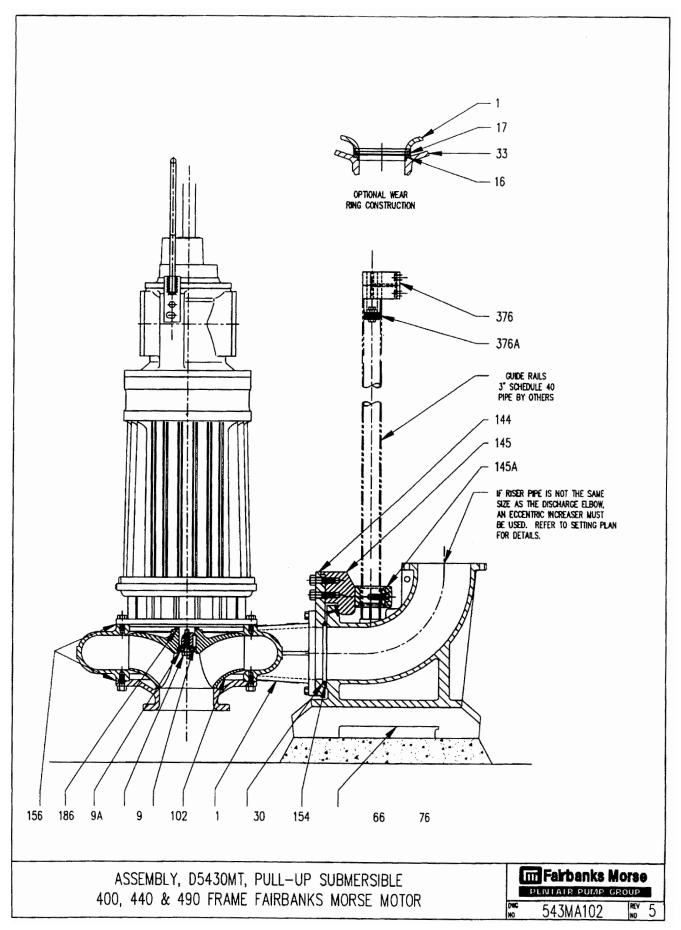
Frame Size	Flow Rate (1)
250	3 GPM
320	6 GPM
360	10 GPM
365	10 GPM
400	15 GPM
440	25 GPM
490	30 GPM

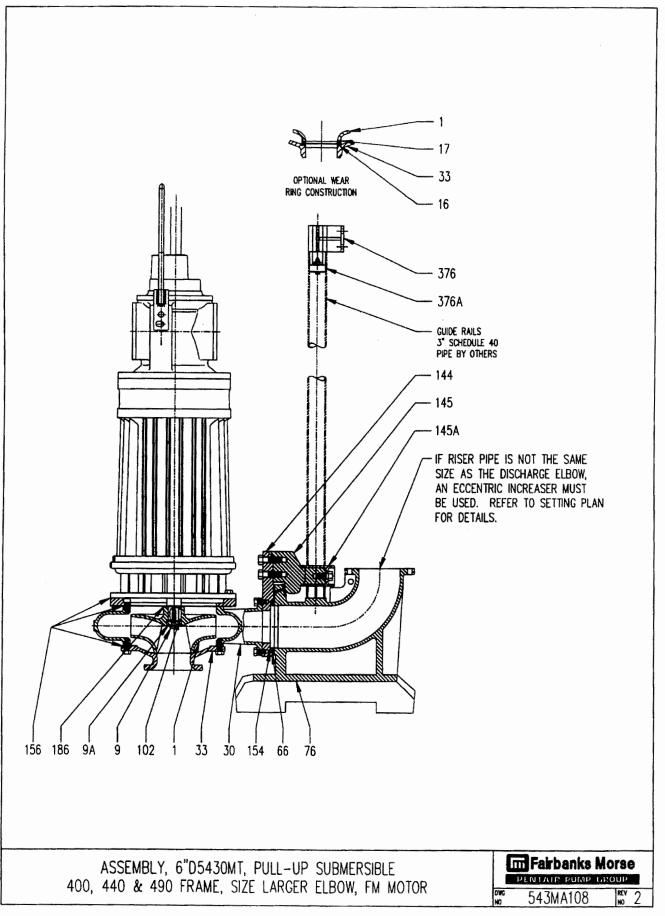
Seal Oil

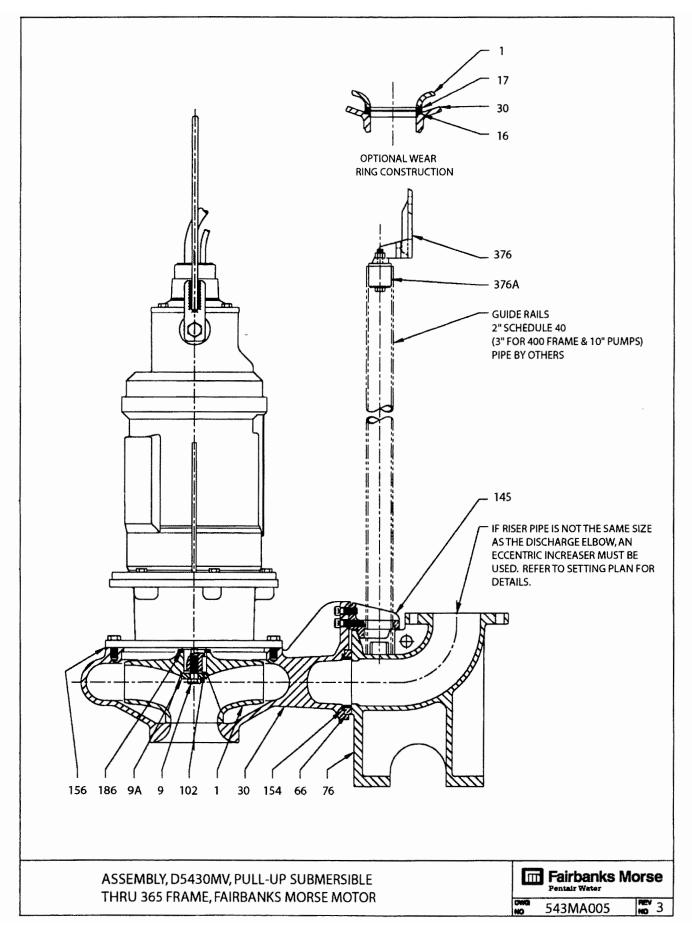
Ma	nufacturer	Description
Primary	Texaco	Cygnus Hydraulic Oil 32
Alternate	Amoco	5NF White Mineral Oil
Alternate	Техасо	Texpar 13
Alternate	Mobile	Whiterex 425
Alternate	Atlantic Richfield	Arcoprine Oil 90
Alternate	Lyondell	Alpha Pac Oil 90
	Petrochemical	
Alternate	Chevron	Lubricating Oil FM ISO 32

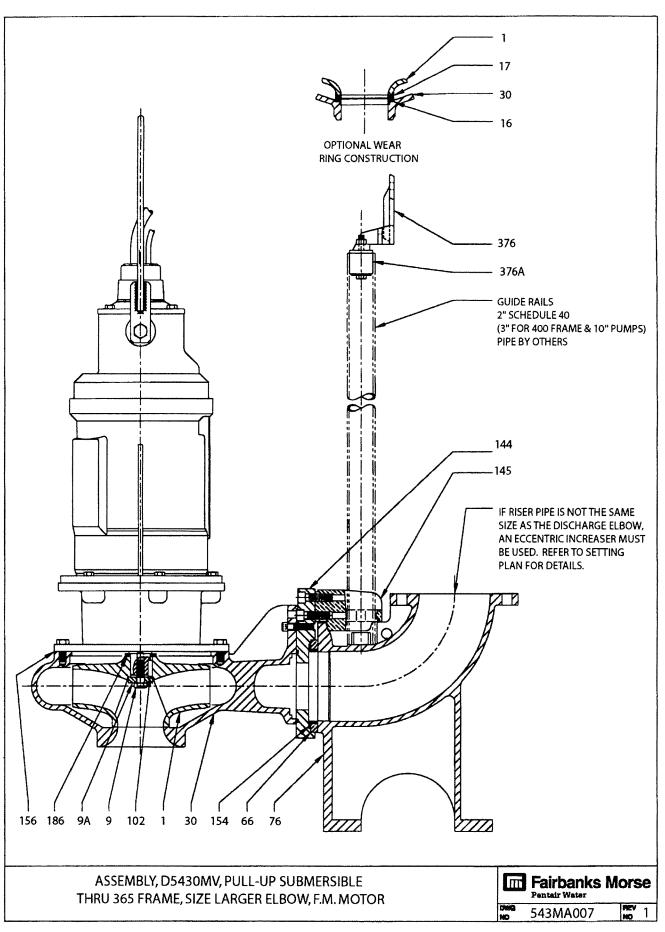


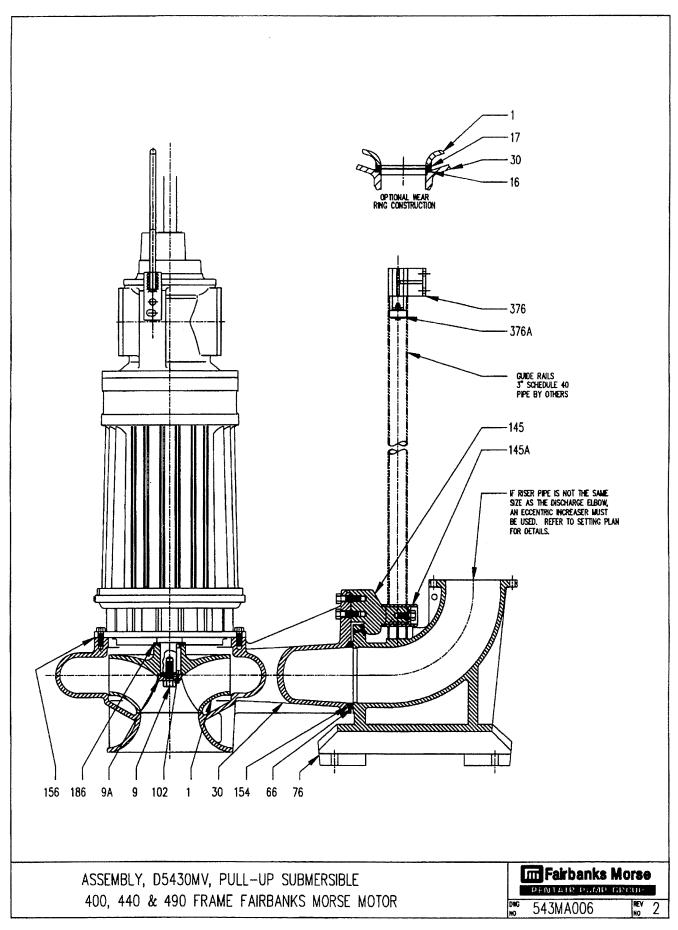


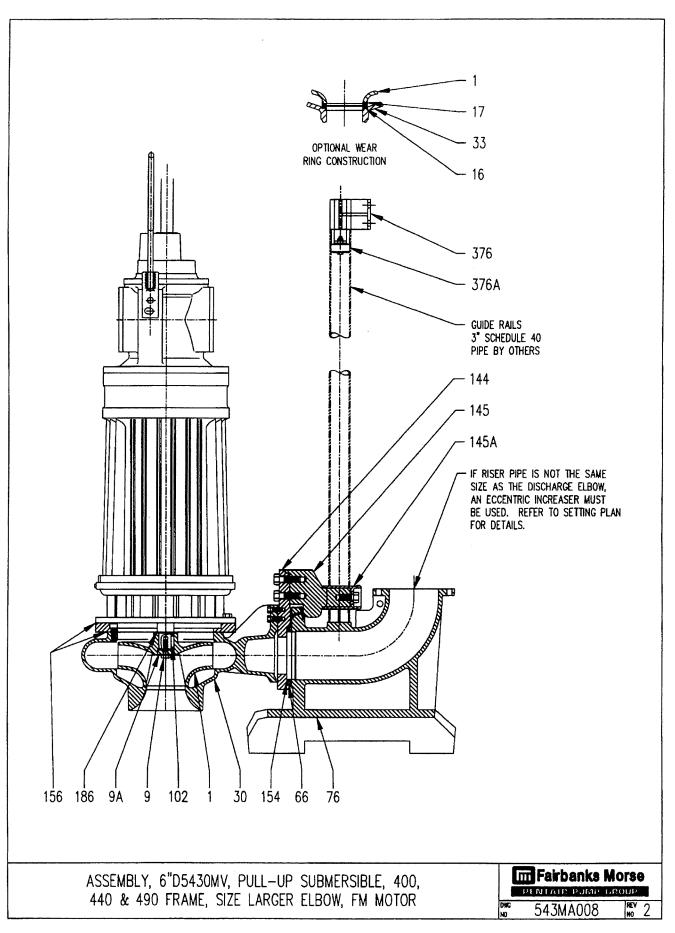


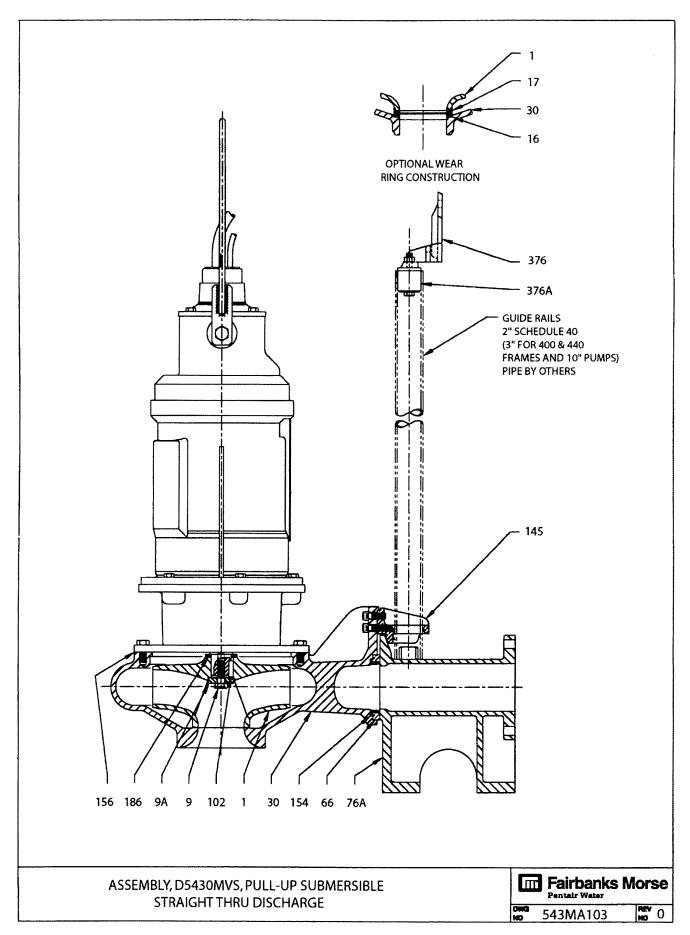


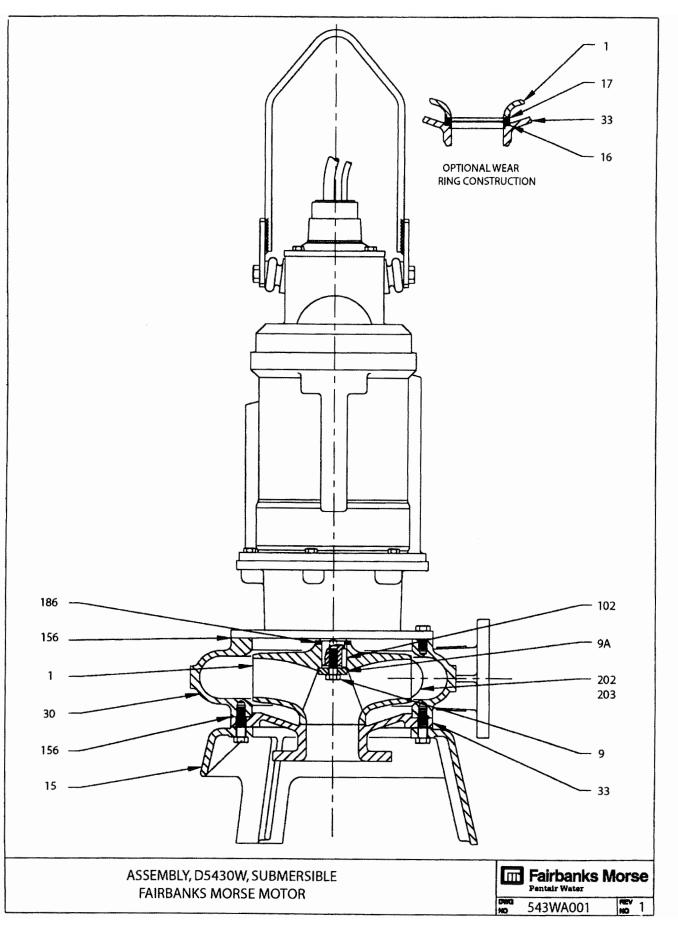


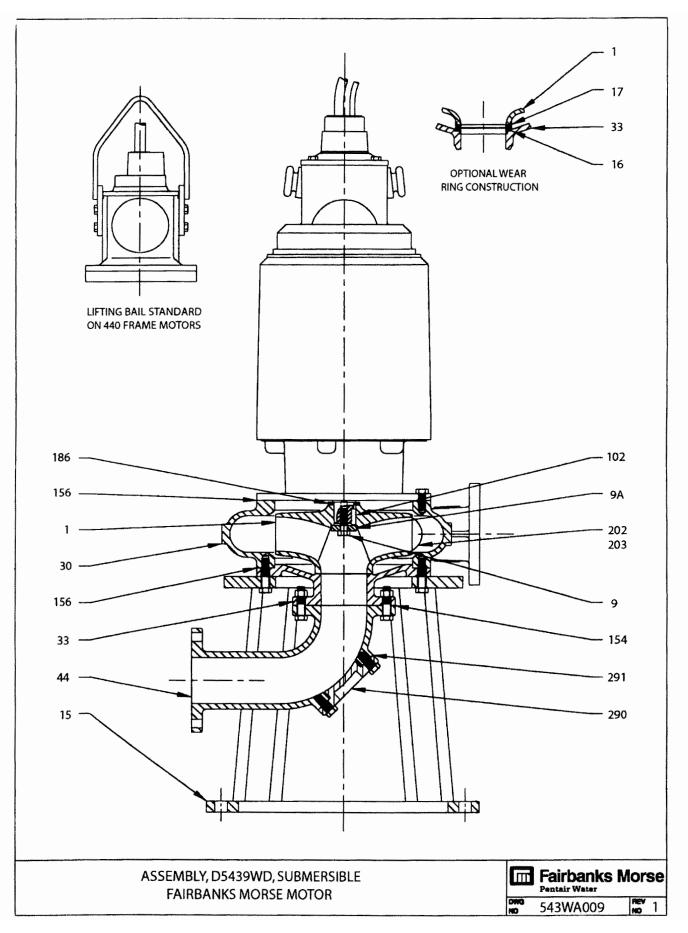


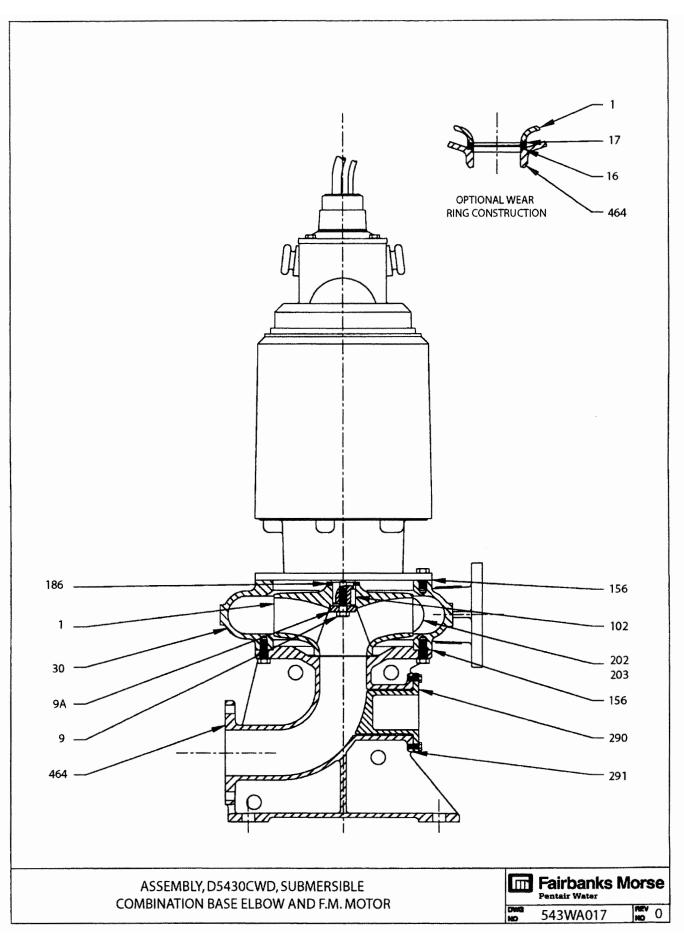


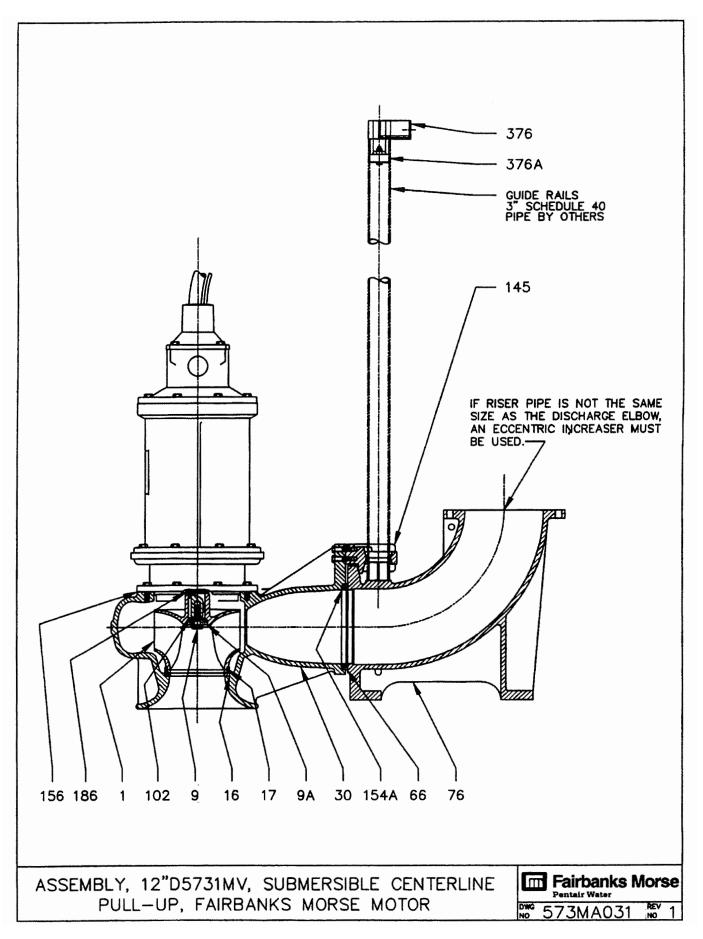


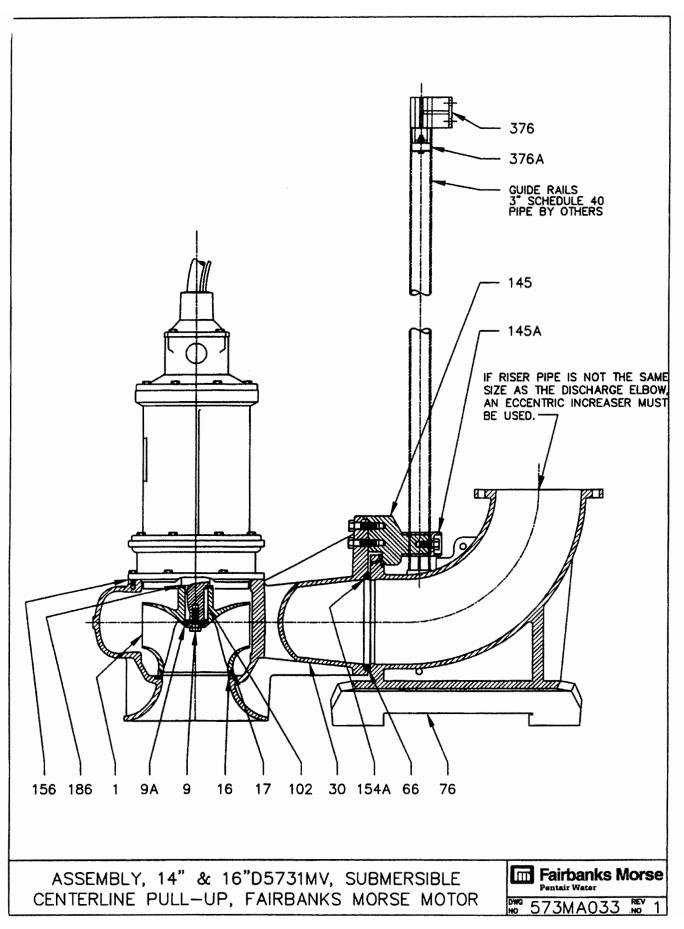




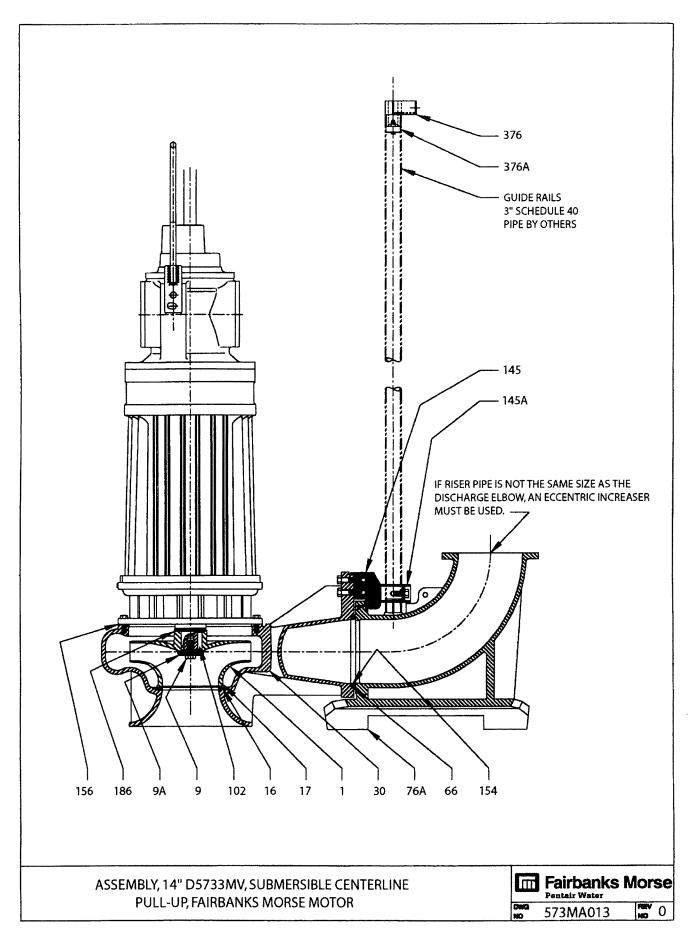


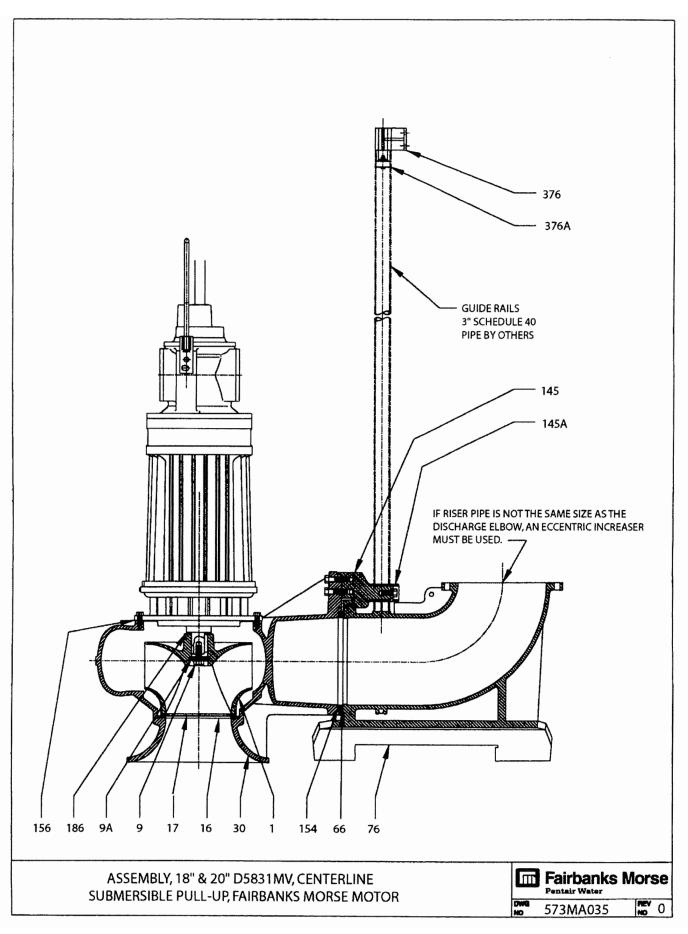


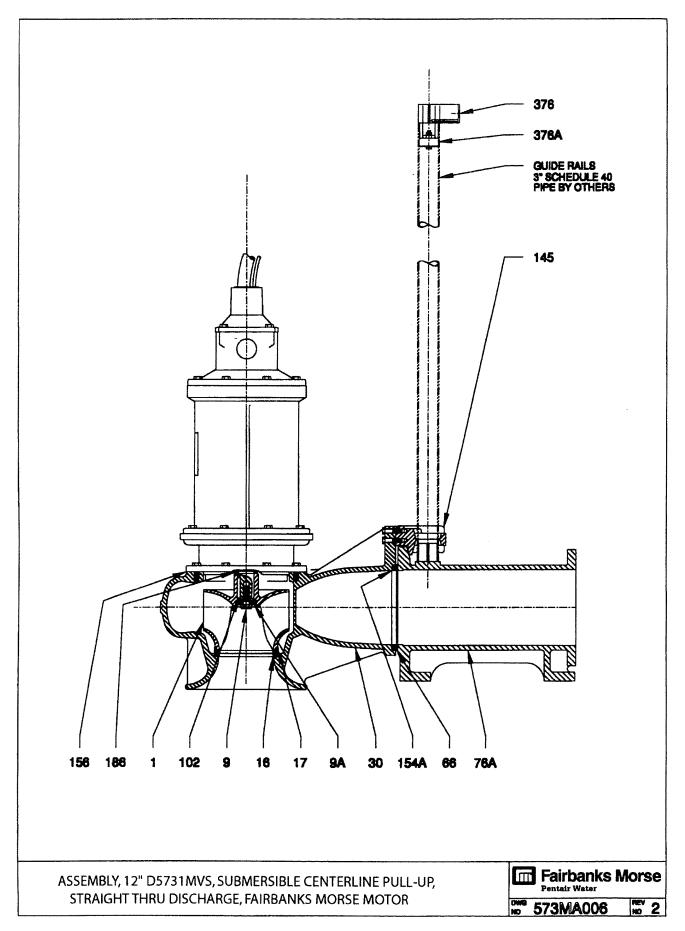


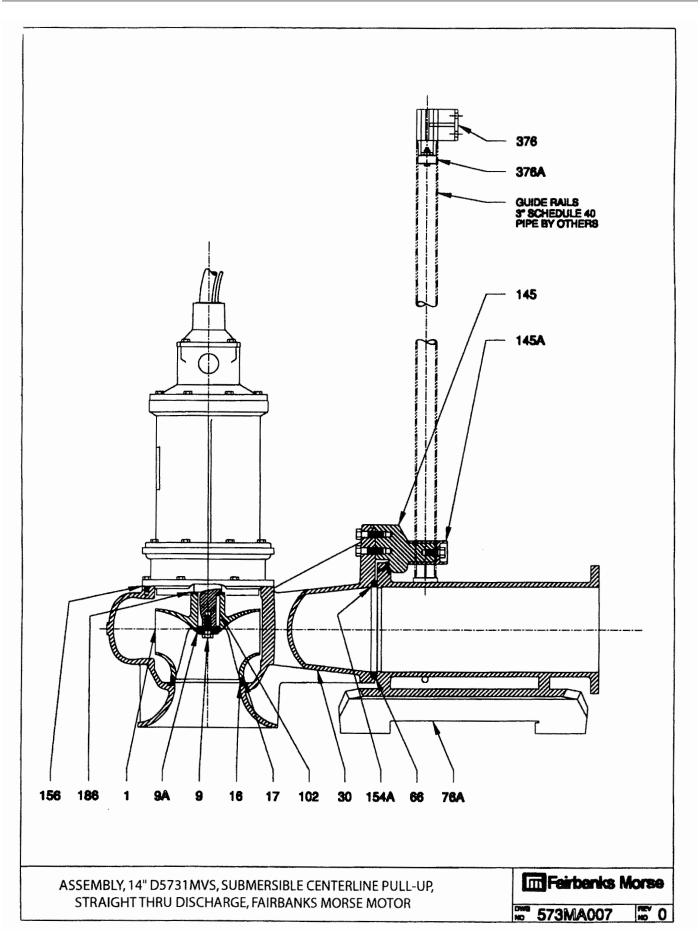


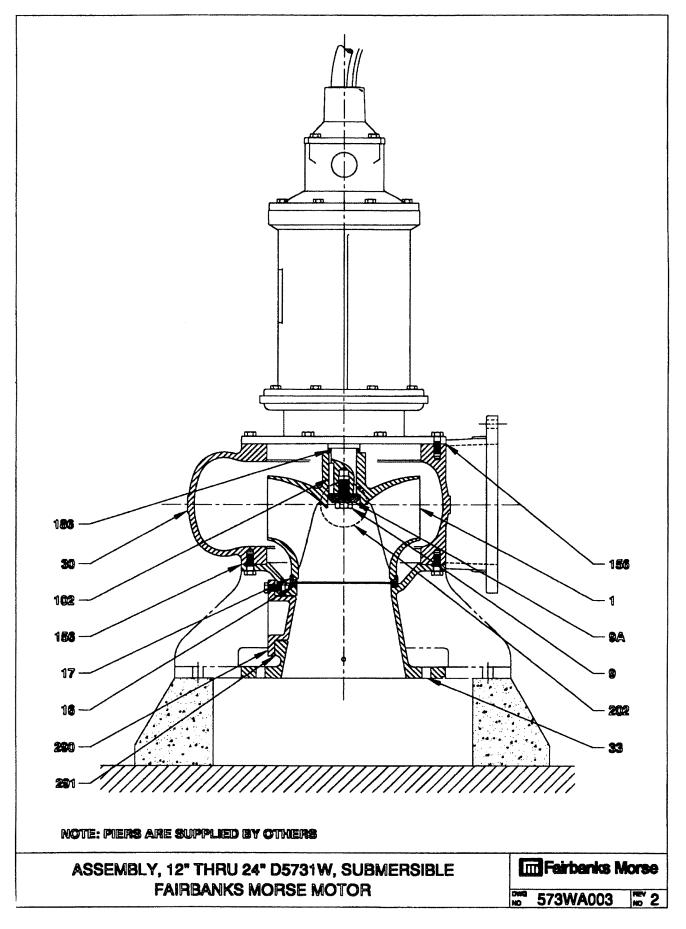
52

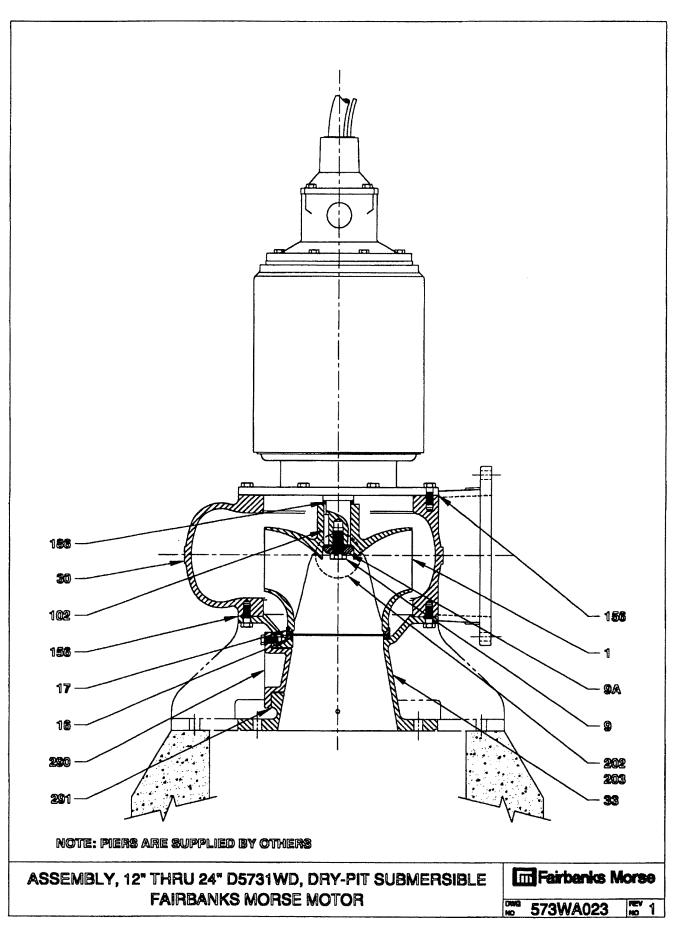


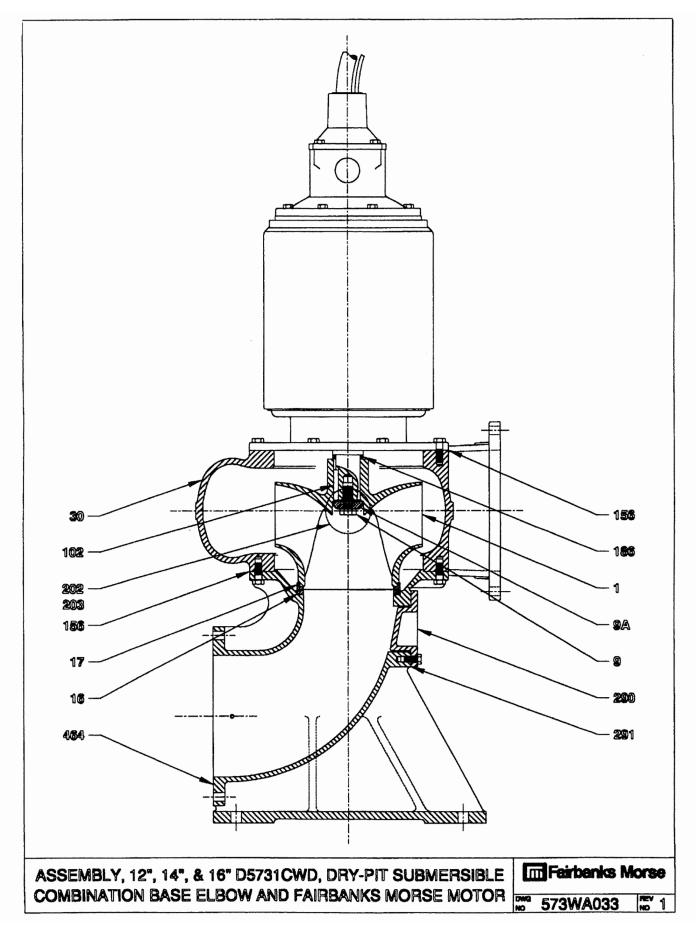


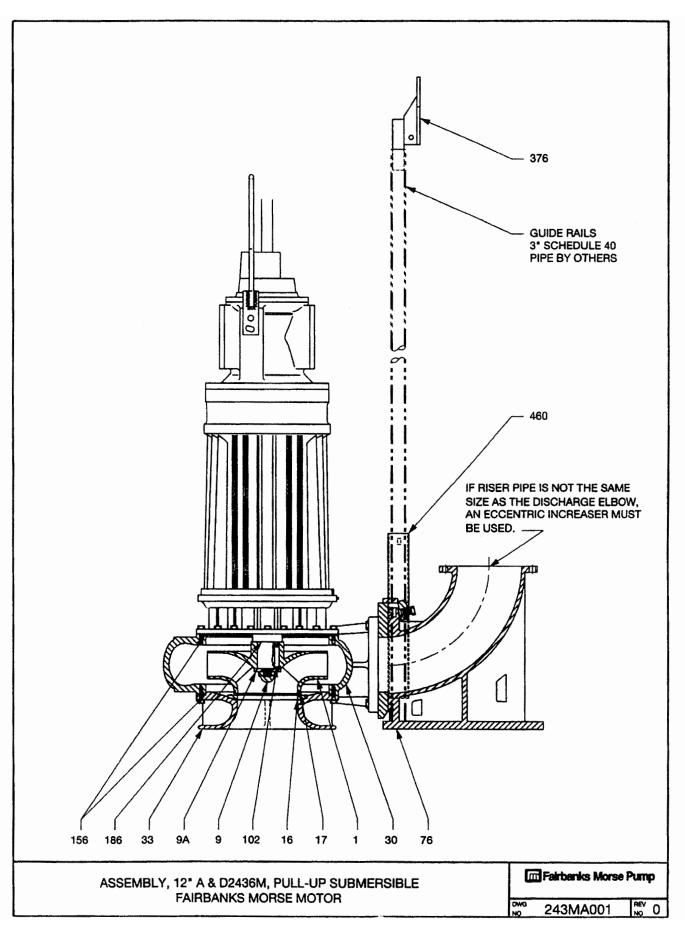


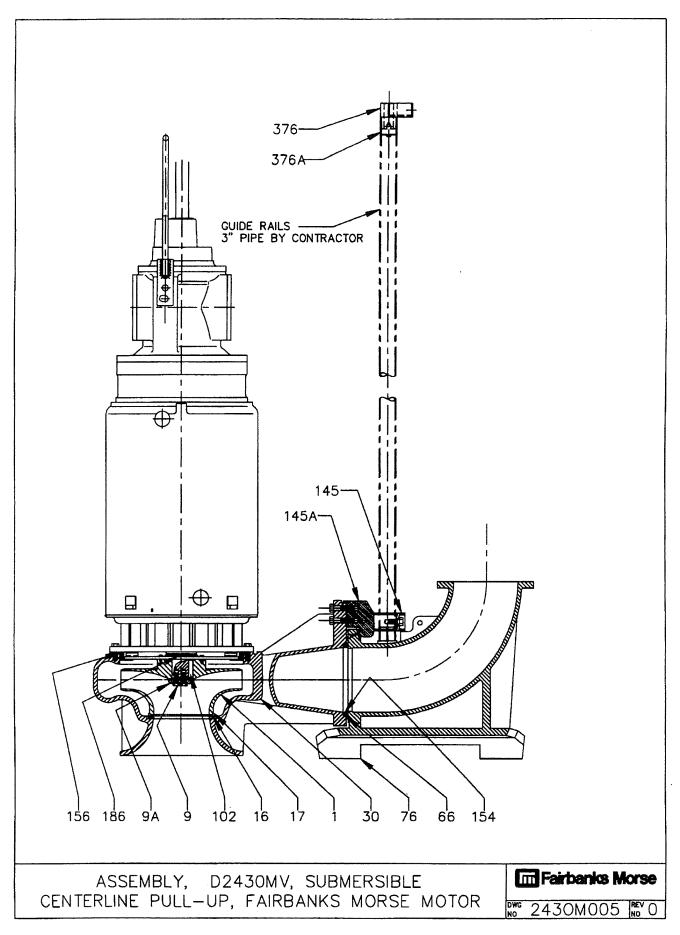


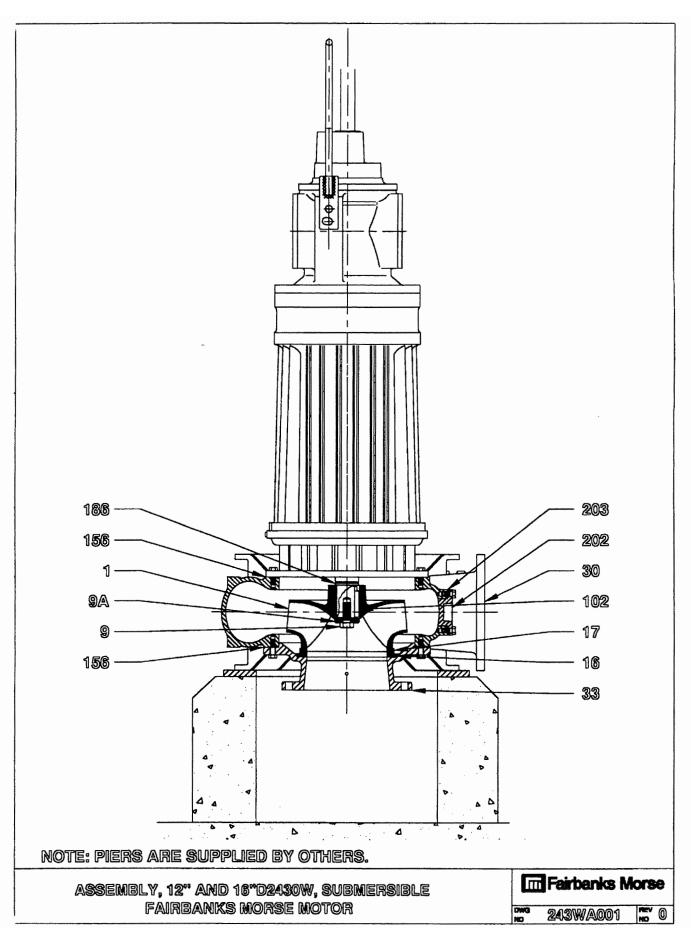


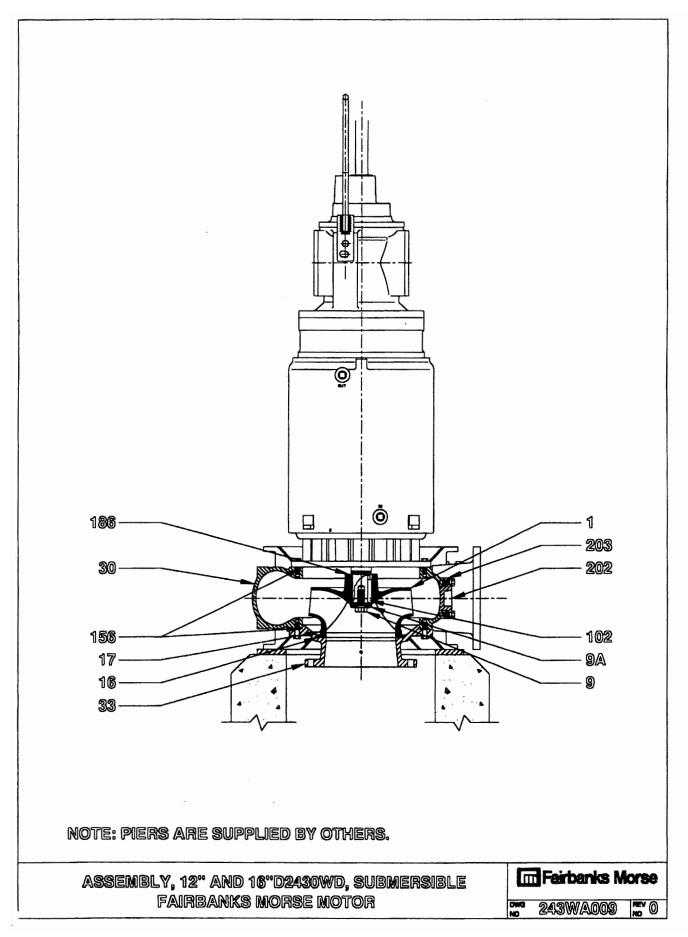






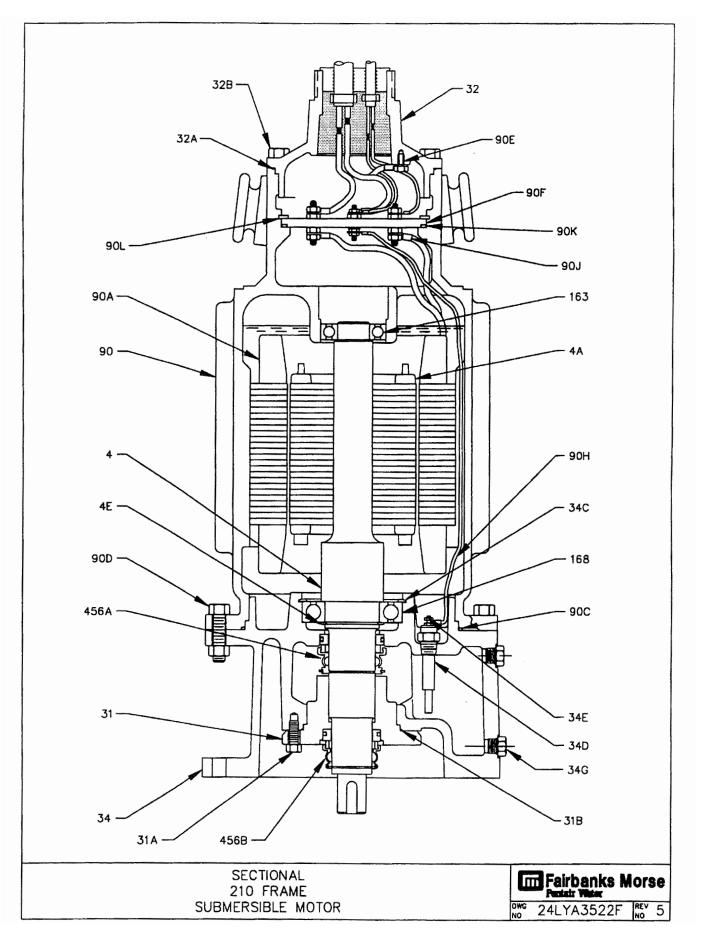


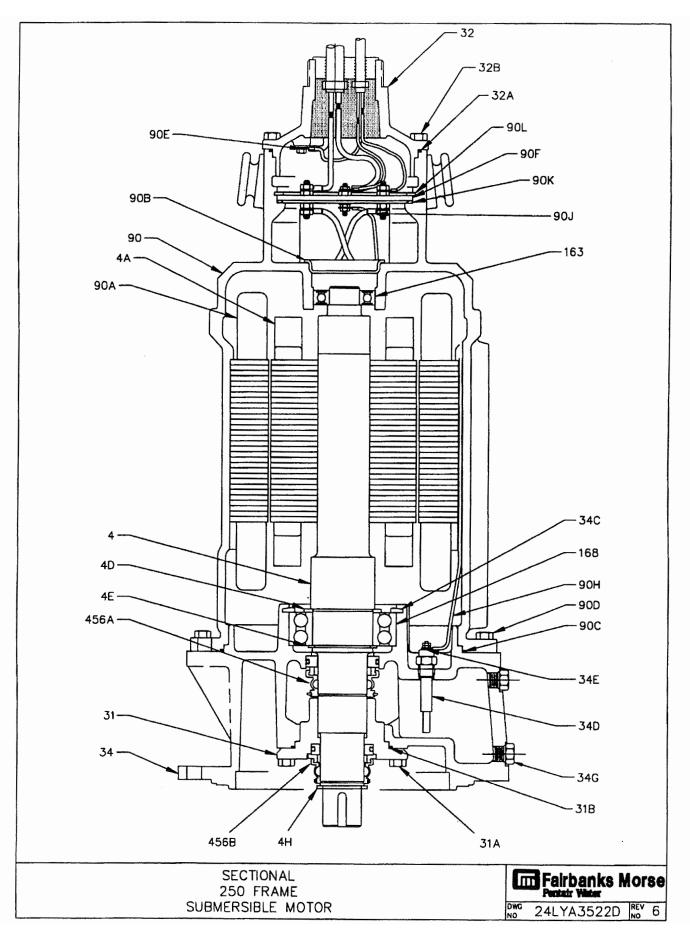


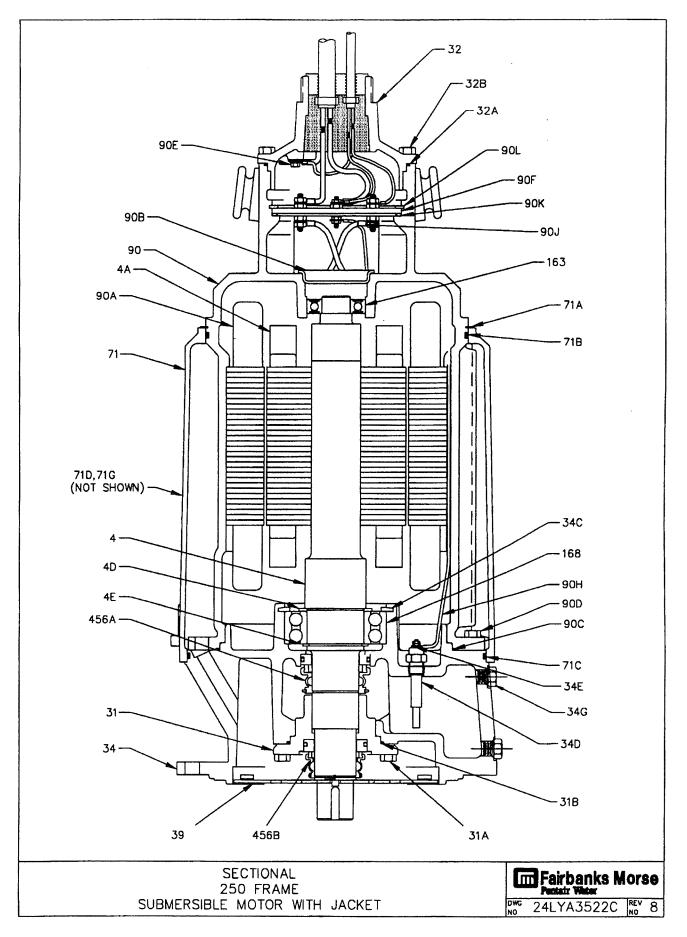


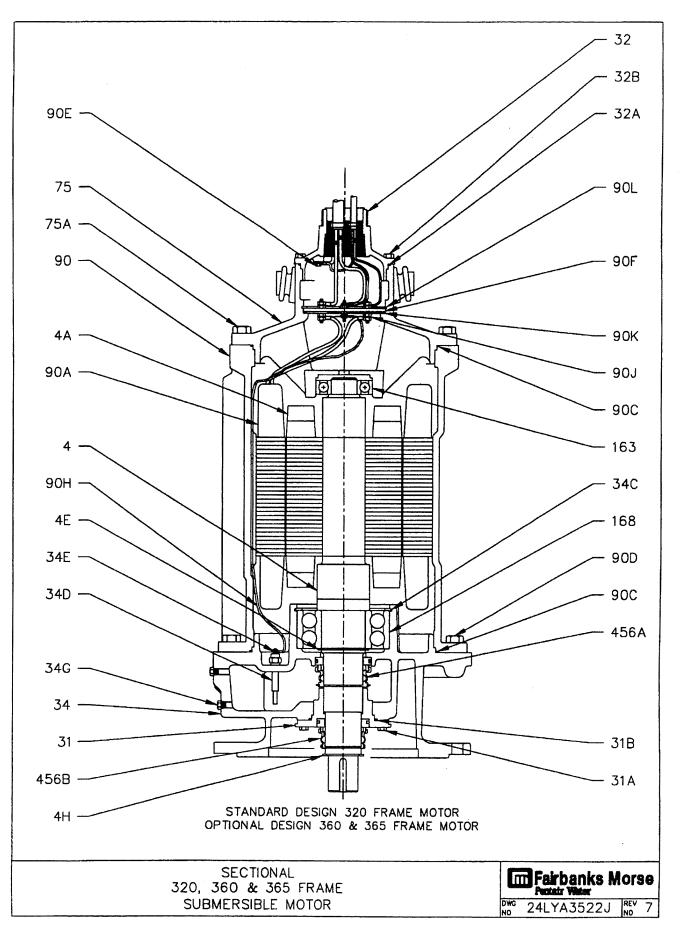
D5430, 5730 and 2430 M&W Parts Identification List

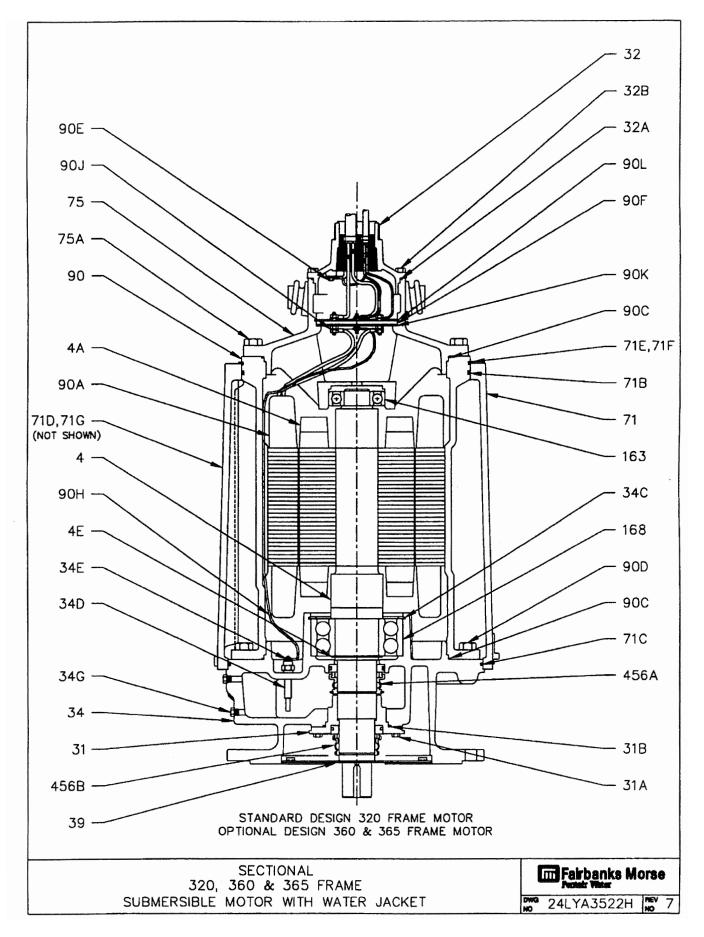
REFERENCE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	Impeller
9	Capscrew, Impeller
9A	Washer, Impeller
15	Base
16	Wear Ring, Fronthead
17	Wear Ring, Impeller
30	Volute
33	Fronthead
44	Elbow, Suction
66	Ring, Flange
76	Base Elbow, Discharge
102	Key, Impeller
145	Bracket, Guide
154	Gasket, Elbow
154A	Seal, Flange
156	Gasket, Volute
186	Shim, Impeller
202	Cover, Volute Handhole
203	Gasket, Volute Handhole Cover
290	Cover, Suction Elbow Handhole
291	Gasket, Suction Elbow Handhole Cover
376	Bracket, Upper Guide
376A	Bushing, Upper Guide Bracket
460	Coupling, Discharge

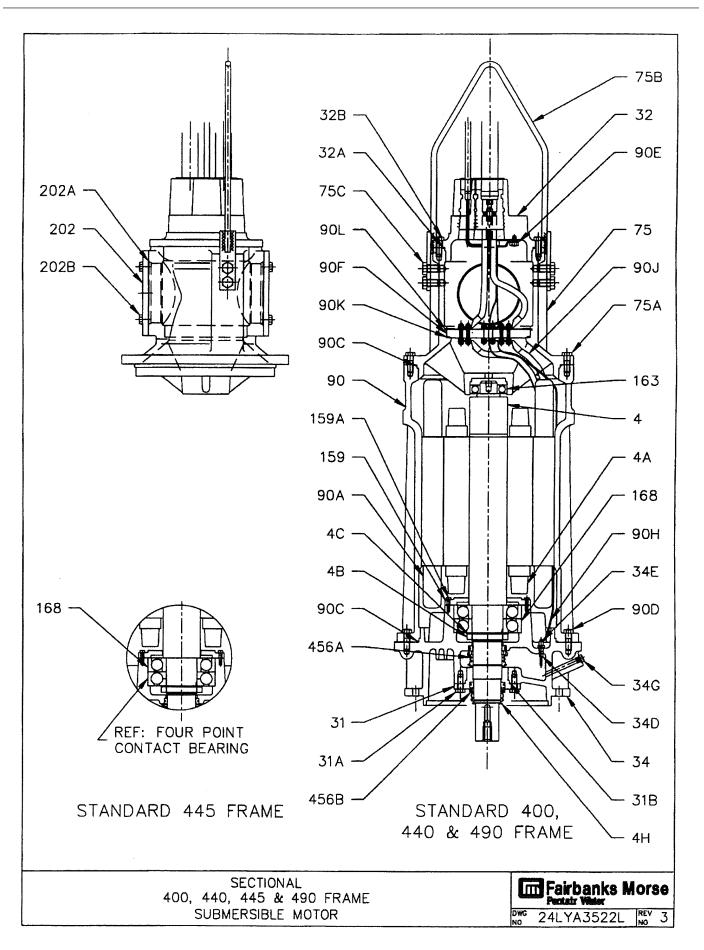


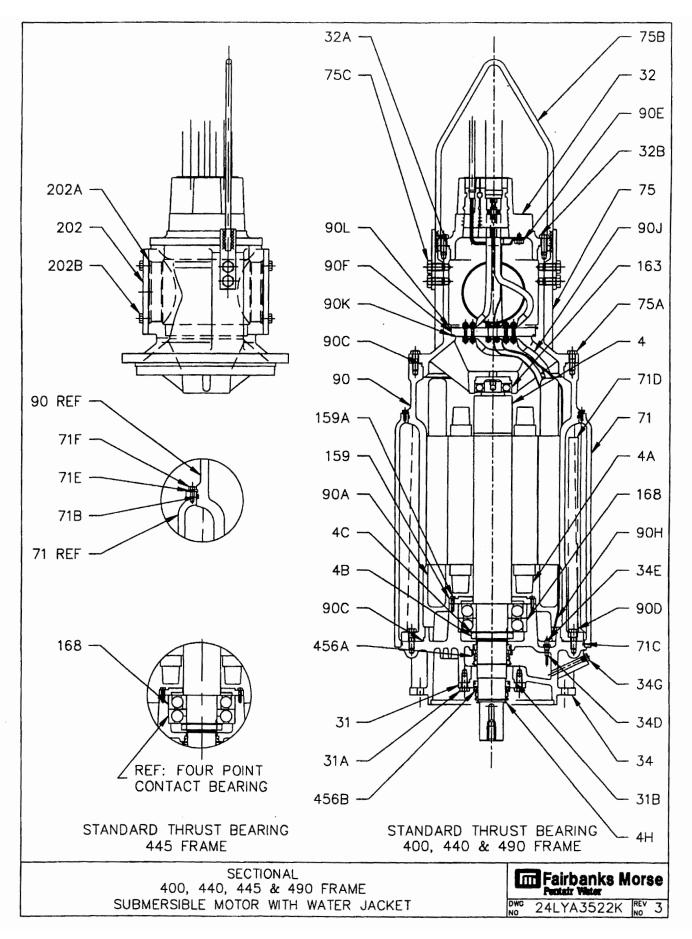




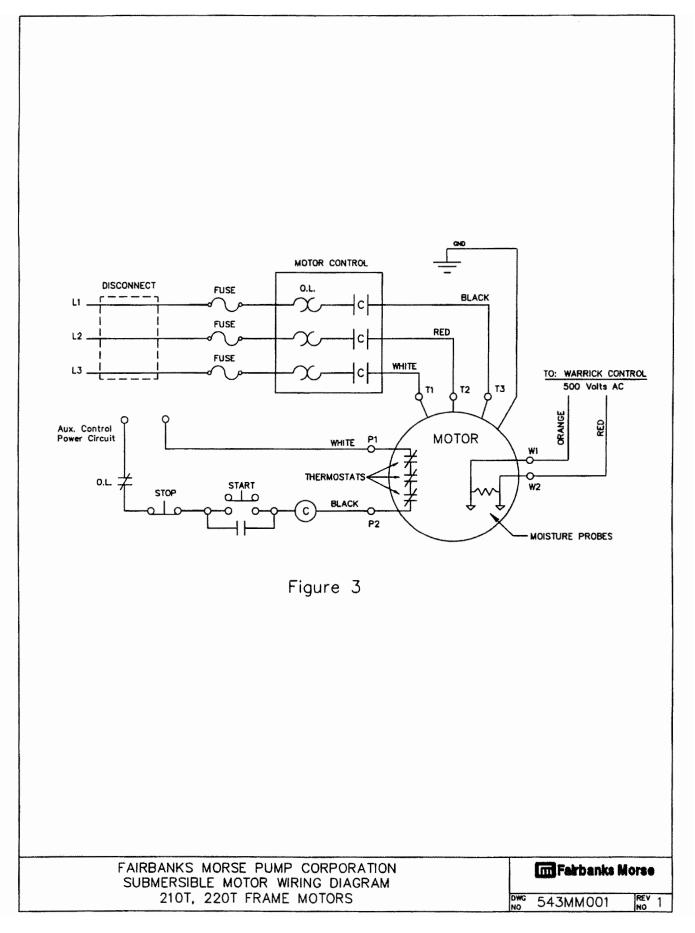


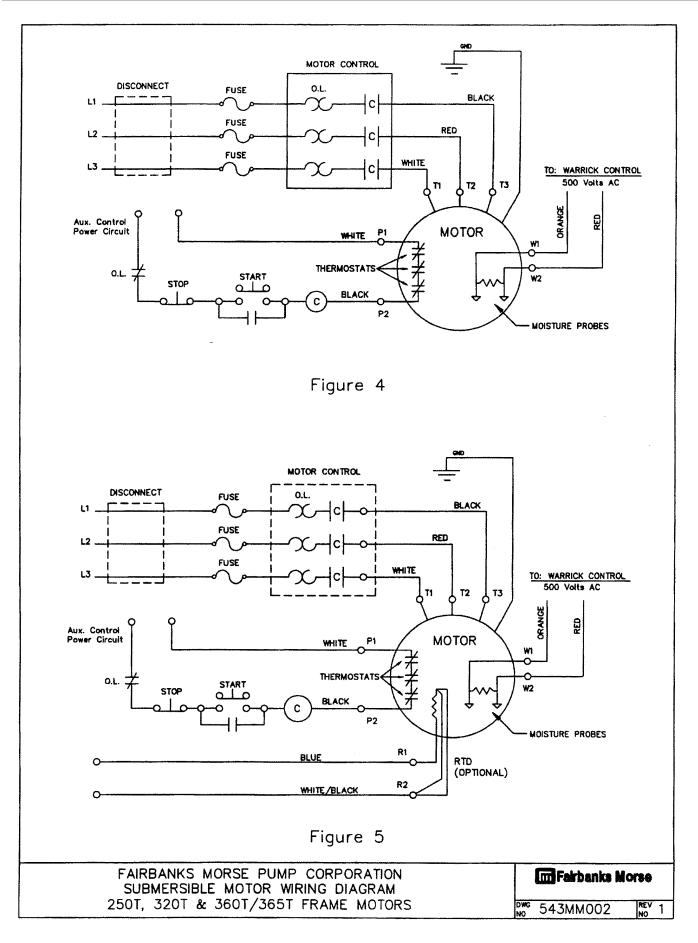


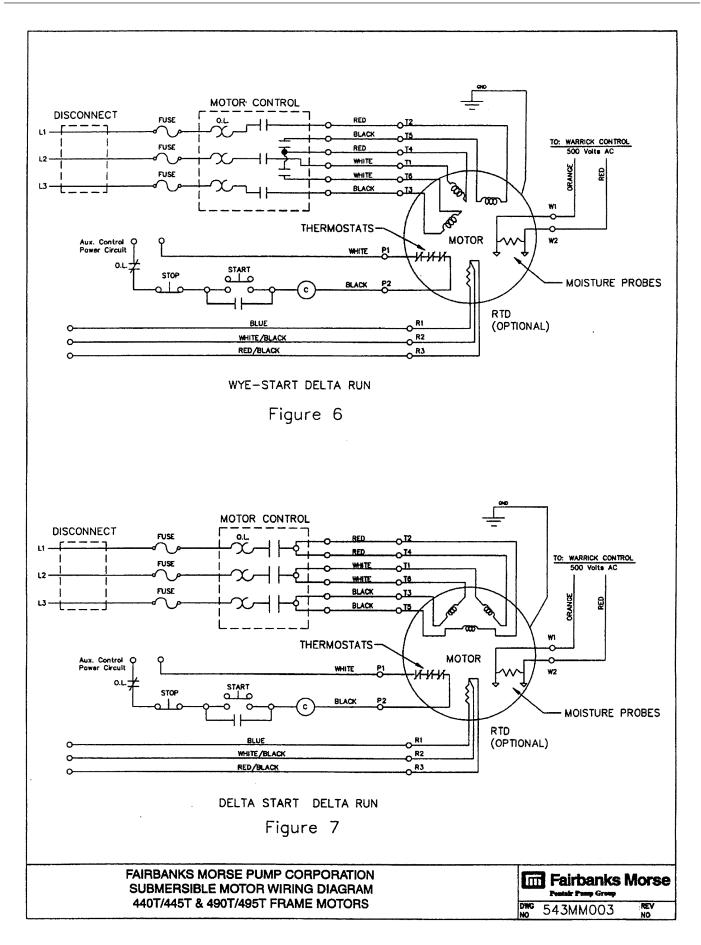


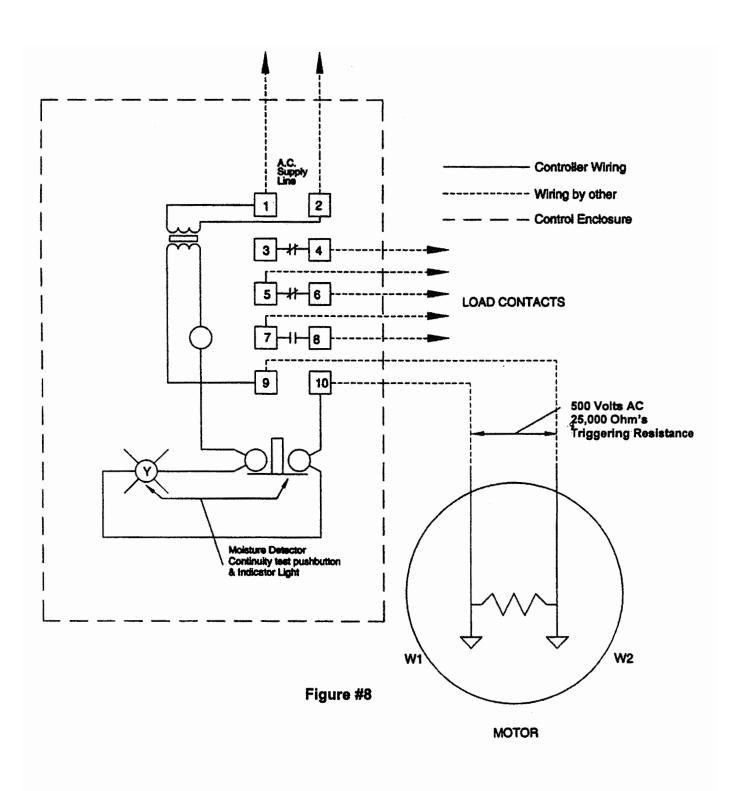


4 4A			SPECIFICATION (1)
44	SHAFT, MOTOR	STAINLESS STEEL	A582 TYPE 416
	ROTOR		
4B	LOCKNUT	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
4C	LOCKWASHER	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
4D	WASHER, PRECISION	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
4E	RETAINING RING, BEARING	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
4H	SPACER	STAINLESS STEEL	18-8
31	GLAND, SEAL	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
31A	CAPSCREW, GLAND SEAL	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
318	O-RING, GLAND SEAL	RUBBER	BUNA-N
32	COVER, CABLE ASSEMBLY		
32A	O-RING, COVER	RUBBER	BUNA-N
328	CAPSCREWS, COVER	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
34	LOWER BEARING HOUSING	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
34C	RETAINING RING, BEARING	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
34D	MOISTURE DETECTORS		COMMERCIAL
34E	RESISTOR		
34F	PIPE PLUGS, WATER SEAL	CAST IRON	COMMERCIAL
34G	INSPECTION PLUG	STAINLESS STEEL	the second s
39	CIRCULATOR	STAINLESS STEEL	A167 TYPE 304
71	WATER JACKET	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
71A	RETAINING RING, WATER JACKET	STAINLESS STEEL	COMMERCIAL
71B	O-RING, UPPER JACKET	RUBBER	BUNA-N
71C	O-RING, LOWER JACKET	RUBBER	BUNA-N
71D	STAND TUBE	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
71E	RETAINER, JACKET	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
71F	CAPSCREW, JACKET	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
71G	PIPE PLUG, NPT	CAST IRON	COMMERCIAL
75	MOTOR HOUSING, TOP	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
75A	CAPSCREWS, TOP HOUSING	STAINLESS STEEL	
758	BAIL, LIFTING		AISI TYPE 316 OR 17-4PH
75C	CAPSCREWS, BAIL	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
90	MOTOR HOUSING	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
90A	STATOR		
908	HOLE COVER	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
90C	O-RING, HOUSING	RUBBER	BUNA-N
90D	CAPSCREW, HOUSING	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
90E	GROUND SCREW		COMMERCIAL
90F	TERMINAL BOARD ASSEMBLY		
90H	LEADS, MOISTURE DETECTOR		
90J	INSULATOR, SHRINK TUBE	POLYOLEFIN	COMMERCIAL
90K	O-RING, TERM BOARD	RUBBER	BUNA-N
90L	RETAINING RING, TERM BOARD	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
159	COVER, LOWER BEARING	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
159A		and the second se	AISI TYPE 316
163	BEARING, RADIAL	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
168	BEARING, THRUST	STEEL	COMMERCIAL
456A	INNER MECHANICAL SEAL		
456B	OUTER MECHANICAL SEAL		
202	COVER, HANDHOLE	CAST IRON	A48 CL30
202A	O-RING, HANDHOLE COVER	RUBBER	BUNA-N
202B	CAPSCREW, HANDHOLE COVER	STAINLESS STEEL	AISI TYPE 316
AN[2. 0P1	. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS ARE ASTI D ARE FOR DESCRIPTION OF CHEMISTI TIONAL O-RING MATERIAL VITON AND TERIALS ARE AVAILABLE.	RY ONLY.	•
	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS FAIRBANKS MORSE SUBMERSIBLE MOTORS		Fairbanks M

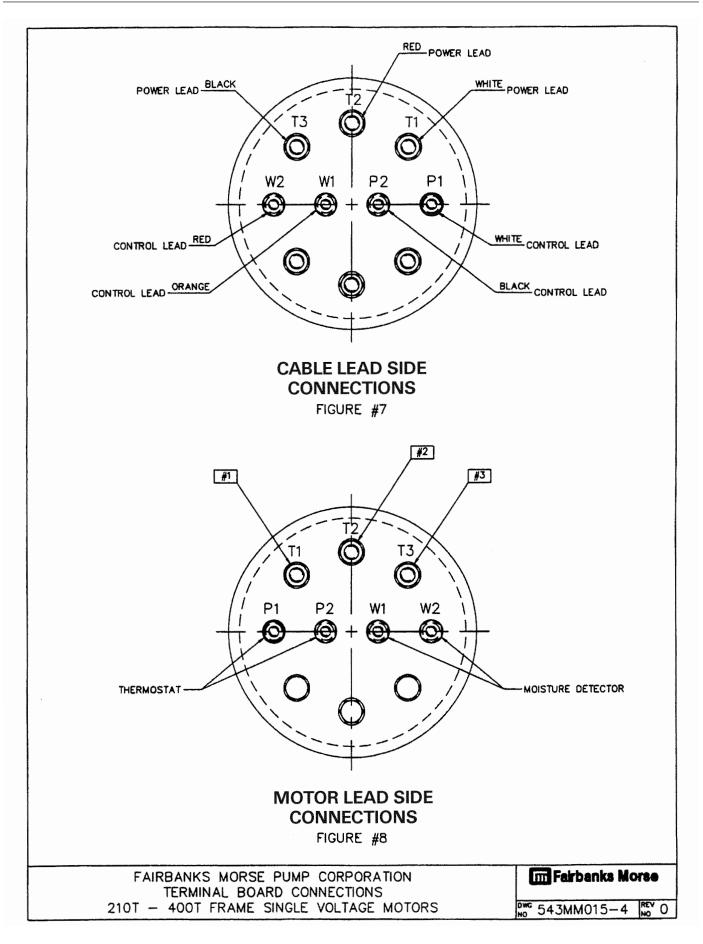


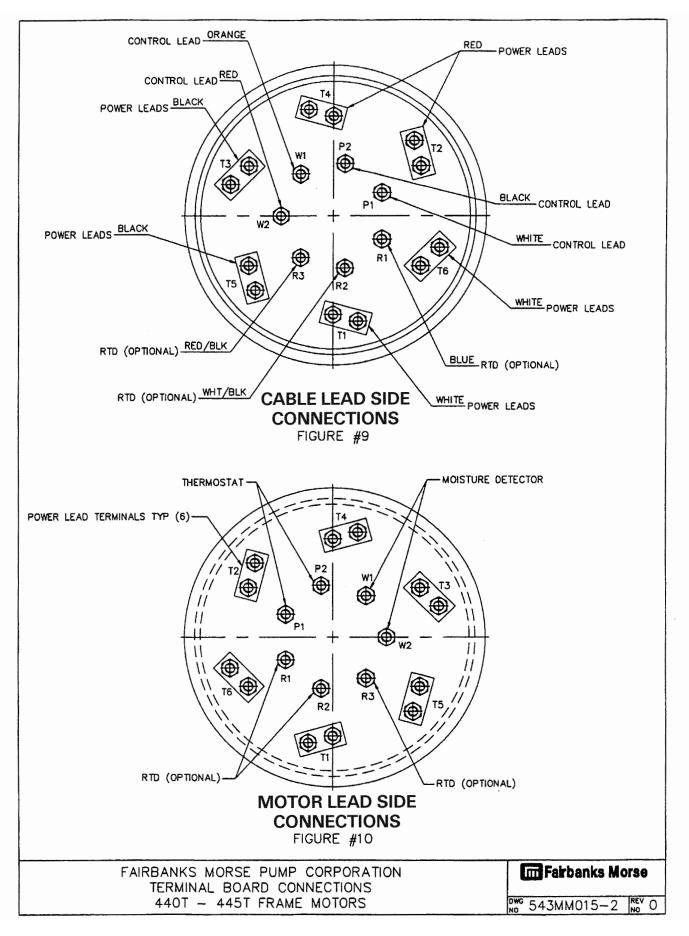


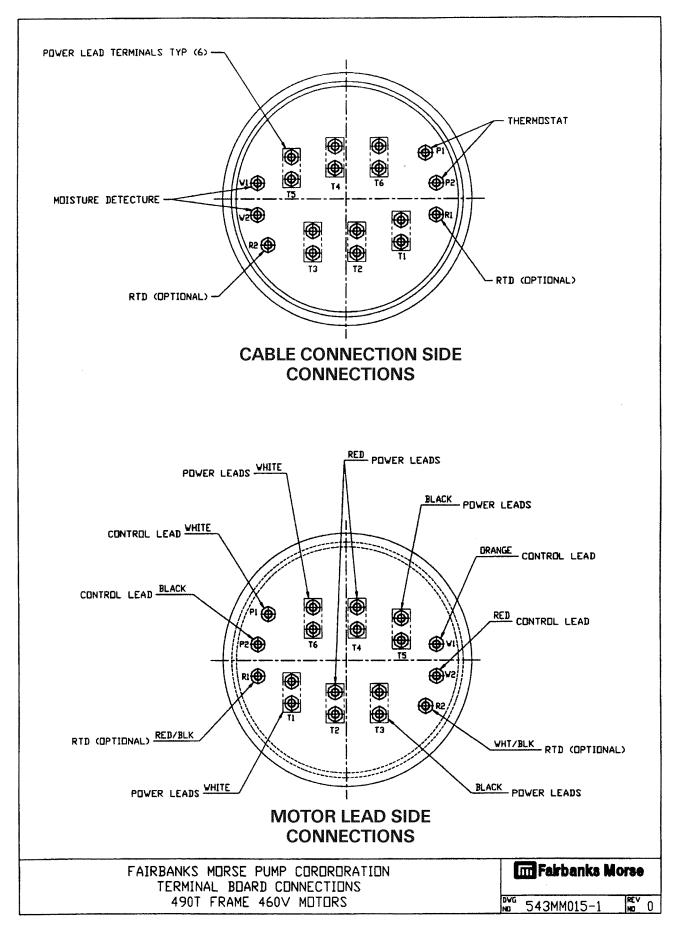


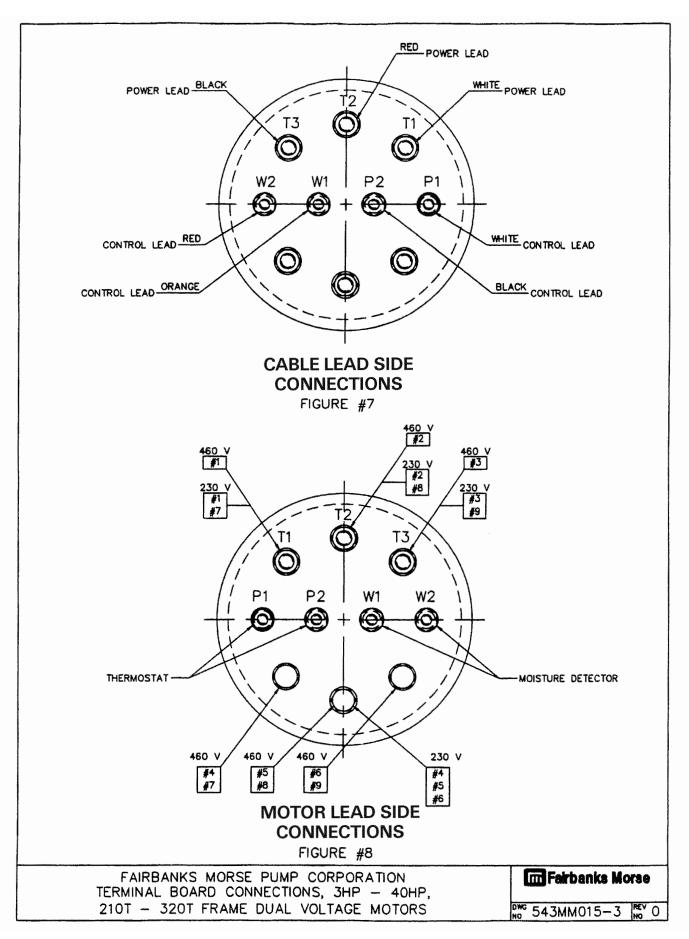


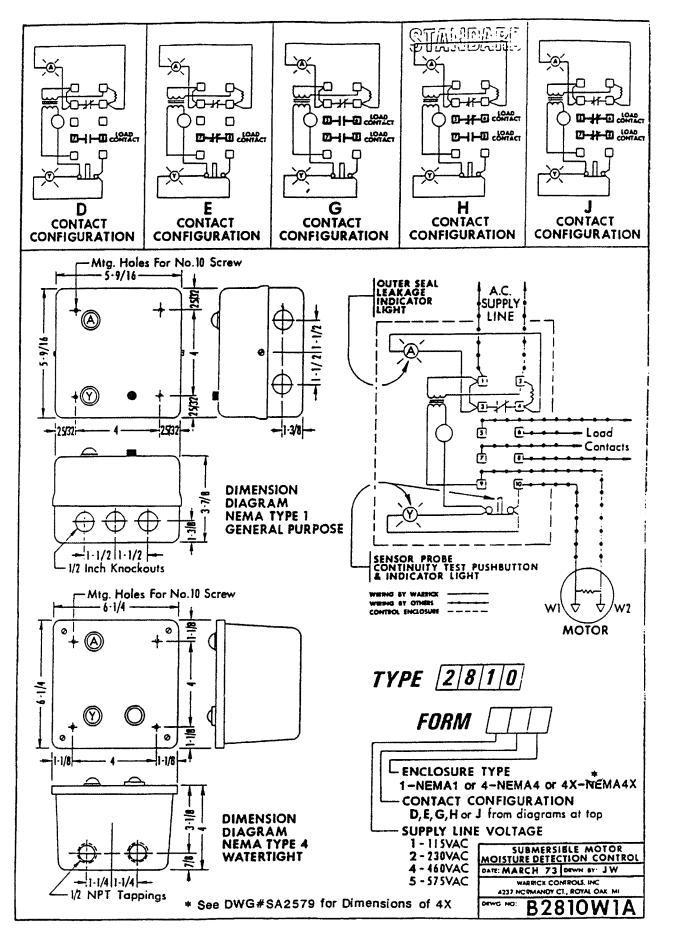
MOISTURE DETECTION CONTROLLER

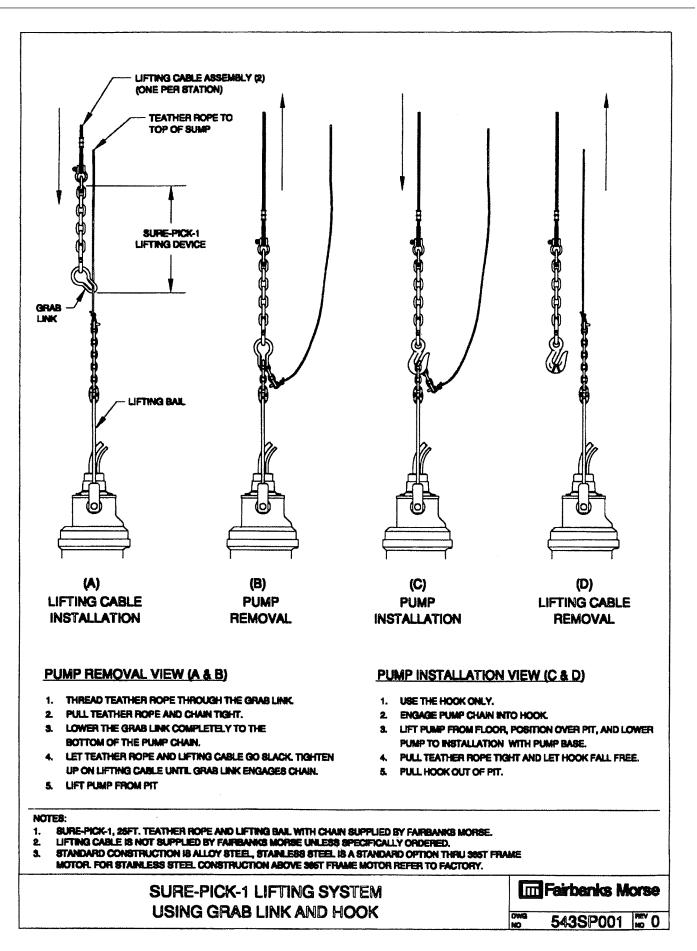


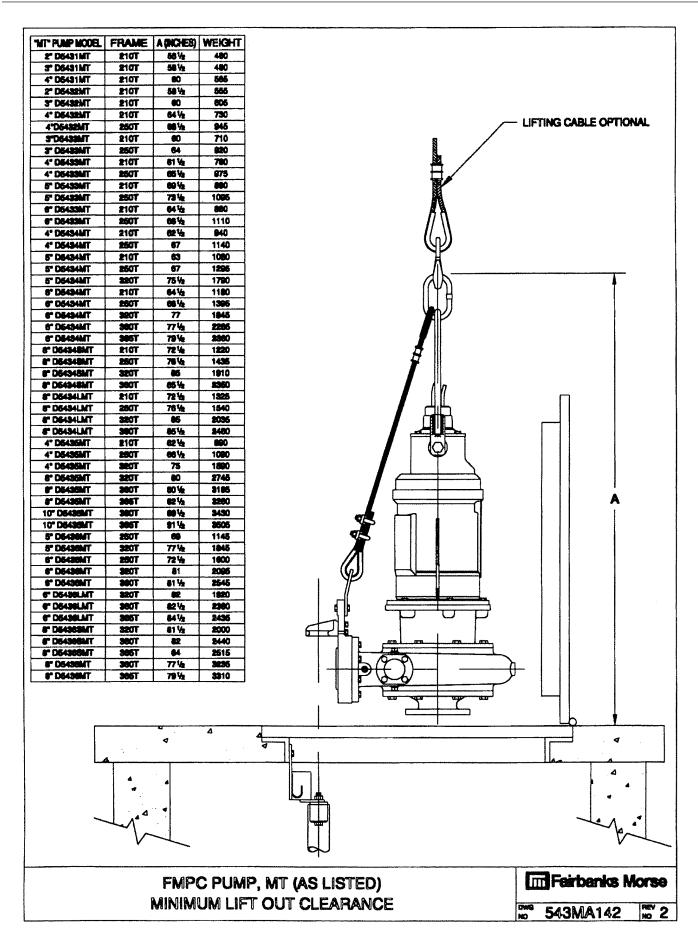


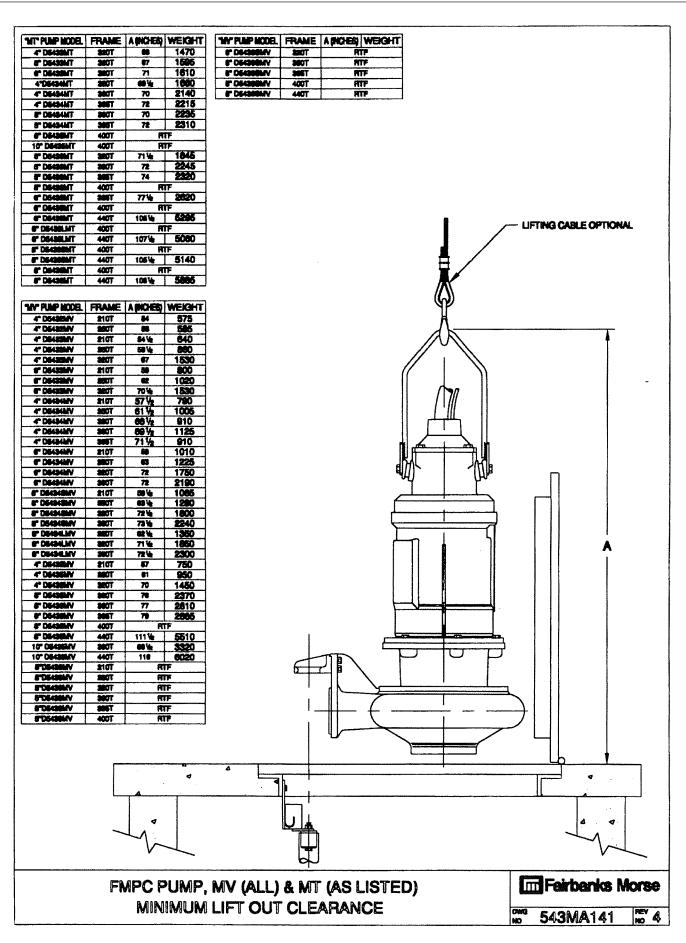












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NOTE: Fairbanks Morse reserves the right to make revisions to its products and their specifications, and to this bulletin and related information, without notice.



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