

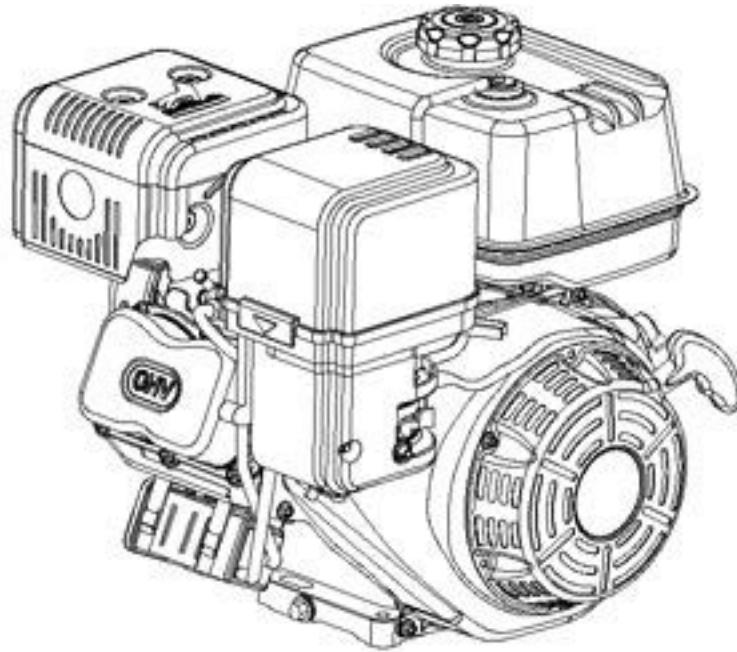


HYPRO®

PowerPro Gasoline Engines

Form L-1512
5/12, Rev. B

Operation, Repair, and Parts Manual



PowerPro Model Number 200 and 390

- HY200 (6.5 hp) - 2541-0045 (3/4" keyed shaft)
2541-0046 (5/8" threaded shaft)
- HY390 (13.0 hp) - 2541-0048 (1" keyed shaft)
2541-0049 (1" keyed shaft w/electric start)
2541-0050 (1" threaded shaft)
2541-0051 (1" threaded shaft w/electric start)

Note: Unit is not shipped with oil. Please add oil to engine prior to operating.

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READ THIS OWNER'S MANUAL CAREFULLY. Pay special attention to these symbols and any instructions that follow:

⚠ DANGER Indicates serious injury or death will result if instructions are not followed.

⚠ WARNING Indicates a strong possibility that serious injury or death could result if instructions are not followed.

⚠ CAUTION Indicates a possibility that minor injury could result if instructions are not followed.

NOTICE Indicates that equipment or property damage can result if instructions are not followed.

NOTE Gives helpful information.

Engine Safety Information

▲ California Proposition 65 Warning -- This product and related accessories contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Most accidents with engines can be prevented if you follow all instructions in this manual and on the engine. Some of the most common hazards are discussed below, along with the best way to protect yourself and others.

Owner Responsibilities

- The engines are designed to give safe and dependable service if operated according to instructions. Read and understand this owner's manual before operating the engine. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.
- Know how to stop the engine quickly, and understand the operation of all controls. Never permit anyone to operate the engine without proper instructions.
- Do not allow children to operate the engine. Keep children and pets away from the area of operation.

Refuel with Care

Gasoline is extremely flammable, and gasoline vapor can explode. Refuel outdoors, in a well-ventilated area, with the engine stopped. Never smoke near gasoline, and keep other flames and sparks away. Always store gasoline in an approved container. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.

Hot Exhaust

- The muffler becomes very hot during operation and remains hot for a while after stopping the engine. Be careful not to touch the muffler while it is hot. Let the engine cool before storing it indoors.
- To prevent fire hazards and to provide adequate ventilation for stationary equipment applications, keep the engine at least 3 feet (1 meter) away from building walls and other equipment during operation. Do not place flammable objects close to the engine.

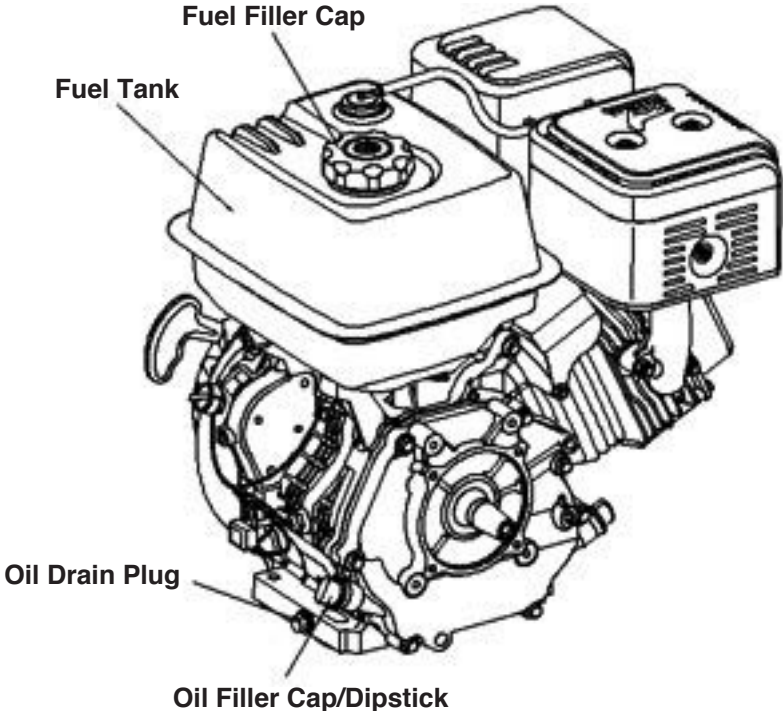
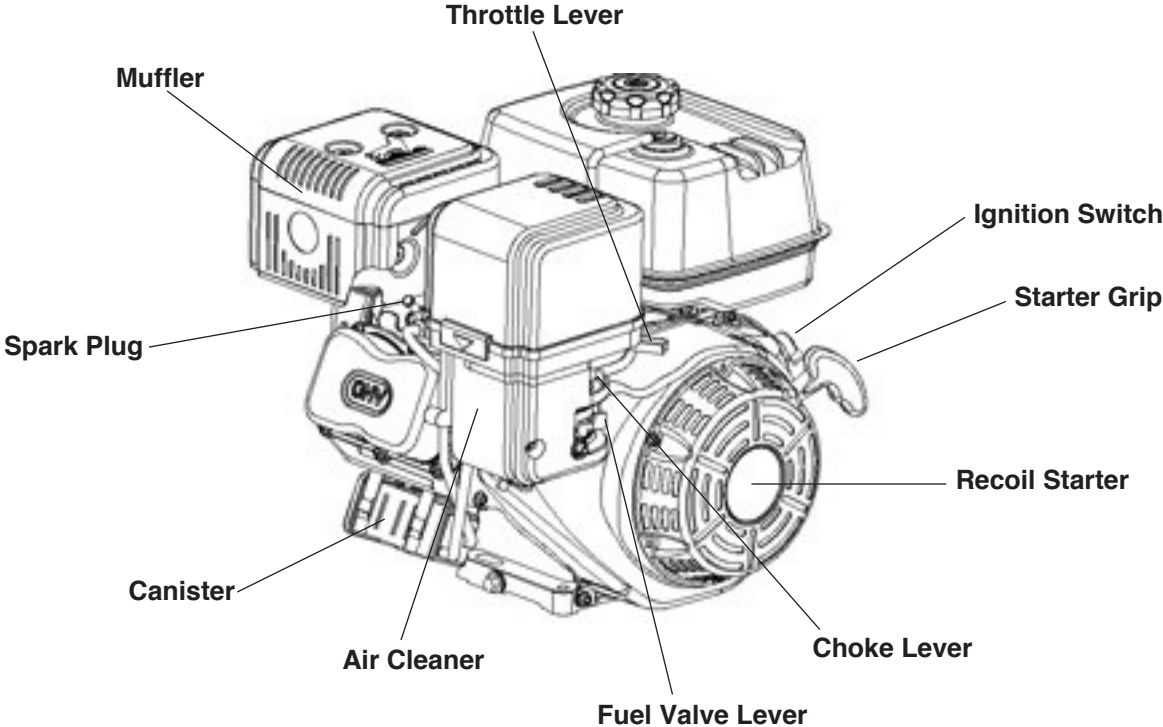
Carbon Monoxide Hazard

Exhaust gas contains poisonous carbon monoxide. Avoid inhalation of exhaust gas. Never run the engine in a closed garage or confined area.

Other Equipment

Review the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine for any additional safety precautions that should be observed in conjunction with engine startup, shutdown, operation, or protective apparel that may be needed to operate the equipment.

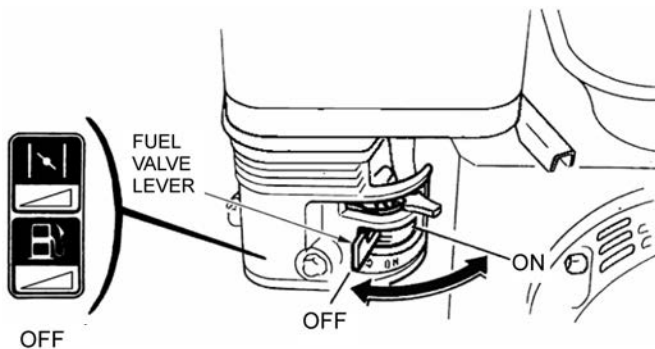
Components & Control Locations



Controls

Fuel Valve Lever

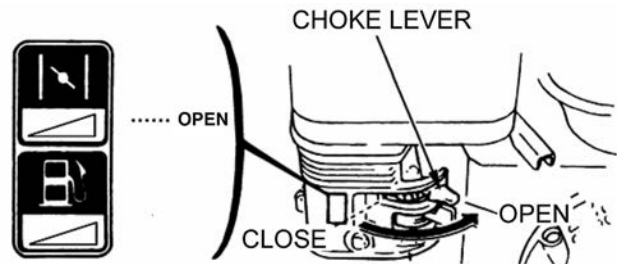
The fuel valve opens and closes the passage between the fuel tank and the carburetor. The fuel valve lever must be in the ON position for the engine to run. When the engine is not in use, leave the fuel valve lever in the OFF position to prevent carburetor flooding and to reduce the possibility of fuel leakage.



Choke Lever

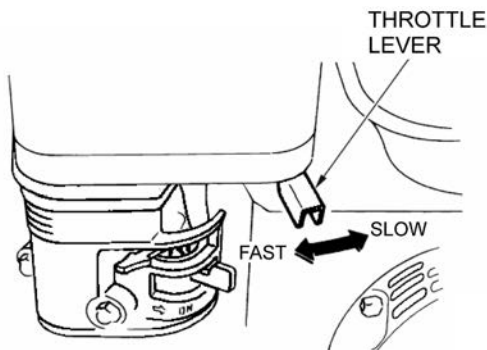
The choke lever opens and closes the choke valve in the carburetor. The CLOSE position enriches the fuel mixture for starting a cold engine. The OPEN position provides the correct fuel mixture for operation after starting and for restarting a warm engine.

Some engine applications use a remotely-mounted choke control rather than the engine-mounted choke lever shown here.



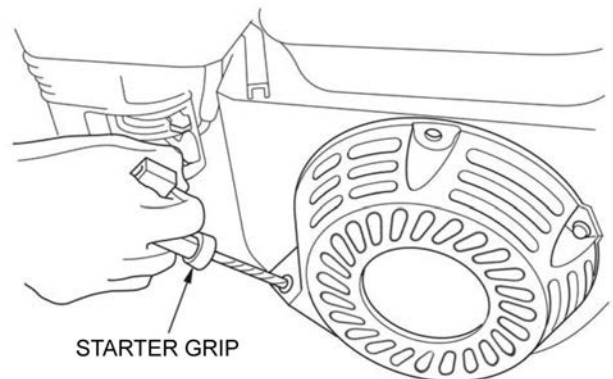
Throttle Lever

The throttle lever controls engine speed. Moving the throttle lever in the directions (shown below) makes the engine run faster or slower.



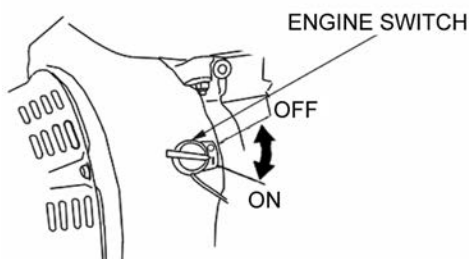
Recoil Starter Grip

Pulling the starter grip operates the recoil starter to crank the engine.



Engine Switch

The engine switch enables and disables the ignition system. The engine switch must be in the ON position for the engine to run. Turning the engine switch to the OFF position stops the engine.



Check Before Operation

IS YOUR ENGINE READY TO GO?

For your safety, and to maximize the service life of your equipment, it is very important to take a few moments before you operate the engine to check its condition. Be sure to take care of any problem you find, or have your servicing dealer correct it, prior to operating the engine.

▲ WARNING

Improperly maintaining this engine, or failing to correct a problem before operation, could cause a malfunction in which you could be seriously injured.

Always perform a preoperation inspection before each operation, and correct any problem.

Before beginning your preoperation checks, be sure the engine is level and the engine switch is in the OFF position.

Check the General Condition of the Engine

- Look around and underneath the engine for signs of oil or gasoline leaks.
- Remove any excessive dirt or debris, especially around the muffler and recoil starter.
- Look for signs of damage.
- Check that all shields and covers are in place, and all nuts, bolts, and screws are tightened.

Check the Engine

- Check the engine oil level. Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage. The Low Oil Sensor (applicable engine types) will automatically stop the engine before the oil level falls below safe limits. However, to avoid the inconvenience of an unexpected shutdown, always check the engine oil level before startup.
- Check the air filter. A dirty air filter will restrict air flow to the carburetor, reducing engine performance.
- Check the fuel level. Starting with a full tank will help to eliminate or reduce operating interruptions for refueling.

Check the Equipment Powered by this Engine

Review the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine for any precautions and procedures that should be followed before engine startup.

Operation

SAFE OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

Before operating the engine for the first time, please review the **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION** and the section titled **BEFORE OPERATION**.

⚠ WARNING

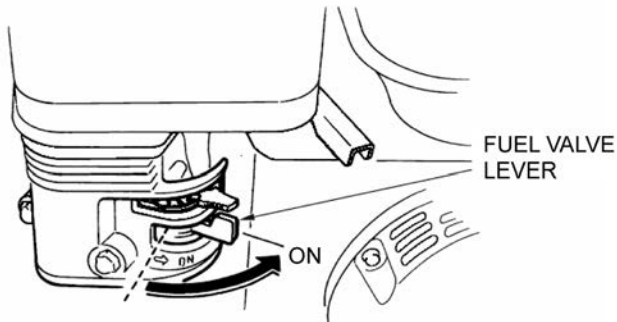
Carbon monoxide gas is toxic. Breathing it can cause unconsciousness and even death.

Avoid any areas or actions that expose you to carbon monoxide.

Review the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine for any safety precautions that should be observed in conjunction with engine startup, shutdown, or operation.

STARTING THE ENGINE

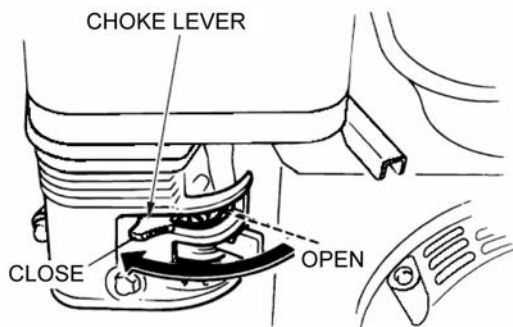
1. Move the fuel valve lever to the ON position.



2. To start a cold engine, move the choke lever to the CLOSE position.

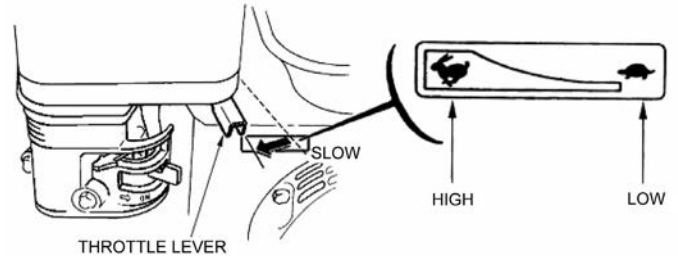
To restart a warm engine, leave the choke lever in the OPEN position.

Some engine applications use a remotely-mounted choke control rather than the engine-mounted choke lever shown here.

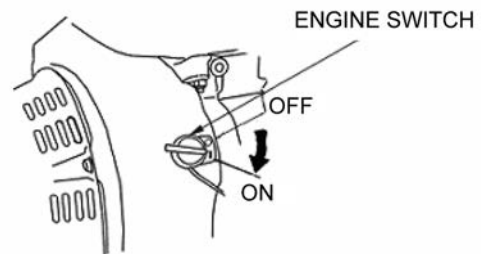


3. Move the throttle lever away from the SLOW position, about 1/3 of the way toward the FAST position.

Some engine applications use a remotely-mounted throttle control rather than the engine-mounted throttle lever shown here.



4. Turn the engine switch to the ON position.

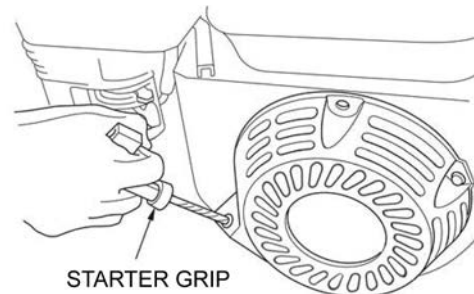


5. Operate the starter.

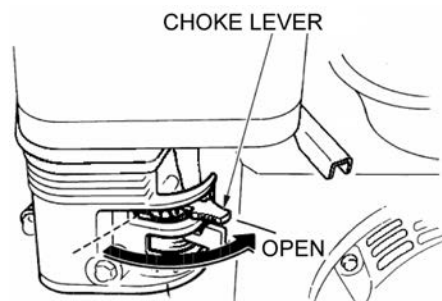
RECOIL STARTER (all engine types):

Pull the starter grip lightly until you feel resistance, then pull briskly.

Return the starter grip gently.



6. If the choke lever has been moved to the CLOSE position to start the engine, gradually move it to the OPEN position as the engine warms up.

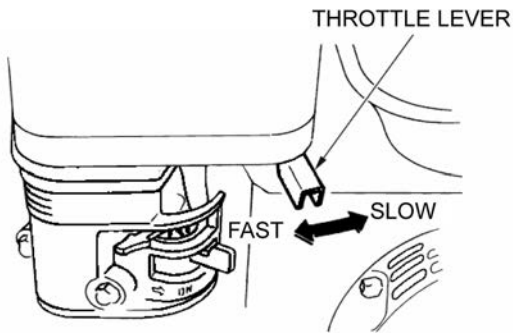


Operation

SETTING ENGINE SPEED

Position the throttle lever for the desired engine speed. Some engine applications use a remotely-mounted throttle control rather than the engine-mounted throttle lever shown here.

For engine speed recommendations, refer to the instructions provided with the equipment powered by this engine.

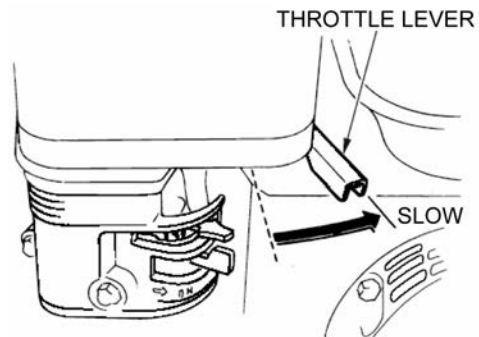


STOPPING THE ENGINE

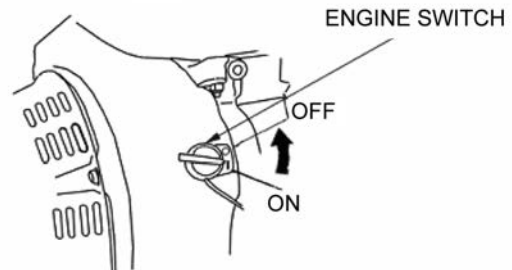
To stop the engine in an emergency, simply turn the engine switch to the OFF position. Under normal conditions, use the following procedure.

1. Move the throttle lever to the SLOW position.

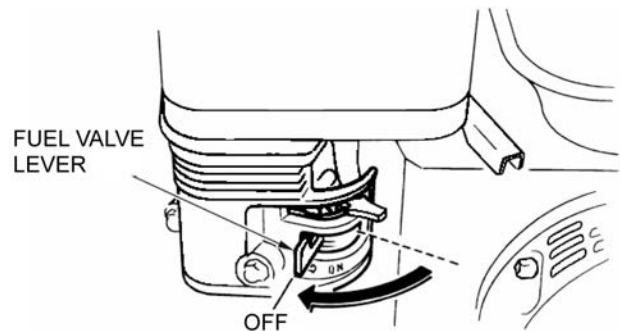
Some engine applications use a remotely-mounted throttle control rather than the engine-mounted throttle lever shown here.



2. Turn the engine switch to the OFF position.



3. Turn the fuel valve lever to the OFF position.



Maintenance

THE IMPORTANCE OF MAINTENANCE

Good maintenance is essential for safe, economical, and trouble-free operation. It will also help reduce air pollution.

⚠ WARNING

Improperly maintaining this engine, or failure to correct a problem before operation, can cause a malfunction in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Always follow the inspection and maintenance recommendations and schedules in this owner's manual.

To help you properly care for your engine, the following pages include a maintenance schedule, routine inspection procedures, and simple maintenance procedures using basic hand tools. Other service tasks that are more difficult, or require special tools, are best handled by professionals and are normally performed by a technician or other qualified mechanic.

The maintenance schedule applies to normal operating conditions. If you operate your engine under unusual conditions, such as sustained high-load or high-temperature operation, or use in unusually wet or dusty conditions, consult your servicing dealer for recommendations applicable to your individual needs and use.

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

Some of the most important safety precautions are as follows. (Note: We cannot warn you of every conceivable hazard that can arise in performing maintenance. Only you can decide whether or not you should perform a given task.)

⚠ WARNING

Failure to properly follow maintenance instructions and precautions can cause you to be seriously hurt or killed.

Always follow the procedures and precautions in the owner's manual.

Safety Precautions

- Make sure the engine is off before you begin any maintenance or repairs. This will eliminate several potential hazards:
 - Carbon monoxide poisoning from engine exhaust. Be sure there is adequate ventilation whenever you operate the engine.
 - Burns from hot parts. Let the engine and exhaust system cool before touching.
 - Injury from moving parts. Do not run the engine unless instructed to do so.
- Read the instructions before you begin, and make sure you have the tools and skills required to perform the maintenance.
- To reduce the possibility of fire or explosion, be careful when working around gasoline. Use only a nonflammable solvent, not gasoline, to clean parts. Keep cigarettes, sparks and flames away from all fuel-related parts.

Remember that your servicing dealer knows your engine best and is fully equipped to maintain and repair it.

To ensure the best quality and reliability, use only new, genuine parts or their equivalents for repair and replacement.

Maintenance

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

REGULAR SERVICE PERIOD Performed at every indicated month or operating hour interval, whichever comes first.		Item	Each use	First month or 20 hours	Every 3 months or 50 hours	Every 6 months or 100 hours	Every year or 300 hours
•	Engine oil	Check level	°				
		Change		°		°	
•	Air cleaner	Check	°				
		Clean			°(1)		
		Replace					°†
•	Sediment cup	Clean				°	
•	Spark plug	Check-Clean				°	
		Replace					°
	Spark arrester (optional parts)	Clean				°	
•	Idle speed	Check-Adjust					°(2)
•	Valve clearance	Check-Adjust					°(2)
•	Fuel tank and strainer	Clean					°(2)
•	Combustion chamber	Clean	After every 300 Hrs. (2)				
•	Fuel line	Check	Every 2 years (Replace if necessary) (2)				

°Emission-related items.

† Replace the paper element type only.

(1) Service more frequently when used in dusty areas.

(2) These items should be serviced by your servicing dealer unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically proficient.

REFUELING

Part Number	HP	Fuel Tank Capacity	
2541-0045	6.5	3.6 L	0.95 Gal
2541-0046			
2541-0048	13	6.5 L	1.7 Gal
2541-0049			
2541-0050			
2541-0051			

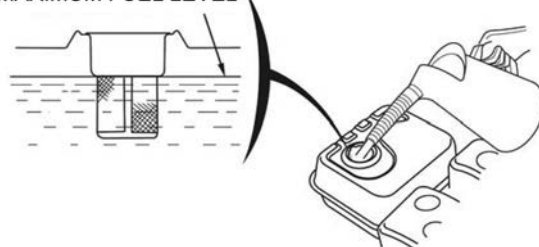
With the engine stopped, remove the fuel tank cap and check the fuel level. Refill the tank if the fuel level is low.

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- **Stop the engine and keep heat, sparks and flame away.**
- **Handle fuel only outdoors.**
- **Wipe up spills immediately.**

MAXIMUM FUEL LEVEL



Refuel in a well-ventilated area before starting the engine. If the engine has been running, allow it to cool. Refuel carefully to avoid spilling fuel. Do not fill above the fuel strainer shoulder. After refueling, tighten the fuel tank cap securely.

Never refuel the engine inside a building where gasoline fumes may reach flames or sparks. Keep gasoline away from appliance pilot lights, barbecues, electric appliances, power tools, etc.

Maintenance

Spilled fuel is not only a fire hazard, it causes environmental damage. Wipe up spills immediately.

NOTICE

Fuel can damage paint and plastic. Be careful not to spill fuel when filling your fuel tank. Damage caused by spilled fuel is not covered under warranty.

FUEL RECOMMENDATIONS

Use unleaded gasoline with a pump octane rating of 86 or higher.

These engines are certified to operate on unleaded gasoline. Unleaded gasoline produces fewer engine and spark plug deposits and extends exhaust system life.

Never use stale or contaminated gasoline or an oil/gasoline mixture. Avoid getting dirt or water in the fuel tank.

Occasionally you may hear a light “spark knock” or “pinging” (metallic rapping noise) while operating under heavy loads. This is no cause for concern.

If spark knock or pinging occurs at a steady engine speed, under normal load, change brands of gasoline. If spark knock or pinging persists, see an authorized servicing dealer.

NOTICE

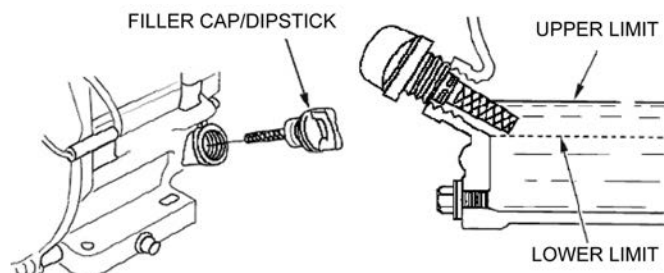
Running the engine with persistent spark knock or pinging can cause engine damage.

Running the engine with persistent spark knock or pinging is considered misuse, and Hypro's Limited Warranty does not cover parts damaged by misuse.

ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECK

Check the engine oil level with the engine stopped and in a level position.

1. Remove the filler cap/dipstick and wipe it clean.



2. Insert and remove the dipstick without screwing it into the filler neck. Check the oil level shown on the dipstick.

3. If the oil level is low, fill to the edge of the oil filler hole with the recommended oil.

4. Screw in the filler cap/dipstick securely.

NOTICE

Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage.

The Low Oil Sensor (applicable engine types) will automatically stop the engine before the oil level falls below safe limit. However, to avoid the inconvenience of an unexpected shutdown, always check the engine oil level before startup.

ENGINE OIL CHANGE

Drain the used oil while the engine is warm. Warm oil drains quickly and completely.

1. Place a suitable container below the engine to catch the used oil, and then remove the filler cap/dipstick and the drain plug.
2. Allow the used oil to drain completely, and then reinstall the drain plug and tighten it securely.

Please dispose of used motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take used oil in a sealed container to your local recycling center or service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash, pour it on the ground, or down a drain.

3. With the engine in a level position, fill to the outer edge of the oil filler hole with the recommended oil.

ENGINE OIL CAPACITIES:

Part Number	HP	Oil Capacity	
2541-0045	6.5	0.60 L	0.63 Qt
2541-0046			
2541-0048	13	1.1 L	1.2 Qt
2541-0049			
2541-0050			
2541-0051			

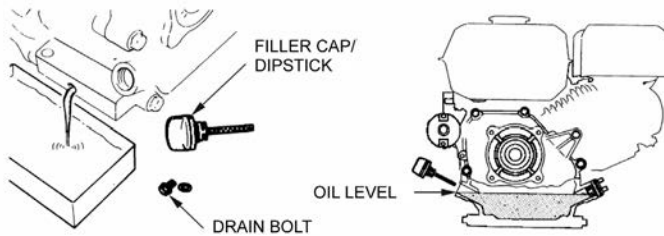
Running the engine with a low oil level can cause engine damage.

The Low Oil Sensor (applicable engine types) will automatically stop the engine before the oil level falls below the safe limit.

Maintenance

However, to avoid the inconvenience of an unexpected shutdown, fill to the upper limit, and check the oil level regularly.

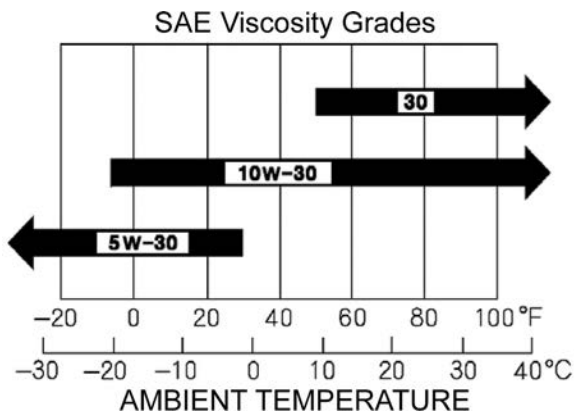
4. Screw in the filler cap/dipstick securely.



SERVICING YOUR ENGINE ENGINE OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

Oil is a major factor affecting performance and service life. Use 4-stroke automotive detergent oil.

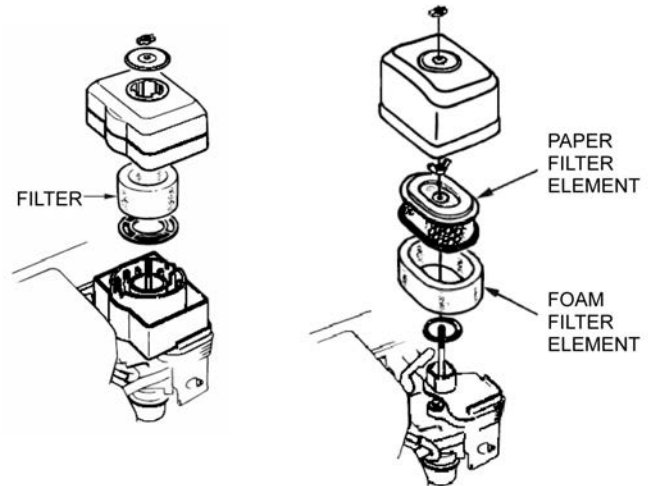
SAE 10W-30 is recommended for general use. Other viscosities shown in the chart may be used when the average temperature in your area is within the recommended range.



The SAE oil viscosity and service classification are in the API label on the oil container. We recommend that you use API SERVICE Category SG or SH oil.

AIR FILTER INSPECTION

Remove the air cleaner cover and inspect the filter. Clean or replace dirty filter elements. Always replace damaged filter elements. If equipped with an oil-bath air cleaner, also check the oil level.



AIR CLEANER SERVICE

A dirty air filter will restrict air flow to the carburetor, reducing engine performance.

If you operate the engine in very dusty areas, clean the air filter more often than specified in the MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE.

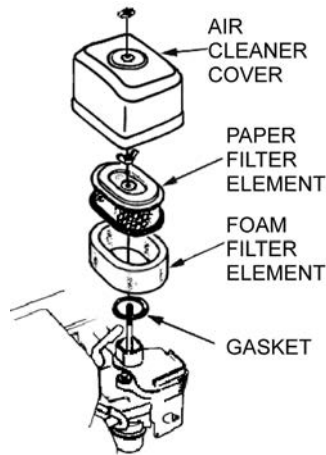
NOTICE

Operating the engine without an air filter, or with a damaged air filter, will allow dirt to enter the engine, causing rapid engine wear. This type of damage is not covered by Hypro's Limited Warranty.

Maintenance

Dual-Filter Element Types

1. Remove the wing nut from the air cleaner cover, and remove the air cleaner cover.
2. Remove the wing nut from the air filter, and remove the filter.
3. Remove the foam filter from the paper filter.
4. Inspect both air filter elements, and replace them if they are damaged. Always replace the paper air filter element at the scheduled interval.
5. Clean the air filter elements if they are to be reused.



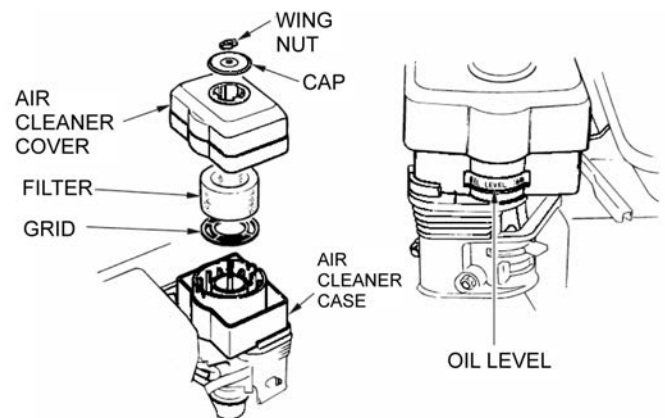
Paper air filter element: Tap the filter element several times on a hard surface to remove dirt, or blow compressed air [not exceeding 30 psi (207 kPa)] through the filter element from the inside. Never try to brush off dirt; brushing will force dirt into the fibers.

Foam air filter element: Clean in warm, soapy water, rinse, and allow drying thoroughly. Or clean in nonflammable solvent and allow drying. Dip the filter element in clean engine oil, and then squeeze out all excess oil. The engine will smoke when started if too much oil is left in the foam.

1. Using a moist rag, wipe dirt from the inside of the air cleaner base and cover. Be careful to prevent dirt from entering the air duct that leads to the carburetor.
2. Place the foam air filter element over the paper element, and reinstall the assembled air filter. Be sure the gasket is in place beneath the air filter. Tighten the air filter wing nut securely.
3. Install the air cleaner cover, and tighten the cover wing nut securely.

Oil-Bath Type

1. Remove the wing nut, and remove the air cleaner cap and cover.
2. Remove the air filter from the cover, wash the cover and filter in warm, soapy water, rinse, and allow drying thoroughly. Or clean in nonflammable solvent and allow drying.
3. Dip the filter in clean engine oil, and then squeeze out all excess oil. The engine will smoke if too much oil is left in the foam.
4. Empty the used oil from the air cleaner case, wash out any accumulated dirt with nonflammable solvent, and dry the case.
5. Fill the air cleaner case to the OIL LEVEL mark with the same oil that is recommended for the engine. Oil capacity: 2.0 US oz (60 cm³)
6. Reassemble the air cleaner, and tighten the wing nut securely.



Maintenance

SEDIMENT CUP CLEANING

1. Move the fuel valve to the OFF position, and then remove the fuel sediment cup and O-ring.

⚠ WARNING

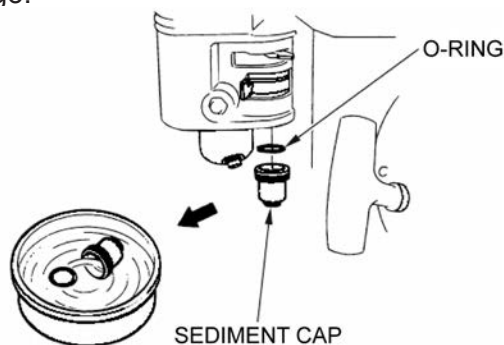
Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Keep heat, sparks and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

2. Wash the sediment cup and O-ring in nonflammable solvent, and dry them thoroughly.

3. Place the O-ring in the fuel valve, and install the sediment cup. Tighten the sediment cup securely.

4. Move the fuel valve to the ON position, and check for leaks. Replace the O-ring if there is any leakage.



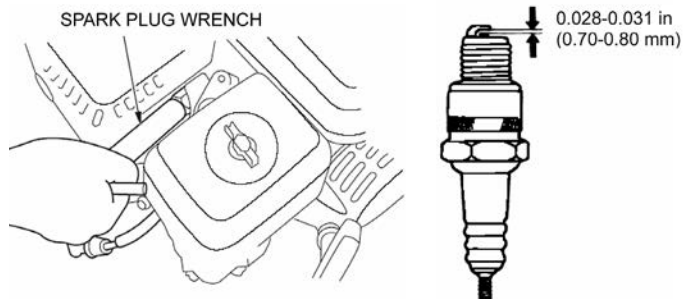
SPARK PLUG SERVICE

Recommended spark plugs: F7RTC or other equivalents.

NOTICE

An incorrect spark plug can cause engine damage.

1. Disconnect the spark plug cap, and remove any dirt from around the spark plug area.
2. Remove the spark plug with a spark plug wrench.



3. Inspect the spark plug. Replace it if the electrodes are worn, or if the insulator is cracked or chipped.

4. Measure the spark plug electrode gap with a suitable gauge.

The gap should be 0.028 -0.031 in (0.70 - 0.80 mm). Correct the gap, if necessary, by carefully bending the side electrode.

5. By hand, install the spark plug carefully to avoid cross-threading.

6. After the spark plug seats, tighten with a spark plug wrench to compress the washer.

If reinstalling the used spark plug, tighten 1/8 - 1/4 turn after the spark plug seats.

If installing a new spark plug, tighten 1/2 turn after the spark plug seats.

NOTICE

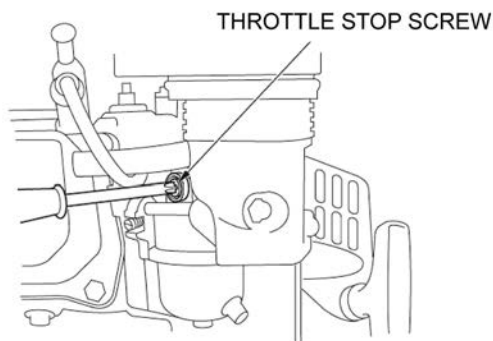
A loose spark plug can overheat and damage the engine. Over tightening the spark plug can damage the threads in the cylinder head.

7. Attach the spark plug cap.

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

1. Start the engine outdoors, and allow it to warm up to operating temperature.
2. Move the throttle lever to its slowest position.
3. Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the standard idle speed.

Standard idle speed: 1,400±150 rpm



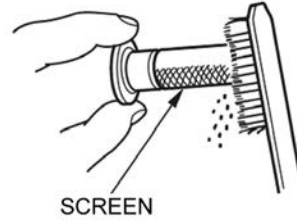
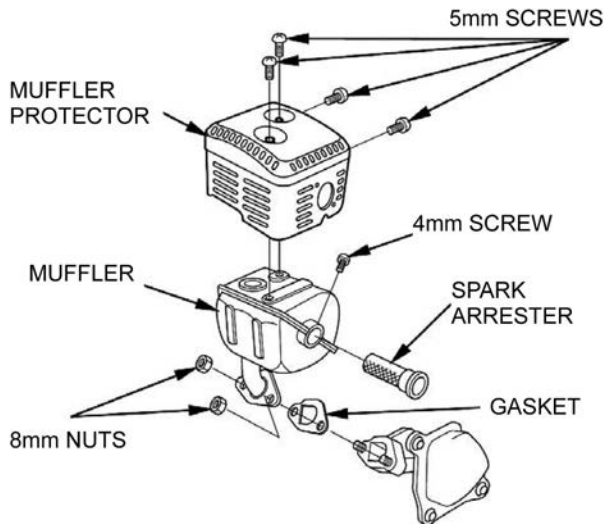
SPARK ARRESTER SERVICE (optional equipment)

Your engine is not factory-equipped with a spark arrester. In some areas, it is illegal to operate an engine without a spark arrester. Check local laws and regulations. A spark arrester is available from authorized servicing dealers.

The spark arrester must be serviced every 100 hours to keep it functioning as designed.

If the engine has been running, the muffler will be very hot. Allow the muffler to cool before servicing the spark arrester.

- 1 Remove the three 4 mm screws from the exhaust deflector, and remove the deflector.
2. Remove the four 5 mm screws from the muffler protector, and remove the muffler protector.
3. Remove the 4 mm screw from the spark arrester, and remove the spark arrester from the muffler.



4. Use a brush to remove carbon deposits from the spark arrester screen. Be careful to avoid damaging the screen.

The spark arrester must be free of breaks and holes. Replace the spark arrester if it is damaged.

5. Install the spark arrester, muffler protector and exhaust deflector in reverse order of disassembly.

Storage/Transportation

STORING YOUR ENGINE

Storage Preparation

Proper storage preparation is essential for keeping your engine trouble free and looking good. The following steps will help to keep rust and corrosion from impairing your engine's function and appearance, and will make the engine easier to start after storage.

Cleaning

If the engine has been running, allow it to cool for at least half an hour before cleaning. Clean all exterior surfaces, touch up any damaged paint, and coat other areas that may rust with a light film of oil.

NOTICE

Using a garden hose or pressure washing equipment can force water into the air cleaner or muffler opening. Water in the air cleaner will soak the air filter, and water that passes through the air filter or muffler can enter the cylinder, causing damage.

Water contacting a hot engine can cause damage. If the engine has been running, allow it to cool for at least half an hour before washing.

Fuel

Gasoline will oxidize and deteriorate in storage. Old gasoline will cause hard starting, and it leaves gum deposits that clog the fuel system. If the gasoline in your engine deteriorates during storage, you may need to have the carburetor and other fuel system components serviced or replaced.

The length of time that gasoline can be left in your fuel tank and carburetor without causing functional problems will vary with such factors as gasoline blend, your storage temperatures, and whether the fuel tank is partially or completely filled. The air in a partially-filled fuel tank promotes fuel deterioration. Very warm storage temperatures accelerate fuel deterioration. Fuel deterioration problems may occur within a few months, or even less if the gasoline was not fresh when you filled the fuel tank.

NOTICE

Hypro's Limited Warranty does not cover fuel system damage or engine performance problems resulting from neglected storage preparation.

You can extend fuel storage life by adding a fuel stabilizer that is formulated for that purpose, or you can avoid fuel deterioration problems by draining the fuel tank and carburetor.

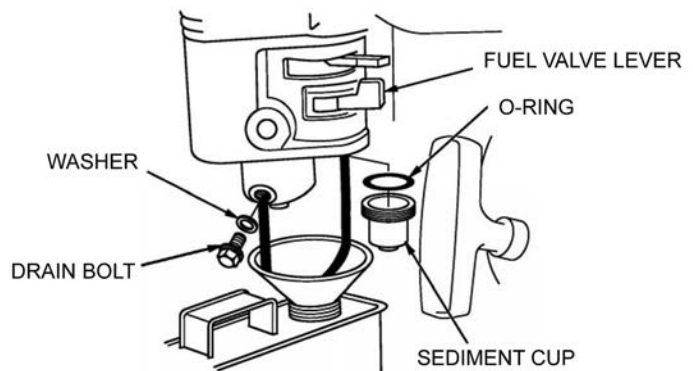
Adding a Fuel Stabilizer to Extend Fuel Storage Life

When adding a fuel stabilizer, fill the fuel tank with fresh gasoline. If only partially filled, air in the tank will promote fuel deterioration during storage. If you keep a container of gasoline for refueling, be sure that it contains only fresh gasoline.

1. Add fuel stabilizer following the manufacturer's instructions.
2. After adding a fuel stabilizer, run the engine outdoors for 10 minutes to be sure that treated gasoline has replaced the untreated gasoline in the carburetor.
3. Stop the engine, and move the fuel valve to the OFF position.

Draining the Fuel Tank and Carburetor

1. Place an approved gasoline container below the carburetor, and use a funnel to avoid spilling fuel.
2. Remove the carburetor drain bolt and sediment cup, and then move the fuel valve lever to the ON position.



3. After all the fuel has drained into the container, reinstall the drain bolt and sediment cup. Tighten them securely.

Storage/Transportation

Storage Precautions

1. Change the engine oil.
2. Remove the spark plugs.
3. Pour a tablespoon (5-10 cc) of clean engine oil into the cylinder.
4. Pull the starter rope several times to distribute the oil in the cylinder.
5. Reinstall the spark plugs.
6. Pull the starter rope slowly until resistance is felt. This will close the valves so moisture cannot enter the engine cylinder. Return the starter rope gently.

If your engine will be stored with gasoline in the fuel tank and carburetor, it is important to reduce the hazard of gasoline vapor ignition. Select a well-ventilated storage area away from any appliance that operates with a flame, such as a furnace, water heater or clothes dryer. Also avoid any area with a spark-producing electric motor, or where power tools are operated.

If possible, avoid storage areas with high humidity, because that promotes rust and corrosion.

Unless all fuel has been drained from the fuel tank, leave the fuel valve lever in the OFF position to reduce the possibility of fuel leakage.

Position the equipment so the engine is level. Tilting can cause fuel or oil leakage.

With the engine and exhaust system cool, cover the engine to keep out dust. A hot engine and exhaust system can ignite or melt some materials. Do not use sheet plastic as a dust cover. A nonporous cover will trap moisture around the engine, promoting rust and corrosion.

If equipped with a battery for an electric starter, recharge the battery once a month while the engine is in storage. This will help to extend the service life of the battery.

Removal from Storage

Check your engine as described in the section CHECK BEFORE OPERATION.

If the fuel was drained during storage preparation, fill the tank with fresh gasoline. If you keep a container of gasoline for refueling, be sure that it contains only fresh gasoline. Gasoline oxidizes and deteriorates over time, causing hard starting.

If the cylinders were coated with oil during storage preparation, the engine may smoke briefly at start-up. This is normal.

TRANSPORTING

If the engine has been running, allow it to cool for at least 15 minutes before loading the engine-powered equipment on the transport vehicle. A hot engine and exhaust system can burn you and can ignite some materials.

Keep the engine level when transporting to reduce the possibility of fuel leakage. Move the fuel valve lever to the OFF position.

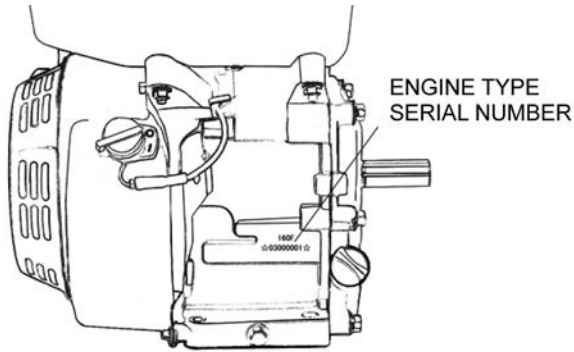
Troubleshooting

ENGINE WILL NOT START	Possible Cause	Correction
1. Electric starting: check battery.	Battery discharged.	Recharge battery.
2. Check control positions.	Fuel valve OFF. Choke OPEN. Engine switch OFF.	Move lever to ON. Move lever to CLOSE unless engine is warm. Turn engine switch to ON.
3. Check fuel.	Out of fuel. Bad fuel; engine stored without treating or draining gasoline, or refueled with bad gasoline.	Refuel. Drain fuel tank and carburetor. Refuel with fresh gasoline.
4. Remove and inspect spark plugs.	Spark plugs faulty, fouled, or improperly gapped. Spark plugs wet with fuel (flooded engine).	Gap, or replace spark plugs. Dry and reinstall spark plugs. Start engine with throttle lever in FAST position.
5. Other conditions.	Fuel filter clogged, carburetor malfunction, ignition malfunction, valve stuck, etc.	Replace or repair faulty components as necessary.

ENGINE LACKS POWER	Possible Cause	Correction
1. Check air filter.	Filter element(s) clogged.	Clean or replace filter element(s).
2. Check fuel.	Out of fuel. Bad fuel; engine stored without treating or draining gasoline, or refueled with bad gasoline.	Refuel. Drain fuel tank and carburetor. Refuel with fresh gasoline.
3. Other conditions.	Fuel filter clogged, carburetor malfunction, ignition malfunction, valve stuck, etc.	Replace or repair faulty components as necessary.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Serial Number Location



Record the engine serial number in the space below. You will need this serial number when ordering parts and when making technical or warranty inquiries.

Engine serial number: _____

Battery Connections for Electric Starter

Use a 12-volt battery with an ampere-hour rating of at least 18 Ah.

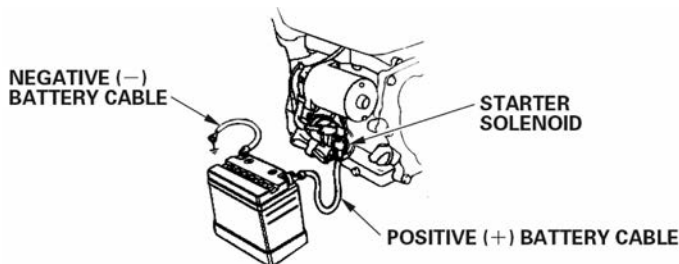
Be careful not to connect the battery in reverse polarity, as this will short circuit the battery charging system. Always connect the positive (+) battery cable to the battery terminal before connecting the negative (-) battery cable, so your tools cannot cause a short circuit if they touch a grounded part while tightening the positive (+) battery cable end.

⚠ WARNING

A battery can explode if you do not follow the correct procedure, seriously injuring anyone nearby.

Keep all sparks, open flames and smoking materials away from the battery.

1. Connect the battery positive (+) cable to the starter solenoid terminal as shown.



2. Connect the battery negative (-) cable to an engine mounting bolt, frame bolt, or other good engine ground connection.
3. Connect the battery positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.
4. Connect the battery negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.
5. Coat the terminals and cable ends with grease.

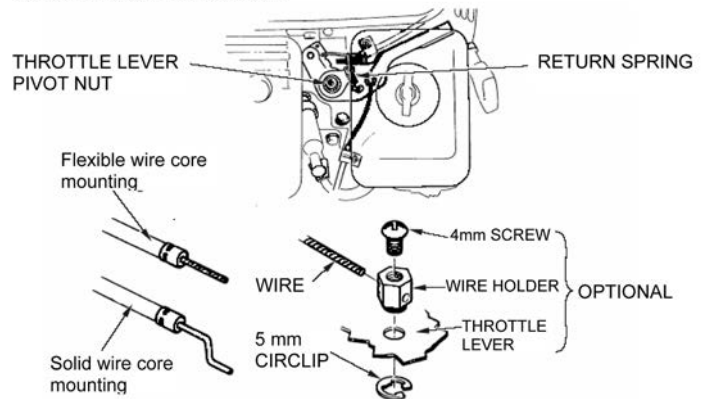
Remote Control Linkage

The throttle and choke control levers are provided with holes for optional cable attachment. The following illustrations show installation examples for a solid wire cable and for a flexible, braided wire cable. If using a flexible, braided wire cable, add a return spring as shown.

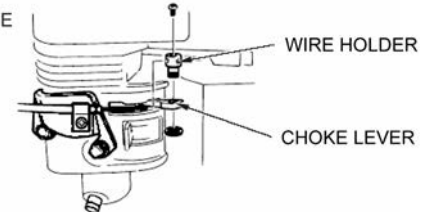
It is necessary to loosen the throttle lever friction nut when operating the throttle with a remotely-mounted control.

Models: 2541-0043 thru 2541-0046

REMOTE THROTTLE LINKAGE



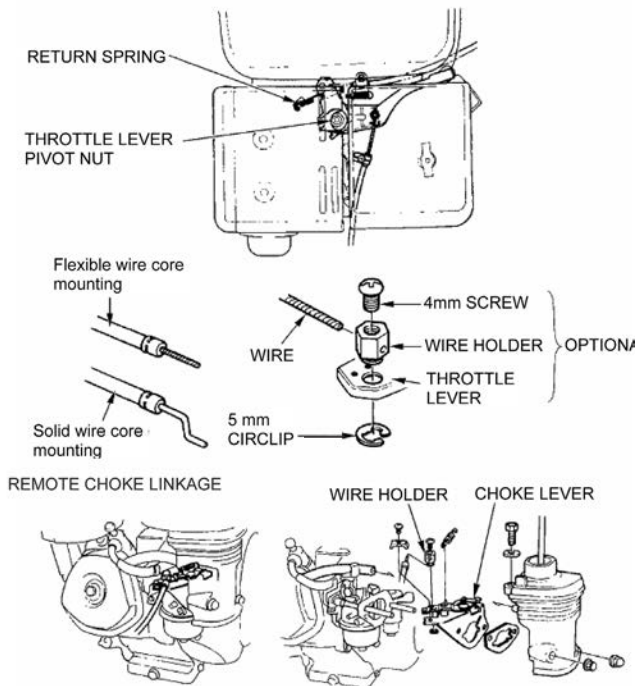
REMOTE CHOKE LINKAGE



Technical & Consumer Information

Models: 2541-0047 thru 2541-0051

REMOTE THROTTLE LINKAGE



Carburetor Modification for High Altitude Operation

At high altitude, the standard carburetor air-fuel mixture will be too rich. Performance will decrease, and fuel consumption will increase. A very rich mixture will also foul the spark plug and cause hard starting. Operation at an altitude that differs from that at which this engine was certified, for extended periods of time, may increase emissions.

High altitude performance can be improved by specific modifications to the carburetor. If you always operate your engine at altitudes above 5,000 feet (1,500 meters), have your servicing dealer perform this carburetor modification. This engine, when operated at high altitude with the carburetor modifications for high altitude use, will meet each emission standard throughout its useful life.

Even with carburetor modification, engine horsepower will decrease about 3.5% for each 1,000-foot (300-meter) increase in altitude. The effect of altitude on horsepower will be greater than this if no carburetor modification is made.

NOTICE

When the carburetor has been modified for high altitude operation, the air-fuel mixture will be too lean for low altitude use. Operation at altitudes below 5,000 feet (1,500 meters) with a modified carburetor may cause the engine to overheat and result in serious engine damage. For use at low altitudes, have your servicing dealer return the carburetor to original factory specifications.

Oxygenated Fuels

Some conventional gasolines are being blended with alcohol or an ether compound. These gasolines are collectively referred to as oxygenated fuels. To meet clean air standards, some areas use oxygenated fuels to help reduce emissions.

If you use an oxygenated fuel, be sure it is unleaded and meets the minimum octane rating requirement.

Before using an oxygenated fuel, try to confirm the fuel's contents. Some areas require this information to be posted on the pump.

The following are the EPA-approved percentages of oxygenates:

ETHANOL – (ethyl or grain alcohol) 10% by volume. You may use gasoline containing up to 10% ethanol by volume.

Gasoline containing ethanol may be marketed under the name "Gasohol."

MTBE – (methyl tertiary butyl ether) 15% by volume. You may use gasoline containing up to 15% MTBE by volume.

METHANOL – (methyl or wood alcohol) 5% by volume. You may use gasoline containing up to 5% methanol by volume, as long as it also contains cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors to protect the fuel system. Gasoline containing more than 5% methanol by volume may cause starting and/or performance problems. It may also damage metal, rubber, and plastic parts of your fuel system.

If you notice any undesirable operating symptoms, try another service station, or switch to another brand of gasoline.

Fuel system damage or performance problems resulting from the use of an oxygenated fuel containing more than the percentages of oxygenates mentioned above are not covered under warranty.

Technical & Consumer Information

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM INFORMATION

Source of Emissions

The combustion process produces carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, and hydrocarbons. Control of hydrocarbons and oxides of nitrogen is very important because, under certain conditions, they react to form photochemical smog when subjected to sunlight. Carbon monoxide does not react in the same way, but it is toxic.

This utilizes lean carburetor settings and other systems to reduce the emissions of carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen and hydrocarbons.

Tampering and Altering

Tampering with or altering the emission control system may increase emissions beyond the legal limit. Among those acts that constitute tampering are:

- Removal or alteration of any part of the intake, fuel or exhaust systems.
- Altering or defeating the governor linkage or speed-adjusting mechanism to cause the engine to operate outside its design parameters.

Problems that may Affect Emissions

If you are aware of any of the following symptoms, have your engine inspected and repaired by your servicing dealer.

- Hard starting or stalling after starting
- Rough idle
- Misfiring or backfiring under load
- Afterburning (backfiring)
- Black exhaust smoke or high fuel consumption

Replacement Parts

The emission control systems on your engine were designed, built. We recommend the use of genuine parts whenever you have maintenance done. These original-design replacement parts are manufactured to the same standards as the original parts, so you can be confident of their performance. The use of replacement parts that are not of the original design and quality may impair the effectiveness of your emission control system.

A manufacturer of an aftermarket part assumes the responsibility that the part will not adversely affect emission performance. The manufacturer or rebuilder of the part must certify that use of the part will not result in a failure of the engine to comply with emission regulations.

Maintenance

Follow the maintenance schedule. Remember that this schedule is based on the assumption that your machine will be used for its designed purpose. Sustained high-load or high-temperature operation, or use in unusually wet or dusty conditions, will require more frequent service.

Engine Tune-up

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Spark plug gap	0.028-0.031 in (0.70-0.80 mm)
Valve clearance	IN: 0.15±0.02 mm (cold) EX: 0.20±0.02 mm (cold)
Other specifications	No other adjustments needed

CONSUMER INFORMATION

For technical assistance, contact the Hypro Technical/Application Department by phone at 1-800-PowerPro (800-769-3777) or by email at technical@hypropumps.com.

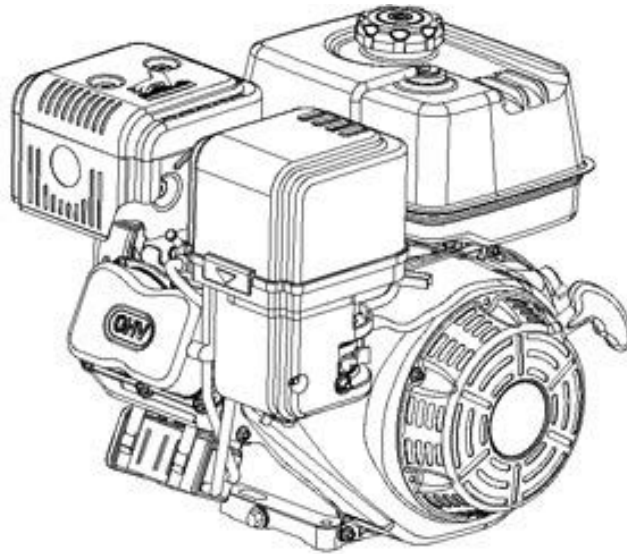
QUICK REFERENCE INFORMATION

Engine Oil	Type	SAE 10W-30, API SG or SH, for general use
	Capacity	2541-0043 thru 0046 0.6 L (0.63 qt) 2541-0047 thru 0051 1.1 L (1.2 qt)
Spark Plug	Type	LD - F7RTC or NGK – BPR6ES
	Gap	0.028 - 0.031 in (0.70 - 0.80 mm)
Carburetor	Idle speed	1400±150 rpm
Maintenance	Each use	Check engine oil. Check air filter.
	First 20 hours	Change engine oil.
	Subsequent	Refer to the maintenance schedule.

Specifications

Model	2541-0045	2541-0046	2541-0048	2541-0049	2541-0050	2541-0051
Shaft Type	3/4" keyed	5/8" threaded	1" keyed	1" keyed	1" threaded	1" threaded
Electric Start	no	no	no	yes	no	yes
Low Oil Sensor	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Type	Single cylinder, 4-Stroke, Forced Air Cooling, OHV					
Maximum Power (kW/3600rpm)	4.85 (6.5 hp)		9.7 (13.0 hp)			
Rated Power (kW/3600rpm)	3.8 (5.1 hp)		8.3 (11.1 hp)			
Max. Torque (N·m/rpm)	13/3000 (9.6 ft lb)		26.5/3000 (19.6 ft lb)			
Engine Oil Capacity	0.60 L (0.63 qt)		1.1 L (1.2 qt)			
Fuel Tank Capacity	3.6 L (0.95 gal)		6.5 L (1.7 gal)			
Fuel Consumption (g/kW·h)	≤395					
Idle Speed	1400±150 rpm					
Speed Fluctuating Ratio	≤10%					
Noise(≤)	70db(A)		80db(A)			
Bore×Stroke (mm)	68×54		88×64			
Displacement (cc)	196		389			
Compression Ratio	8.5:1		8.1:1			
Lubricating Mode	Splash					
Starting Mode	Recoil start (Recoil start / Electric starting)					
Rotation	Anti-clockwise (from PTO side)					
Valve Clearance	Input valve : 0.10~0.15mm, Output valve : 0.15~0.20mm					
Spark Plug Clearance	0.7~0.8mm					
Igniting Mode	Transistorized Magneto Ignition					
Air Cleaner	Semi-dry, Oil-bath, Foam filter					
Dimension (Length) (mm)	312		405			
Dimension (Width) (mm)	376		450			
Dimension (High) (mm)	335		443			
Net weight (kg)	16(19)		31(34)			

Engine Replacement Parts



Model HY160 and HY200
HY160 - 2541-0043, 2541-0044
HY200 - 2541-0045, 2541-0046

Part Number	Description
2545-0030	Muffler w/Cover HY160/200
2545-0033	Air Cleaner Cover HY160/200
2545-0036	Air Cleaner Element HY160/200
2545-0039	Flywheel Shroud HY160/200
2545-0042	Recoil Assembly HY160/200
2545-0045	Fuel Cap PowerPro
2545-0046	Fuel Tank HY160/200
2545-0048	ON/OFF Switch HY160/200
2545-0050	Low Oil Sensor HY160/200
2545-0052	Oil Dipstick HY160/200
2545-0054	Ignition Module HY160/200
2545-0057	Carburetor HY160
2545-0058	Carburetor HY200
2545-0061	Engine Gasket Kit HY160/200
	Head Gasket HY160
	Head Gasket HY200
	Exhaust Pipe Gasket
	Crank Oil Seal (2)
	Crankcase Cover Gasket
	Valve Cover Gasket
	Carb Gaskets (4)

Model HY270 and HY390
HY270 - 2541-0047
HY390 - 2541-0048, 2541-0049, 2541-0050, 2541-0051

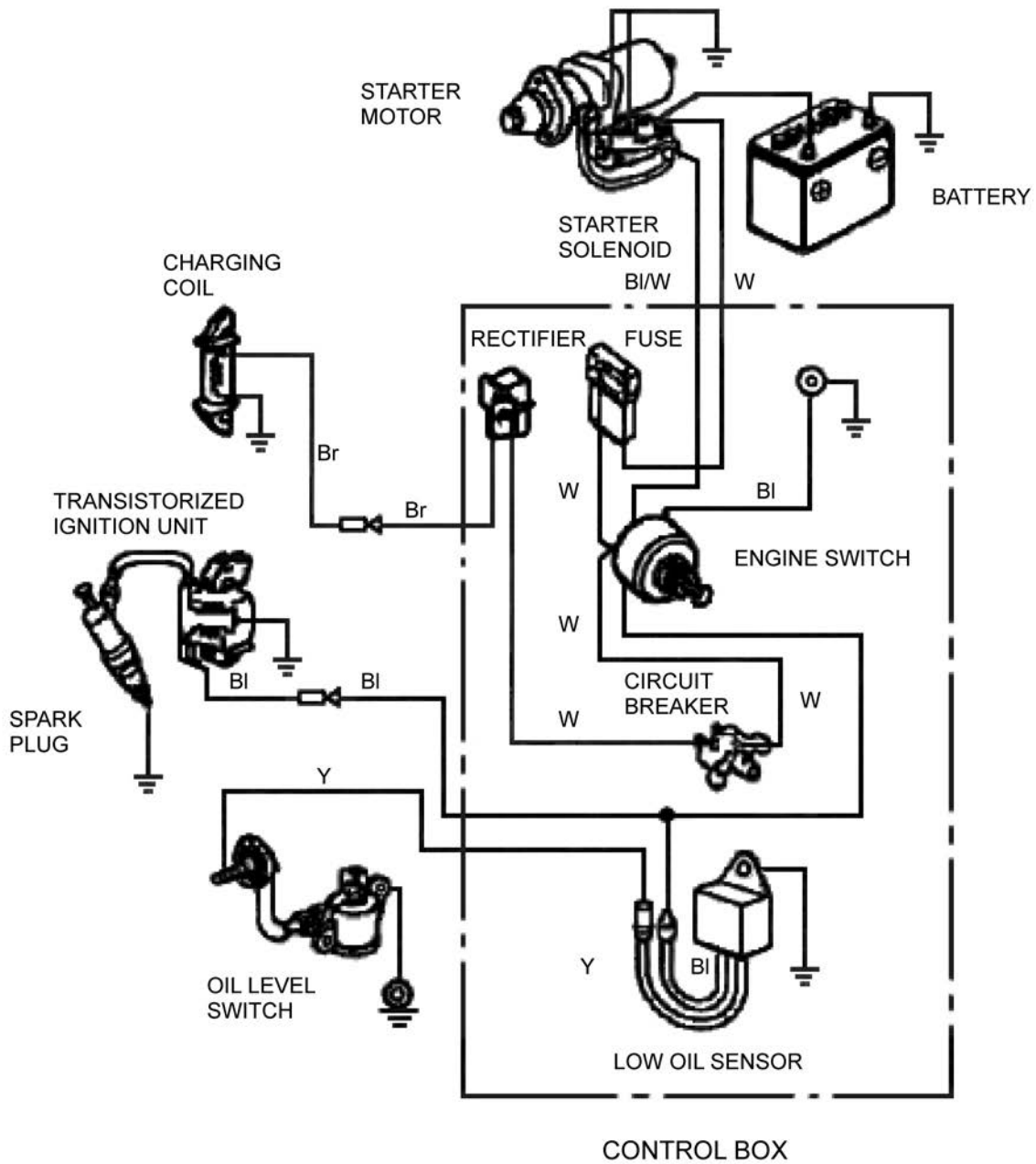
Part Number	Description
2545-0031	Muffler w/Cover HY270
2545-0032	Muffler w/Cover HY390
2545-0034	Air Cleaner Cover HY270
2545-0035	Air Cleaner Cover HY390
2545-0037	Air Cleaner Element HY270
2545-0038	Air Cleaner Element HY390
2545-0040	Flywheel Shroud HY270
2545-0041	Flywheel shroud HY390
2545-0043	Recoil Assembly HY270
2545-0044	Recoil Assembly HY390
2545-0045	Fuel Cap PowerPro
2545-0047	Fuel Tank HY270/390
2545-0049	ON/OFF Switch HY270/390
2545-0051	Low Oil Sensor HY270/390
2545-0053	Oil Dipstick HY270/390
2545-0055	Ignition Module HY270
2545-0056	Ignition Module HY390
2545-0059	Carburetor HY270
2545-0060	Carburetor HY390
2545-0062	Engine Gasket Kit HY270/390
	Head Gasket HY270
	Head Gasket HY390
	Exhaust Pipe Gasket
	Crank Oil Seal HY270 (2)
	Crank Oil Seal HY390 (2)
	Crank Cover Gasket HY270
	Crank Cover Gasket HY390
	Valve Cover Gasket
	Carb Gaskets (5)

Wiring Diagrams

ENGINE SWITCH

	IG	E	ST	BAT
OFF	○—○			
ON				
START			○—○	

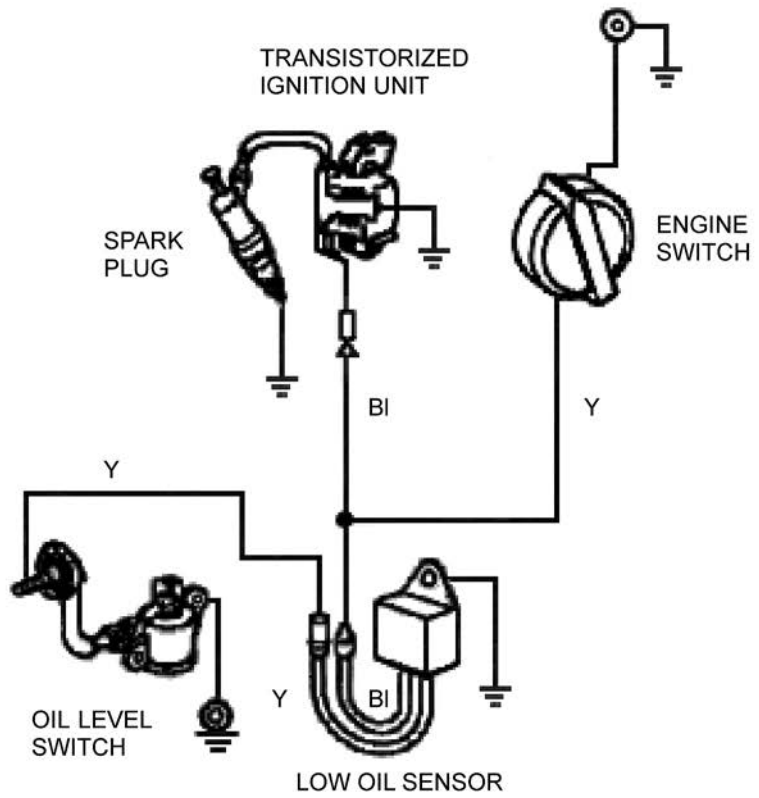
Bl	BLACK	Br	BROWN
Y	YELLOW	R	RED
W	WHITE	G	GREEN



Wiring Diagrams

Engine Type with Oil Alert and without Electric Starting

BI	BLACK
Y	YELLOW
G	GREEN



Optional Parts

BATTERY

Use a battery rated at 12V, 18Ah or more.

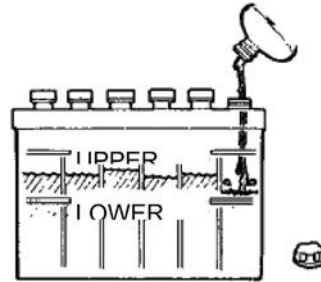
NOTICE

Do not reverse polarity. Serious damage to the engine and/or battery may occur.

⚠ WARNING

A battery can explode if you do not follow the correct procedure, seriously injuring anyone nearby. Keep all sparks, open flames and smoking materials away from the battery.

Check the electrolyte level to be sure that it is between the marks on the case. If the level is below the lower mark, remove the caps and add distilled water to bring the electrolyte level to the upper mark. The cells should be equally full.



Emissions Warranty

California, U.S. EPA, and Pentair Emissions Control Warranty Statement Your Warranty Rights and Obligations

The California Air Resources Board, U.S. EPA and Pentair are pleased to explain the emissions control system warranty on your engine/equipment. In California, new small off-road engines and large spark ignited engines less than or equal to 1.0 liter must be designed, built, and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. Pentair must warrant the emissions control system on your PowerPro™ engine/equipment for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance of your engine or equipment. Your emissions control system may include parts such as the carburetor or fuel injection system, fuel tank, ignition system, and catalytic converter. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors, sensors and other emissions-related assemblies. Where a warrantable condition exists, Pentair will repair your engine/equipment at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.

California:

Pentair PowerPro™ engines available for sale in California can be identified by part number (2541 prefix) and engine emissions label. These models comply with CARB emission standards.

Other States and U.S. territories:

In other areas of the United States, Pentair PowerPro™ engines can be identified by part number (2543 prefix) and engine emissions label. These models comply with U.S. EPA emission standards and are not available for sale in California.

Manufacturer's Warranty Coverage:

Small off-road engines and large spark ignited engines less than or equal to 1.0 liter are warrant for two years. If any emissions-related part on your engine/equipment is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Pentair.

Owner's Warranty Responsibilities:

As the engine/equipment owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual. Pentair recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on you engine/equipment, but Pentair cannot deny warrant solely for the lack of receipts or your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance. As the engine/equipment owner, you should however be aware that Pentair may deny you warranty coverage if your engine/equipment or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications. You are responsible for presenting you engine/equipment to a Pentair distribution center, servicing dealer, or other equivalent entity, as applicable, as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days. If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact Pentair at 800-PowerPro (800-769-3777) or hypro.service@pentair.com

Pentair Emissions Control Warranty Provisions

The following are specific provisions relative to your Emissions Control Warranty Coverage. It is in addition to the Pentair engine warranty for non-regulated engines found in the Operator's Manual.

1. Warranted Emissions Parts

Coverage under this warranty extends only to the parts listed below (the emissions control systems parts) to the extent these parts were present on the engine purchased.

a. Fuel Metering System

- Cold start enrichment system (soft choke)
- Carburetor and internal parts
- Fuel pump
- Fuel line, fuel line fittings, clamps
- Fuel tank, cap and tether
- Carbon canister

b. Air Induction System

- Air cleaner
- Intake manifold
- Purchase and vent line

c. Ignition System

- Spark plug(s)
- Magneto ignition system

d. Catalyst System

- Catalytic converter
- Exhaust manifold
- Air injection system or pulse valve

e. Miscellaneous Items Used in Above Systems

- Vacuum, temperature, position, time sensitive valves and switches
- Connectors and assemblies

2. Length of Coverage

For a period of two years from date of original purchase, Pentair warrants to the original purchaser and each subsequent purchaser that the engine is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform with all applicable regulations adopted by the Air Resources Board; that it is free from defects in material and workmanship that could cause the failure of a warranted part; and that it is identical in all material respects to the engine described in the manufacturer's application for certification. The Warranty period begins on the date the engine is originally purchased.

The warranty on emissions related parts is as follows:

- Any warranted part that is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the owner's manual supplied, is warranted for the warranty period stated above. If any such part fails during the period of warranty coverage, the part will be repaired or replaced by Pentair at no charge to the owner. Any such part repaired or replaced under the warranty will be warranted for the remaining warranty period.
- Any warranted part that is scheduled only for regular inspection in the owner's manual supplied, is warranted for the warranty period stated above. Any such part repaired or replaced under warranty will be warranted for the remaining warranty period.
- Any warranted part that is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the owner's manual supplied, is warranted for the period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement point for that part. If the part fails prior to the first scheduled replacement, the part will be repaired or replaced by Pentair at no charge to the owner. Any such part repaired or replaced under warranty will be warranted for the remainder of the period prior to the first scheduled replacement point for the part.
- Add on or modified parts that are not exempted by the Air Resources Board may not be used. The use of any non-exempted add on or modified parts by the owner will be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim. The manufacturer will not be liable to warrant failures of warranted parts caused by the use of a non-exempted add on or modified part.

3. Consequential Coverage

Coverage shall extend to the failure of any engine components caused by the failure of any warranted emissions parts.

4. Claims and Coverage Exclusions

Warranty claims shall be filed according to the provisions of the Pentair engine warranty policy. Warranty coverage does not apply to failures of emissions parts that are not original equipment Pentair parts or to parts that fail due to abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance as set forth in the Pentair engine warranty policy. Pentair is not liable for warranty coverage of failures of emissions parts caused by the use of add-on or modified parts.

Look for Relevant Emissions Durability Period and Air Index Information On Your Small Off-Road Engine Emissions Label

Engines that are certified to meet the California Air Resources Board (CARB) small off-road Emissions Standard must display information regarding the Emissions Durability Period and the Air Index. Pentair makes this information available to the consumer on our emissions labels. The engine emissions label will indicate certification information.

The Emissions Durability Period describes the number of hours of actual running time for which the engine is certified to be emissions compliant, assuming proper maintenance in accordance with the Operating and Maintenance Instructions. The following categories are used:

Moderate:

Engine is certified to be emissions compliant for 125 hours of actual engine running time.

Intermediate:

Engine is certified to be emissions compliant for 250 hours of actual engine running time.

Extended:

Engine is certified to be emissions compliant for 500 hours of actual engine running time.

For example, a typical gas engine powered transfer pump is used 20-25 hours per year. Therefore, the Emissions Durability Period of an engine with a Moderate rating would equate to 5-6 years.

Pentair's PowerPro™ engines are certified to meet the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Phase 3 emissions standards. For Phase 3 certified engines, the Emissions Compliance Period referred to on the Emissions Compliance label indicates the number of operating hour for which the engine has been shown to meet Federal emissions requirements.

For engine less than 225 cc displacement.

Category C = 125 hours, Category B = 250 hours, Category A = 500 hours

For engines of 225 cc or more displacement.

Category C = 250 hours, Category B = 500 hours, Category A = 1000 hour

Limited Warranty on PowerPro Gasoline Engines

Hypro warrants to the original purchaser of its PowerPro gasoline engine to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use for the period of one (1) year from the date of purchase. This warranty does not cover freight damage, normal wear and tear, or damage caused by misapplication, lack of routine maintenance, negligence, alterations, or repair that affects the performance or reliability of the engine (see limitations and exclusions listed below). The repair or replacement of any part or parts under this Limited Warranty shall not extend the terms of the warranty beyond the original warrantable period.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE. HYPRO MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Hypro's obligation under this warranty is, at Hypro's option, to either repair or replace free of charge, any part, or parts of the engine upon return of the entire product to the Hypro factory in accordance with the return procedures set forth below. **THIS IS THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY.**

LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS: This Limited Warranty shall not apply to:

1. Bent or broken crankshaft or damage caused by vibration related to a bent or broken crankshaft. Also, damage caused by loose engine mounting bolts or improper or imbalanced accessories.
2. Repairs required because of prolonged storage including damage caused by old or contaminated fuel in the fuel tank, fuel lines or carburetor, sticky valves or corrosion and rust of engine parts.
3. Repair required due to overheating. Common causes of overheating are clogged or damaged flywheel, fan, inlet air passages, cooling fins or air shrouds.
4. Damaged or broken parts caused by low oil levels or dirty or improper grade of motor oil.
5. Engine tune-ups and normal maintenance services including, but not limited to, fuel and lubricating oil, valve adjustments and normal replacement of service items.
6. Dirt or grit related wear caused by improper air cleaner maintenance. The damages include but not limited to worn pistons, piston rings, cylinders, valves, valve guides, carburetors and other internal components.
7. Engines that have been serviced or repaired with parts or components not manufactured or approved by Hypro.
8. Engines that have been serviced by someone other than Hypro or its dealerships.
9. Instances when normal use has worn out the component or a engine without any signs of breakage or defects.

IN NO EVENT SHALL HYPRO BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND, WHETHER FOR BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY, FOR NEGLIGENCE, ON THE BASIS OF STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE.

Return Procedures

All engines must be flushed of any flammable liquids before being shipped* to Hypro for service or warranty consideration.

For technical or application assistance, call the **Hypro Technical/Application number: 1-800-PowerPro (800-769-3777)**, or send an email to: **technical@hypropumps.com**. To obtain service, warranty assistance, or a Return Merchandise Authorization number, call the **Hypro Service and Warranty number: 1-800-468-3428**; or send a fax to the **Hypro Service and Warranty FAX: (651) 766-6618**.

Be prepared to give Hypro full details of the problem, including the following information:

1. Model number, date and the company from whom you purchased your PowerPro engine.
2. Approximate number of hours on the engine.
3. In what application the engine is currently being used.
4. Maintenance that has been done on the engine prior to failure.

Hypro may request additional information to help determine the cause of failure. **Contact the factory to receive a return material authorization number (RMA) before sending the product. The customer is responsible for all transportation charges related to warranty work. If found warrantable, returned product(s) will be sent back to the customer at Hypro's expense. Non-warrantable items will be evaluated and an estimate of repair will be sent to the customer.**

Please send products back prepaid to:

HYPRO / PENTAIR
Attention: Service Department
375 Fifth Avenue NW
New Brighton, Minnesota 55112

* Carriers, including U.S.P.S., airlines, UPS, ground freight, etc., require specific identification of any hazardous materials being shipped. Failure to do so may result in a substantial fine and/or prison term. Check with your shipping company for specific instructions.



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